THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

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ADDRESS

TO THE

NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED.

WHOSE SUFFERINGS HAVE BEEN

Protracted from Hidden Causes,

AND

Whose Cases Require Prompt Treatment

TO

RENDER EXISTENCE DESIRABLE.

Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Do you have spells of short breathing, or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting, or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those who are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them.

How many men, from badly cured diseases, have brought about that state of weakness that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

These diseases require the use of a Diuretic.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

is the great Diuretic, and a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of posterity, depend upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

N. Y. S. VOL. INSTITUTE,
CORNER FIFTH AVENUE AND 76TH STREET,
CENTRAL PARK.
(A Home and School for the Sons of Deceased Soldiers.)

DR. H. T. HELMBOLD:—

Two bottles only of the package of your valuable Buchu presented to the Institute have been used by the children, and with perfect success. I feel that a knowledge of the result of our use of your Buchu with the children under our charge may save many a Superintendent and Matron of Boarding-Schools and Asylums a great amount of annoyance. Thanking you on behalf of the children, and hoping others may be alike benefited,

I am respectfully yours,
COLONEL YOUNG,
General Superintendent and Director.

June 16, 1866.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH,
January 28, 1868.

MR. H. T. HELMBOLD:—

Dear Sir:—Your communication requesting our terms for advertising was duly received, but from a prejudice I had formed against advertising "cures for secret diseases," it was left unanswered. During an accidental conversation in a drug store the other evening, my mind was changed on the character of your Buchu. It was then highly commended for other diseases by two physicians present. Inclosed please find our rates of advertising.

Yours, etc.,
T. H. B. STENHOUSE,
Editor and Proprietor of Daily and Semi-Weekly "Telegraph."

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, established upwards of eighteen years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, No. 594 BROADWAY, New York, and No. 104 South TENTH Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Price, $1·25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6·50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

FIRST EDITION

ONE MILLION!

PEABODY'S BENEVOLENCE.

Another Munificent Gift to the Southern Educational Fund—Letter from the Philanthropist to the Trustees of the Fund—What the Gift Consists of.

At a special meeting of the Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund, held at Newport, R. I., on Thursday, July 1, Hon. Robert C. Winthrop in the chair, the following letter was received from Mr. Peabody:—

To Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, Hon. Hamilton Fish, Right Rev. Charles P. McIlvaine, His Excellency U. S. Grant, President of the United States, Admiral D. G. Farragut, Hon. John H. Clifford, Hon. William Aiken, Hon. William A. Graham, Hon. W. M. Evarts, Charles Macalester, Esq., George W. Riggs, Esq., Samuel Wetmore, Esq., Hon. E. A. Bradford, George N. Eaton, Esq., George Peabody Russell, Esq., and Hon. Samuel Watson, Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund.

Gentlemen:—When I established the trust of which you have charge, it was my intention, if its results and progress should prove satisfactory, to return in three years to my native land, and to make further provision for carrying out the plans which experience should have shown to be productive of encouragement and benefit to the people of the South.

My precarious state of health has rendered it imprudent for me to wait for the full period of my intended absence, and I have now come among you, in order to proceed at once to the fulfilment of my purpose.

I have constantly watched, with great interest and careful attention, the proceedings of your board, and it is most gratifying to me now to be able to express my warmest thanks for the interest and zeal you have manifested in maturing and carrying out the designs of my letter of trust, and to assure you of my cordial concurrence in all the steps you have taken.

At the same time, I must not omit to congratulate you, and all who have at heart the best interests of this educational enterprise, upon your obtaining the highly valuable services of Dr. Sears as your general agent—services valuable not merely in the organization of schools and of a system of public education, but in the good effect which his conciliatory and sympathizing course has had wherever he has met or become associated with the communities of the South, in social or business relations.

And I beg to take this opportunity of thanking, with all my heart, the people of the South themselves, for the cordial spirit with which they have received the trust, and for the energetic efforts which they have made, in co-operation with yourselves and Dr. Sears, for carrying out the plans which have been proposed and matured for the diffusion of the blessings of education in their respective States.

Hitherto, under the system adopted by your general agent, and sanctioned by you, four of the Southern States have not been assisted from the fund placed in your charge, and I concur with you in the policy thus pursued, as, I am sure, will the citizens of those four States, and all who have at heart the highest permanent good of our beloved country.

For it was most necessary that at the outset those States and portions of States which had suffered most from the ravages of war, and were most destitute of educational means and priviliges, should be first and specially aided.

I believe the good sense and kind feeling of the people of these States will continue to acquiesce, for the present, in your course of devoting, under the care of Dr. Sears, the greater part of the fund to the same States which have received its benefits for the past two years, with perhaps the addition of Texas, which State, I am advised, the general agent will visit during the coming autumn or winter, to ascertain its educational requirements, and to give such aid as shall be requisite and can be afforded, where it shall be most needed.

I have the same sympathy with every one of the States; and were all alike needing assistance, I should wish each alike to share in the benefits of the trust.

As the portions added shall respectively grow in prosperity, and become self-sustaining in their systems of education, their respective allotments of the fund will be applied to other destitute communities, and thus its benefits will, I earnestly hope and trust, ultimately reach every section of the vast field committed to your care.

It is my hope and belief, and this opinion is fully confirmed by my interviews with Dr. Sears, that with the additional amount which I now place in your hands, the annual income of the fund alone may be found sufficient to sustain and extend the work you have so well begun; and it is my desire that when the trust is closed, and the final distribution made by yourselves or your successors, all the fourteen Southern States, including Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri, and Texas, shall share in that distribution according to their needs.

In accordance with what I have already said of my intention, at the time I established this trust, to add thereto, if its success were such as I am now well assured has attended it, I now give to you and your successors the following securities, viz.:—

$190,000 Belvidere and Delaware Railroad Company's six per cent. bonds, first mortgage; dividends 15th of June and 15th of December, due 1877; principal and interest guaranteed by the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company and New Jersey Transportation Company.

$301,625 Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad Company's seven per cent. bonds ($198,500 due in 1876; dividend October 1 and April 1; $4525 payable October 1, 1870; $98,000, dividends from 1st June, due in 1887). This is an excellent road, and the stock at par; but the security is rendered perfect by the guarantee of both principal and interest by the Lackawanna Coal Company of Pennsylvania.

$79,200 Alabama State five per cent. bonds ($16,200 due 1886, $21,000 due 1872, $42,000 due in 1883. Dividends from November 1.)

$35,300 Mobile City five per cent. bonds; dividends from July 1; principal to be gradually paid off.

$79,000 City of Louisville six per cent. bonds; dividends April and October, due 1883.

$69,600 Louisiana Consolidated Bank fives; fully guaranteed by State of Louisiana and payable in 1870, 1872, 1874, and 1876.

$88,000 Ohio and Mississippi Railroad first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds; dividends 1st July and 1st January, all payable July 1, 1872.

$90,000 Columbus, Chicago, and Indiana Central Railroad first mortgage bonds, seven per cent.; dividends 1st of April and 1st of October; due in 1908; guaranteed by Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company.

$30,000 Pittsburg City four per cent. bonds; dividends January and July; due in 1913.

$8000 Pittsburg City five per cent. bonds; dividends January and July; due in 1913.

$12,000 Louisiana State sixes; dividends January and July.

$10,000 New Orleans City sixes; dividends January and July.

$875 cash.

Amounting in all to one million of dollars. These stocks are all of the very highest character for security, and the dividends are certain to be promptly paid.

The principal sum of one million dollars, given by my first letter of trust, is still intact; the interest of which being added to that of my present gift, makes the annual revenue of the trust upwards of one hundred and thirty thousand dollars—a sum which, in the opinion of your honorable chairman and your general agent, is amply sufficient to meet all the requirements of the trust, without infringing upon the capital, until the time arrives for the final distribution, as before stated.

In addition to the foregoing, I give to you Florida six per cent. bonds, which, with overdue coupons, amount to about $384,000.

These bonds, like the Mississippi bonds in my first gift, must before many years be paid.

The Territory of Florida obtained the money on these bonds in Europe at about par, and loaned it to the Union Bank as capital.

The Territory received for some time a high rate of interest, but, after the bank suspended, paid the bondholders nothing, but returned them to the Union Bank, saying, "Obtain what you can from the Union Bank, and it will then be time enough to come to us." Large amounts of these bonds were purchased by planters at about 50 per cent., and used to pay mortgages held by the Union Bank until there was nothing more left to be paid; and the small amount of these bonds now outstanding (not exceeding, I believe, two millions of the original bonds), must, I think, before long induce Florida, as an act of justice long delayed, to make provision for their payment.

All the stocks I have given as above are to be held in trust by yourselves and your successors, for the same purposes and under the same conditions as the funds given you by my original letter creating your trust.

I do this with the earnest hope and in the sincere trust that, with God's blessing upon the gift and upon the deliberations and future action of yourselves and your general agent, it may enlarge the sphere of usefulness already entered upon, and prove a permanent and lasting boon, not only to the Southern States, but to the whole of our dear country, which I have ever loved so well, but never so much as now in my declining years, and at this time (probably the last occasion I shall ever have to address you), as I look back over the changes and the progress of nearly three-quarters of a century. And I pray that Almighty God will grant to it a future as happy and noble in the intelligence and virtues of its citizens as it will be glorious in unexampled power and prosperity.

I am, with great respect, your humble servant,
GEORGE PEABODY.

Salem, June 29.

The above letter having been read and considered, was referred to a special committee, consisting of Governor Aiken, of South Carolina; Governor Graham, of North Carolina; and Hon. Samuel Watson, of Tennessee, who subsequently reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted and signed:—

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, by the Trustees of the Peabody Education Fund, That we receive with the highest gratification the letter of our munificent friend, Mr. Peabody, announcing so large an addition to our means for carrying on his noble designs for education in the Southern States; that we thankfully recognize in this act, as well as in the express language of his letter, his approbation of the policy we have thus far pursued, and his appreciation of the success thus far achieved, and that we hasten to assure him of our deep sense of the great liberality and wisdom of his endowment, and of our own warm personal gratitude for the confidence he has reposed in us.

Resolved, That in accepting this second princely gift, we pledge ourselves to proceed in the execution of the Trust Committee to us with renewed resolution that nothing on our part shall be wanting to secure the entire success of an enterprise so full of interest and importance in itself, and which cannot fail to produce the most valuable and lasting influences upon the harmony and welfare of our whole country.

Resolved, That we heartily and affectionately congratulate Mr. Peabody on being permitted to return in safety to his native land to fulfil this cherished purpose of his heart, and that we implore our Heaven'y Father that his strength may be restored and his life spared until he shall have witnessed still more of the fruits of his beneficent plans, and shall have enjoyed still longer the respect and gratitude of his country and of the world.

Resolved, That these resolutions be communicated to Mr. Peabody, with the signatures of all the trustees present at this meeting, and that our excellent general agent, Dr. Sears, be invited to affix his name with ours in attestation of the gratification and gratitude which are common to us all.

ROBERT C. WINTHROP,
CHARLES P. MCILVAINE,
D. G. FARRAGUT,
JOHN H. CLIFFORD,
WILLIAM AIKEN,
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,
C. MACALESTER,
SAMUEL WETMORE,
GEORGE PEABODY RUSSELL,
GEORGE N. EATON,
SAMUEL WATSON,
B. SEARS, General Agent.

After some other business, and prayer by Bishop McIlvaine, the meeting was dissolved.

GENERALITIES.

Which Horn—O Fish?

No faithful officer ever discharge his duty so unfortunately as the captain of the revenue cutter McCulloch, in capturing the Cuban expeditionary corps of Colonel Ryan. The 400 or 500 men stored away at the Brooklyn Navy Yard constitute the biggest elephant the Government has had on hand in a long time. What, in the name of all piscatory pursuits, will Grant do with these *pseudo* fishermen? If they were all tried and convicted for a violation of the neutrality laws, who would have the courage to enforce the sentence? And on the contrary, if they are allowed to escape, either by withdrawing the guard now placed over them or by the more familiar method of judicial jugglery, who would have the "cheek" to stop another such expedition? Which horn of the dilemma, O Fish? Which horn, O Grant?—*N. Y. Commercial*.

Yankee Spirit.

In Melbourne, Australia, a great deal of excitement has been caused by the introduction of "stages" something like those that ply up and down Broadway, by an American gentleman named Hoyt, who is largely interested in the coach business. Hitherto the local passenger traffic of Melbourne has been carried by a curious kind of vehicle, part omnibus, part cab, and part jaunting car—that is, composed of the worst features of each of these conveyances. The drivers of the old vehicles have tried to get up public indignation against the new stages, on the ground that Mr. Hoyt and his partners are oppressing the "poor man" by depriving him of his bread. The effort, however, has been ineffectual.

A Curious Decree.

The Chilians possess a vast amount of superstition and fear concerning coffins and other paraphernalia associated with the grave. Many of them cannot be prevailed upon, under any circumstances, to go near an undertaker's shop. Some idea of this superstition may be obtained from the following order, which has just been issued by the Intendente at Santiago:—

Considering:

I. That the coffins exposed to the public gaze in the shops in which they are sold impart an ugly and sad aspect to the city, and

II. That the sight of them alone is not unfrequently the cause of serious illness to persons of nervous and impressionable constitutions;

I have resolved and decree:—

I. The proprietors of shops in which coffins are sold shall not in future be allowed to keep them within view, either in the window or in the interior of the shop; nor shall they be allowed to hang them outside their shops as samples, but they shall confine themselves to hanging out sign-boards of their business.

II. The infringers of this decree shall be fined from two to fifty dollars, or shall suffer a commensurate term of imprisonment.

III. This decree shall come into force fifteen days after its publication.

Let it be noted, communicated, and published.

B. OPASSO. O. RENGIFO, Secretary.

Interesting Statistics.

The following statistics are a part of a note to the text of Hollister's forthcoming "History of Hayti:"—

"In 1789 the French colony could count 792 sugar-houses, 3099 indigo factories, 2810 coffee plantations, 705 cotton estates, 69 chocolate plantations, 173 rum distilleries, 3 tanneries, 28 potteries, and 33 brick-yards. There were also 75,908 horses and mules, 77,904 horned cattle, 7,756,225 banana trees, 1,278,229 hills of tapioca, 38,202 acres of maize, 56,214 acres of potatoes, 35,475 acres of yams, and 21,138 acres of Guinea corn. The best French writers tell us that the aggregate of annual exportation from Hayti at that period amounted to more than sixty-six millions and a half of Spanish dollars. The staples so exported consisted of white and brown sugar, coffee, cotton, indigo, syrup made from the juice of the sugarcane, rum, leather, cassia, manilla, hemp, chocolate, mahogany, lignumvitæ, and oil of Palma Christi. The valuations given are reckoned in French coin at the lowest prices that colonial products ever sold for in the market. The staples above enumerated were of sufficient weight to load 600 vessels of 300 tons each; and, as the imports from France were much more bulky than the exports of this island, the national commerce employed in 1789 in this trade more than 600 vessels, and more than 7000 seamen. At its height the foreign import and export trade with the French colony amounted to 15,000,000 francs. This was a trifle compared with the trade between the colony and the mother country. These statistics are gathered from the state papers of France, corroborated by the best writers of that day. They indicate more clearly than rhetoric could do the fertility of the best island of the Antilles. The country could easily support 20,000,000 inhabitants."

THE MERMAID DRAMA.—The rumors that have been set afloat as to some of the peculiar scenic appointments for Wagner's new opera have suggested a fresh development of the nude drama which is full of interest. A New York paper alludes to the matter as follows:—

"A revival of the 'real water' business on the stage has been, or is about to be, effected in the Munich Theatre, in Wagner's *Rheingold*. In one of the scenes the Rhine is introduced—a real, wet river, flowing through a lovely district. A nymph is obliged, by the exigencies of the piece, to plunge into this river and swim across it. This feat has been entrusted to Madame Mallinger, who had been taking swimming lessons at last accounts to enable her to breast the raging river. Here, now, is a suggestion for the blonde burlesque beauties of our New York stage. A word to the Croton authorities, and water enough could be laid on at Niblo's to swim a school of porpoises. Then, the almost total absence of costume that marks the lively blondes makes them all right and ready for a 'header' and a swim. On landing, it would be a new sensation to see the dripping darlings rubbed dry with Turkish towels. Who will write a burlesque mermaid piece for the beautiful blondes? Speculators might realize fortunes by selling, at ten cents a tumbler, the water through which the golden ducks had swum."

CUBA.

Horrible Misery in the Eastern Department—The Spanish Plan of Extermination Entered Upon.

From interesting correspondence from Havana, dated the 26th ult., we glean this intelligence relating to affairs in the perturbed island:—

Terrible Destitution and Hardship.

Since the beginning of *bona fide* hostilities in Cuba, there appeared to be no unity of action, no combined movement, and no concerted plan on the part of the Spaniards. Latterly this same neglect and carelessness appears to have attainted the Cubans, and people wondered why neither side made any decisive attacks, or why such an ominous silence had suddenly fallen, and hushed the former grandiloquent reports of battles, skirmishes, and super-heroic actions. But the truth has become obvious, the fact being that the contending parties are too weak to attack each other. Sickness and disease has either killed them off by hundreds, or else laid them up in temporary hospitals. The Cubans, compelled to wander in the woods, swamps, and mountain fastnesses, illy provided with anti-scorbutics or medicines, have suffered dreadfully, and only the continual influx of recruits from almost every section of the island has enabled them to keep their ranks filled. The Spaniards have suffered in equal proportion, the disadvantages of being unaccustomed to the climate being balanced by the possession of hospitals and medicines.

Movements of the Troops.

The troops, compelled to make forced marches so as to present a front to the Cubans, who outnumber them largely, led by stupid and ignorant Generals, as a rule, do not muster to-day throughout the entire island, including garrisons, artillery, and staff, more than 9000 men fit for active duty in the field. The battalion of Reno, which left Havana in January 1100 rank and file, has but 300 men fit for duty; 100 have either been killed or have died from disease, while the remaining 700 are scattered about the different villages and towns emaciated from fever, unfit for hardships, and incapable of rendering the slightest services. Other regiments are in the same state. Among the Cubans an estimate of the same proportion of sickness and death may be safely arrived at, and they labor under the additional disadvantage of not being provided with hospitals. It may, therefore, be taken as a fixed fact that no military movements of any importance will take place within the next three months, during which the heavy rains change gulleys into rivers, plains into impassable swamps, and creeks into dangerous mountain torrents. No army of human beings can overcome these difficulties, especially when cholera, hunger, and misery are added to them. The suffering among the women and children, even about the Spanish camps and under the so-called protection of the troops, is intense.

The War of Extermination.

For some time past nothing definite has been heard of Cespedes, Quesada, or the big guns on the Spanish side, the latter remaining idle in their fortified positions, and the former undoubtedly being employed in organizing. For some time, watching passing events, I have been under the impression that the Spaniards did not desire to close the war or carry it on with vigor. Now a conversation with a very prominent Spanish gentleman whose relations with the highest officials of the island are intimate, has convinced me that the plan he stated as being the plan of the Spanish Government must be the correct one. I can do no better than to give it in the gentleman's own words:—

Spain, he says, has an object in not finishing the revolution, as an early peace would undoubtedly pacify the island temporarily, but would keep a discontented male population of over 100,000 men opposed to the Spanish Government, and ready to take up arms again at any moment, making the final retention of the island a very doubtful matter. On an average, from three to five hundred Cubans either die or are killed every eight days; by keeping them in the mountains the number of Cubans will decrease daily, and ultimately they will remain in such small numbers as to make it an easy matter to exterminate them. This loss of the Cubans cannot be replaced, because they have only their own country to draw from—that is to say, from this number of 100,000 Cubans willing to take up arms. Say that for every 10,000 Cubans 8000 Spaniards are sacrificed. This is of no consequence, because we have a country containing twenty millions of inhabitants to fall back upon. The island is so rich and fertile that a few years will erase all traces of the revolution, left with a population in the main truly loyal to Spain, and composed of the remnants of the Spanish armies, who will be recompensed with grants of land and be aided by the Government. Therefore it is best to lose 25,000 Spaniards, and by making this sacrifice exterminate the rebellious portion of the population.

This coolly atrocious plan presents all the appearance of truth, and I should not be surprised if orders to this effect had come from Spain. The manner of carrying on the war goes far towards making it probable, and judging from the character of the Spanish population, and especially of that portion from which the volunteers are recruited, there is no doubt that the Spaniards are willing to sacrifice 20,000 or 30,000 men, if by these means they can exterminate, not the rebellion, but the rebels.

The Cuban Filibusters—Their Depredations on Gardiner's Island.

Remarks the New York *Times* this morning:—

The excitement in regard to the Cuban expedition is rapidly abating. There is no longer any doubt that the entire movement has been defeated, and that all the prominent leaders have been captured, with the exception of the redoubtable Colonel Ryan. The tugboat Chase made her appearance at the Navy Yard yesterday in charge of the revenue cutter Mahoning, and was placed alongside of the other seized vessels. A large number of men left the boat just before she was taken on Thursday, escaping to Gardiner's Island, where they commenced an onslaught on hogs, cows, and poultry, for the purpose of providing themselves with the means of subsistence. It is said that after they got ashore they behaved in a very lawless manner toward the farmers, and that they had a free fight among themselves, during which three men were killed and several wounded by pistol shots. A revenue cutter, with a fully armed crew and a posse of deputy marshals on board, was despatched to the scene of the filibustering yesterday, and it is expected that a number of men will be caught. Ryan is believed to be among those wandering about Gardiner's Island, although it was privately announced that he was secreted in a friend's house within fifteen minutes' walk of the City Hall. There seems to have been a dispute between Marshal Barlow and Admiral Godon, the question being as to which was responsible for the safe keeping and the feeding of the filibusters brought to the navy yard. It was finally decided, after a lengthy conference between the two officers, and after instructions were received from Washington, that the prisoners should be transferred from the Vermont to the captured tugboats, and that the latter should be anchored in the stream under the guns of the guardship. It is the intention of Marshal Barlow to supply them with provisions, and to have them indicted in as expeditious a manner as possible, and then taken to Ludlow Street Jail.

Munitions of War Seized at Milford.

The particulars connected with the seizure at Milford of the munitions of war intended for the use of the Cuban insurgents are quite interesting. In Milford resides Mr. Charles H. Pond, of the firm of Cooper, Pond & Co., who had shipped the munitions of war, and to avoid seizure, it was determined to unload the supplies in that village and have them taken care of by Mr. Pond. The Fancy was of but 100 tons burden, and was able to reach the dock on Wednesday and commence unloading. The Winona was of 200 tons burden and could not come within a mile of the dock, and a portion of her cargo was landed by the use of a scow. The New York authorities ascertaining the locality of the vessel, sent an officer to effect their capture. The Fancy commenced unloading Tuesday night, and the property was carried from the wharf to Mr. Pond's barn. The carting was continued during that night, and all day Wednesday, and a part of Wednesday night; but a lot was left on the wharf. Two boat loads of men from the revenue cutter under Lieutenant Irish rowed to the dock and took charge of the property. Mr. Pond subsequently returned home from New York and brought with him bills of lading, showing that the goods were sent consigned to him at Milford. On his arrival he found Lieutenant Irish and a squad of men in charge of the property at the wharf and at the barn. Lieutenant Irish told Mr. Pond that the Government had suspicions that the goods were intended for the Cubans, and that he had been sent to take charge of them, and that he should do so until the arrival of a United States Marshal. Mr. Pond protested against the seizure, and stated that when the Marshal arrived he should make a written protest, which he accordingly did, but with what effect has yet to be ascertained.

Disposal of the Cuban Leaders.

Yesterday afternooon, Senor Alfaro, the Cuban Secretary of War, and Senor Bassora, both of whom were captured on the tugboat Cool, were brought from the Navy Yard by Deputy Marshal Winslow to the United States Marshal's office. Warrants for their arrest were issued on the 28th by Commissioners Osborn and White, and upon these the prisoners were arrested yesterday. They were taken to Ludlow Street Jail, and will be brought before Commissioner White, when application will be made to admit them to bail.

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Cuba and Spain—Formidable Carlist Rising in the Mother Country—What is to be Done with the Captured Filibusters in New York.

Affairs on the Pac'fic Coast—Honors to Ex-Secretary Seward—Excursionists to San Francisco.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Movements of ex-Secretary Seward—Unlimited Hospitality of the San Franciscans—An Aerial Steamer—Arrival of Excursionists—Military Changes.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—William H. Seward left Sacramento for this city to-day. A committee of the Board of Supervisors will meet him at Benicia, and escort him to the Occidental Hotel, where apartments, servants, carriages, etc., have been provided by the city for his accommodation while he is the guest of the city.

Several citizens to-day witnessed a private trial in the open air of a model of the aerial steamer Avitor. The steamer rose in the air about seventy-five feet, her machinery operating successfully, and buoying up and driving forward the vessel at considerable speed. A public trial of the Avitor will be made on Sunday next.

The Chicago excursionists—Judges Caton, Ogden, and others—arrived here to-night. The Stock Exchange has adjourned until July 7. Wells, Fargo & Co. have shipped to New York $1,500,000 in specie, by railroad, since the opening of the overland route. General Ord has assigned General Stoneman to command the district of Arizona, with headquarters at Drum Barracks; General Wheaton to command the sub-district of Upper Arizona; General Deven, the sub-district of Southern Arizona; Lieutenant-Colonel Wallace, the sub-district of Lower Colorado. General Ord directs commanders not to limit the operations of scouting parties to any geographical lines, but to hunt the enemy wherever he can be found.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Arrested Filibusters—Admiral Godon to Take Care of Them Until Further Notice.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 3.—All the Cuban prisoners at the Navy Yard have, by order of Government, been placed, subject to orders of Marshal Barlow, in custody of Admiral Godon. United States Commissioner White has issued warrants for the arrest of all the prisoners, and they will be brought before him unless counsel for the Cuban Junta should succeed, before warrants are served, in having the prisoners brought up on habeas corpus for their detention. The warrants charge the prisoners with having, on the 26th of June, within the jurisdiction of the United States, enlisted as soldiers to aid the Cuban colonists, and also with being knowingly concerned in furnishing, fitting out, and arming the ship Catharine Whiting, with the intent that she should be employed in the service of the Cuban colonists to commit hostilities against the Government of Spain, with which the United States are at peace.

FROM EUROPE.

Carlist Rising in Spain.

NEW YORK, July 3.—A special despatch to the New York *Herald*, dated London, says:—

Carlist risings are reported in Spain. In Vittoria the streets were filled with a revolutionary mob, armed with scythes and revolvers, and shouting for Carlos and Calreca. They murdered the alcalde, and wounded thirty citizens, many of them mortally. Similar risings are reported in Carthagena and Valencia. Troops have been despatched to suppress the riots.

This Morning's Quotations.

By Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, July 3—A. M.—Consols, 92⅞ for money and account. United States Five-twenties, 81⅞. Erie Railroad, 19¾. Illinois Central, 95¼.

LIVERPOOL, July 3—A. M.—Cotton a shade firmer; uplands, 12⅜d.; Orleans, 12⅝d. Sales, 15,000 bales. Breadstuffs firm.

LONDON, July 3—A. M.—Tallow, 44s. 6d; fine Rosin, 14s. 6d.; Whale Oil, £40.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, July 3—P. M.—Consols 92⅞ for money and account. United States Five-twenties easier at 81⅞; Erie, 19¾; Illinois Central, 95¼.

LIVERPOOL, July 3—P. M.—Cotton closed active; uplands, 12⅜d.; Orleans, 12⅝d. Sales 1500 bales. Peas, 38s. Provisions dull. Cheese, 67s. Cotton at Havre active.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Stocks firm and active. Money at 7 per cent. Gold, 137. 5-20s, 1862, 122½; do. 1864, 117⅜; do. 1865, 118¼; do. do. new, 116⅛; do. 1867, 116½; do. 1868, 116⅛; 10-40s, 108⅞; Virginia 6s, new, 61; Canton Company, 60; Cumberland preferred, 32½; New York Central, 195⅞; Erie, 30; Reading, 98⅞; Hudson River, 163⅛; Michigan Central, 128; Michigan Southern, 109⅜; Illinois Central, 144; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 106½; Chicago and Rock Island, 118¼; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 156½; Western Union Telegraph, 38¾.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Cotton quiet; 300 bales sold at 34½c. Flour quiet and unchanged; sales of 5500 barrels. Wheat dull and easier; sales of 19,000 bushels No. 2 at $1·45; and amber State at $1·55. Corn steady and unchanged; sales of 31,000 bushels; yellow Western, 91c. Oats quiet. Beef quiet. Pork dull at $31·75@31·87½.

BALTIMORE, July 3.—Cotton firm at 33c. Flour dull at opening, and dull and weak at close; prime new red, $1·55@1·80; do. white, $1·60@1·80. Corn dull; prime white, 95@96c.; yellow, 92c. Oats firm at 70@73c. for light. Mess Pork quiet at $34. Bacon firm; rib sides, 18c.; clear do. 18¾@18½c.; shoulder, 15c. Hams 22c. Lard quiet at 20c. Whisky quiet at $1·02.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—Flour steady. Choice wheat, old and new, $1·60. Legal-tenders, 74½.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Supreme Court in Banc—Chief Justice Thompson and Judges Read, Agnew, Sharswood, and Williams.

THE REGISTRY LAW.

This morning the argument of the appeal taken from Judge Sharswood's decision upon the validity of this law was resumed, Messrs. Henry M. Phillips and William L. Hirst representing the views of the appellees, and speaking in support of the decision. Their arguments were the same that were used first before the Court of Common Pleas and afterwards before Judge Sharswood, upon which was given judgment against the constitutionality of the statute. These have already appeared several times in our columns, and the public are perfectly familiar with the oft-repeated points of inconsistent registry systems for the city and State, the incumbrances placed upon voters, the practical disfranchisement of qualified electors, etc. At the time of our going to press, the arguments had not been concluded.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH,
Saturday, July 3, 1869.

The Loan market was only moderately active to-day, the wants of the business classes being pretty well supplied during the past week of unusual activity. The feeling is rather unsettled on account of the shifting of loans consequent upon the disbursement of so much gold and currency, and the rates continue firm. The fact is that the banks have been depleted by the heavy drain made upon them during the past two weeks, and until the money now let loose begins to return in the way of deposits, it would be unreasonable to expect an easier or cheaper market.

We quote call loans at 6@7 per cent. on Government stocks, but an extra one per cent. is generally demanded on other classes of securities. The discounting is almost entirely limited to outside operators, and the rates range nominally between 8@10 per cent. for the best business names.

There is some activity in the gold market to-day, and prices have a very slight advance tendency. Sales opened at 136½, and at noon the premium stood at 137. The transactions in Governments are light, but the Treasury purchases to-day had an effect on the market, and prices advanced. There is a slight rise again this morning.

The Stock market was dull, but prices of most of the speculative shares were without material change. Nothing was done in State loans. City sixes sold at 100 for the new issues. Lehigh Gold Loan was steady at 93¾.

Reading Railroad changed hands at 49⅛@49¼; Pennsylvania Railroad at 56¾; and Lehigh Valley Railroad at 55¾. 55 was bid for Minehill Railroad; 36 for North Pennsylvania; and 37 for Catawissa Railroad preferred.

Canal stocks showed some improvement. Schuylkill Navigation preferred was taken at 20@20¼. 36½ was bid for Lehigh Navigation.

In Coal shares there was a small sale of Shamokin at 4½.

Bank stocks were unchanged. Mechanics' sold at 32¾; 60 was offered for Commonwealth; 70 for Corn Exchange, and 55 for Union.

Passenger Railway shares were inactive. Sales of Thirteenth and Fifteenth at 18; 47½ was bid for Second and Third; 86 for Fifth and Sixth; 61 for West Philadelphia, and 12¾ for Hestonville.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

FIRST BOARD.

$800 City 6s, New.ls.	100	$10000 Am Gold......	136⅝
$200 do.........	99¾	10 sh Mech Bk.....	32¾
$600 do.........	100	52 sh Penna R..ls.	56⅝
$100 do.........	100	120 do......ls.	56¾
$1000 do......b3.	100	100 do.........	56¾
$3000 Pa R 1m 6s.ls. cash..	97½	300 sh Read ls..c.49	1-16
$3000 Leh V new bs. cp.c..	94	100 do....rg&i.	49⅛
		100 do.....c.49	3-16
		100 do.....60d.	49⅜
$100 Sch N 6s, '82..	65	2 sh Leh Val..d.b.	55¾
$1000 do.........	63½	100 sh Sch N Pf..b5.	20
$2000 do......b5.	64	100 do.....b30.	20¼
$2000 Leh R loan.ls.	87½	60 sh Sham'n Coal.	4½
$500 Leh gold l....	94	15 sh 13th & 15th...	18

—NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning's Gold quotations as follows:—

10·00 A. M..........	136⅝	11·40 A. M..........	137
10·01 "	137	11·45 "	136⅞
10·07 "	136⅞	12·00 M..........	137
10·15 "	136¾	12·02 P. M..........	137⅛
10·30 "	136⅞		

JAY COOKE & Co. quote Goverment securities as follows:—U. S. 6s of 1861, 117⅛@117¼; 5-20s of 1862, 122½@122⅝; do., 1864, 117⅛@117¼; do., Nov., 1865, 118¾@119; do., July, 1865, 116⅛@116¼; do., 1867, 116⅛@116¼; do., 1868, 116⅛@116⅜; 10-40s, 108⅛@108¼. Pacifics, 106@106¼. Gold, 136⅞.

Messrs. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 117⅛@117¼; do. 1862, 122½@122⅝; do. 1864, 117⅛@117¼; do. 1865, 118¾@118⅞; do. 1865, new, 116⅛@116¼; do. 1867, new, 116⅛@116¼; do. 1868, 116⅛@116⅜; do. 5s, 10-40s, 108⅛@108¼; U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy., 106@106¼; Due Comp. Int. Notes, 19¼. Gold, 136⅞@136⅞; Silver, 131@133.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

SATURDAY, July 3.—Cotton is quiet, with sales of middling uplands at 34½c., and New Orleans at 35c.

There is nothing doing in Quercitron Bark, and No. 1 is offered at $47 per ton, without finding buyers.

There is no essential change to record in the Flour market, and the home trade continues to purchase liberally. Sales of about 1500 barrels, including superfine at $5@5·25 per barrel; extras at $5·37½@5·50; Northwestern extra family at $6@7; Pennsylvania do. do. at $6@6·50; Ohio do. do. at $6·75@7·50; and fancy brands at $9@10·50. 100 barrels Rye Flour sold at $6·25. Prices of Corn Meal are nominal.

Wheat comes forward slowly, and is very dull. Sales of 2000 bushels, including red at $1·10@1·50; amber at $1·50; and white at $1·60@1·75. Rye is strong at $1·33. Corn is very quiet, and buyers come forward slowly. Sales of 6500 bushels at 94c. for yellow; 89@90c. for high mixed; and 85@87c. for Western mixed, including 1500 bushels damaged at 81c. Oats are in fair demand, and Western commands 76c. Prices of Barley and Malt are nominal.

Whisky is dull, and ranges from 93c. to $1·05.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph.—1 P. M.

Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:—

N. Y. Central R......	195⅝	West. Union Tel.....	38⅝
Ph. and Rea. R......	98⅝	Toledo and Wabash..	73⅜
Mich. S. and N. I. R.	109⅜	Mil. and St. Paul R. c.	75⅜
Cle. and Pitt. R......	106	Mil. and St. Paul R. p.	86⅛
Chi. and N. W. com..	82⅞	Adams Express......	60⅝
Chi. and W. W. pref..	96¾	Wells, Fargo.........	25¾
Chi. and R. I. R......	118⅝	United States........	71½
Pitts. F. W. & Chi. R.	156	Gold................	137⅛
Pacific M. S..........	91⅝	Market firm.	

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages.

(By Atlantic Cable.)

QUEENSTOWN, July 3.—Arrived, steamship Erin, from New York.

GLASGOW, July 3.—Arrived, steamship Caledonia, from New York.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA..................JULY 3.

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

7 A. M.........75 | 11 A. M.........87 | 2 P. M.........89

CLEARED THIS MORNING.

Steamship Fanita, Brooks, New York, John F. Ohl.
Barque Roanoke, Davis, Laguayra, John Dallett & Co.
N. G. brig Diana, Michaelis, Antwerp, L. Westergaard & Co.
Schr J. J. Spencer, Smith, Cardenas, D. S. Stetson & Co.
Schr Hamburg, Westcott, New London, John Rommel, Jr. & Bro.
Schrs O. S. Edwards, Corson, Weymouth, do.
Schr Vapor, Johnson, Providence, do.
Schr J. H. Bartlett, Harris, Providence, do.
Schr M. M. Freeman, Howes, Boston, do.
Schr M. Merriman, Rabbitt, Taunton, do.
Schr C. Young, Young, Providence, do.
Schr S. T. Wines, Hulse, Providence, do.
Schr S. T. Stevens, Small, Gloucester, do.
Schr R. H. Wilson, Harris, Providence, do.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamship Fanita, Freeman, 20 hours from New York, with mdse. to John F. Ohl.

Barque E. A. Kennedy, Hoffses, 52 days from Liverpool, with mdse. to John R. Penrose.

Brig Benjamin Carver, Meyers, 10 days from Matanzas, with molasses to Harris, Heyl & Co.

Br. brig Ida, Homan, 13 days from St. John, P. R., with sugar and molasses to John Mason & Co.

Schr Carrie Melvin, Watts, 10 days from St. John, N. B., with laths to J. W. Gaskill & Sons.

Schr M. V. Cook, Falkenberg, 7 days from Saco, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr J. Trueman, Gibbs, from Rockland Lake, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr H. E. Sampson, Blake, from Gardiner, Me., with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr L. Batchelder, English, from Boston, with ice to Pennsylvania Ice Co.

Schr May Morn, Stetson, from Vinalhaven, with stone to captain.

Schr Seventy-Six, Teel, 12 days from Calais, with lumber to Harbert & Davis.

Schr J. C. Patterson, Scull, 5 days from New London, with oil to Shober & Co.

Schr J. H. Moore, Nickerson, 7 days from Boston, with mdse. to Mershon & Cloud.

Schr D. S. Siner, Huntley, 7 days from Saco, with ice to Carpenter & Co.

Schr C. Kienzle, Studams, 7 days from Saco, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

Schr S. C. Fithian, Tuft, 1 day from Port Deposit, Md., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.

Barque Emma Muir, from Glasgow, arrived yesterday, is consigned to L. Westergaard & Co—not as before.

SPOKEN.

No date, lat. 34 10 N., long. 18 W., ship Shatemuc, from Cardiff May 2 for Callao, 17 days out.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.

LEWES, Del., July 1.—Brigs Marrima, for Turk's Island; Ida, for Liverpool; Helen, for Ivigtut; and Ellen H., for St. John, N. B., went to sea to-day. Schr Addie Ryerson, from Windsor, N. S., passed in to-day. Brig Ida, from Porto Rico, has been ordered to Philadelphia, and the Perseverance to New York; both have left the harbor.

Wind N. LABAN L. LYONS.

MEMORANDA.

Steamship Brunette, Brooks, hence, at New York yesterday.

Steamship Aries, Wiley, hence, at Boston yesterday.

Schr F. E. Hallock, Hallock, hence, at Boston 1st inst.

Schr James Veldran, Cavalier, for Philadelphia, cleared at Boston 1st inst.

Schr E. H. Barnes, hence for Norwich, at New London 30th ult.

OUR RELIGIOUS COLUMN.

An American Peculiarity.

The Rev. Mr. Punshon, writing to the *Methodist Recorder* in England respecting the dedication exercises of the new Methodist church at Washington, makes this criticism on our national lack of reverence:—

"Phrenologically speaking, the American has finely developed head, but I have sometimes thought that where the organ of veneration should be there must be a perfect hollow. There is an infinitesimal reverence for sacred places, days, and things. I have seen the hat worn almost up to the altar, the newspaper read during the sermon, the reporter writing his leading article during the minister's prayer. I should rather welcome than rebuke anything that would have a tendency to increase the national reverence, for as the expressions of holy things languish, the things themselves are apt to become enfeebled and die. Time-honored, moreover, as the American practice of raising money for churches on the Sabbath has become, and great as may have been its success, I should like to see it buried in the 'tomb of all the Capulets,' and I should feel, as I followed its funeral, that a sworn foe to the higher interests of churches lay there interred. We spent eight hours in the Metropolitan church on the day of dedication—five in the house of God, and three in the house of merchandise—that is, five hours were spent in worship, and three in raising money."

SUMMARY OF GENERAL CHURCH NEWS.

PRESBYTERIAN.

—The Presbytery of Ontario asks the united General Assembly, which will meet in Pittsburg, Pa., if, as there seems no reason to doubt, the presbyteries of both bodies shall vote for reunion, to inaugurate a movement for raising several millions of dollars for educational and denominational purposes.

—The Cumberland Presbyterian Church (colored) at Leavenworth, Kansas, has voted to become Congregational. The presbytery had voted that colored men could not be members of presbytery, but only under its care; and the pastor and church chose to go where it could enjoy equal rights.

—The Cumberland Presbyterians have taken hold of the matter of establishing a church in San Francisco in earnest. The Rev. J. A. Baird, D. D., of Nashville, Tenn., has been officially called to act as missionary in this field, and his decision is awaited with great interest by the friends of the denomination.

—The Rev. Thomas H. Law, for several years evangelist in Charleston Presbytery, has received a call from the church at Spartanburg Court House, S. C., which was recently under the care of the Rev. Dr. A. A. Porter.

—A new church was organized at McMinnville, Warren county, Tennessee, and held its first communion on Sabbath, June 13. It has sixteen members, one elder, and one deacon.

—At a special meeting of East Hanover Presbytery in Richmond, on the 22d of June, leave was granted to the Presbyterian Church of Fredericksburg to prosecute their call before the Presbytery of Montgomery, for the pastoral services of the Rev. James P. Smith.

—The Committee of Domestic Missions in the Presbytery of Chesapeake has invited the Rev. Dr. J. D. Mitchell, pastor of the Lynchburg Second Church, to act as an evangelist within the bounds of that presbytery.

—The slow process of Presbyterian Church civilization in the Synod of Canada has not yet reached by a great deal the point reached by the Jewish Church in the time of David. We see that the late meeting of the synod in Hamilton was vexed with the question what should be done with the Knox Church of Montreal, which has introduced the organ. At the meeting last year the matter was brought up and passed over; but meanwhile the Presbytery of Montreal has rebuked the Knox Church, but without success in banishing the profane wind instrument. After a long discussion, the synod passed a resolution mildly rebuking the church for its apparent "contumacy" in "taking a position having some appearance of a disregard of the synod authority." The synod was distinctly informed that harsh action would probably drive the church into another denomination. There are now five other churches which use organs, and quite a number of Sabbath Schools which have instruments. It is but a short time since these Canadian churches have allowed even paraphrases of the Psalms to be used in worship. We wonder how they can sing the 150th psalm, which bids people "Praise the Lord" with at least *eight* sorts of instruments?—*Independent*.

—The three New School Presbyterian theological seminaries this year graduated 60 and the three Old School 51 young men.

—The *American Presbyterian*, the only really able organ of the New School, does not intend that the Old School churches shall misunderstand how completely the orthodoxy of New School theology is admitted in the proposed basis of reunion. It says for the comfort of Princeton and Allegheny:—

"The great, supercilious, arrogant, rigid, conservative, persecuting Old School Church is no more. Already at Albany last year tears were shed over its yawning grave. The tenth article, with which the flood of New Schoolism was to be dammed out of its presbyteries, is swept away. Nothing, absolutely nothing, remains as a defense or a protest against the 'heresies' of the New School in the basis of reunion. Reunion with us is a corollary from the publicly and solemnly admitted fact, stated in the preamble to the basis, that we are a sound and orthodox body. This is the logical form of reunion, and distinctive Old Schoolism, as a ruling principle, dies just there."

—The corner-stone of the new "Central Presbyterian Church, N. L.," will be laid on Thursday, July 8, at 5 o'clock P. M., at the northeast corner of Franklin and Thompson streets. We chronicle this fact with pleasure. It is well known that for years the "Old Central" has been struggling to keep its existence in Coates street, below Fourth. Time and experience, however, have shown that its life depended upon its moving into another locality. The old building has been sold to the Germans for church purposes, and the work of erecting a new one in a more desirable neighborhood has been begun. Let the friends of this old church gladden the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone with their presence. Take Union passenger cars north to Seventh and Thompson streets, or Eighth street cars to Thompson.

METHODIST.

—The Methodist Freedmen's Aid Society is fairly at work. We hear of an orphan school in Atlanta, Ga., with 100 scholars, of whom 50 are orphans of Confederate soldiers. The school committee of Memphis, Tenn., compliment very highly the colored schools of the Centenary Chapel.

—The Methodist bishops appeal to their churches for an increase of $200,000 above their ordinary collections for home and foreign missions. This is imperatively needed, as the large surplus is now exhausted. Even this will make less than one dollar to each member, and is much less than is given by other large denominations.

—The returns of the vote on lay delegation in the Methodist Episcopal Church, as received by *The Methodist*, foots up as follows:—

Number of votes received	53,409
For lay delegates	40,385
Against lay delegation	13,024
Majority for lay delegation	27,361

—The congregation of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, New York, on Sunday week, after a sermon by the pastor, Dr. E. G. Andrews, contributed the magnificent collection of thirty thousand dollars as a special gift to cancel the floating debt against the church. This was in addition to the large contributions, amounting to $125,000, previously made by the same congregation to aid in the erection of the new church.

—A class of twelve graduated from the Boston Theological Seminary the 9th of June. Antonio Arrighi, one of the graduates, was a soldier of Garibaldi, and was sent to the galleys after the siege of Rome, but escaped to this country, where he was converted. He hopes to return to Italy as a missionary.

—The Trustees of the Northwestern University at Evanston, near Chicago, Illinois, the leading Methodist institution in the West, have decided to admit ladies upon the same terms as male students. The institution has an endowment of over half a million dollars. President E. O. Haven, of Michigan University, has been elected its President.

CONGREGATIONAL.

—A new Congregational church was organized a few days ago in Brownville, one of the outskirts of Brooklyn. It begins with thirteen members.

—Rev. Thomas K. Beecher, pastor of the Congregational Church of Elmira, says the *American Presbyterian*, "has preached a most remarkable sermon on Presbyterianism; distinctly, ably, and earnestly advocating that system of church organization as the most simple, natural, scriptural, and practicable of all systems."

—The Congregational churches of Maine held last week an interesting conference in Bangor. During the year a Congregationalist has given $100,000 to the Freewill Baptist College at Lewiston. Resolutions were passed in support of a prohibitory liquor law and against easy divorces. The Vermont conference reports an increase of membership in every county. There are in the State 196 Congregational churches, representing 50,000 of the population, and contributing $46,000 for charitable purposes.

—A large colony of Congregationalists have settled on Diamond Creek, Nebraska, near Council Grove, and will constitute a church.

—Rev. Lewis Sabin, D. D., has resigned his charge, in Templeton, Mass., after a pastorate of thirty-two years.

—Mr. James H. Chesney was ordained to the ministry at Westfield, Wisconsin, June 2.

—A church of nine members was organized May 29, at Angola, Ind.

—Rev. Charles Soule died in Portland, Me., May 31, aged 75 years. He graduated from Andover Seminary in 1825.

—Mr. C. A. Towle was ordained at Sandwich, Ill., May 29.

CATHOLIC.

—The Œcumenical Council meets with but little favor among the Romanists of Germany, most of whom are in favor of free thought. It is even thought not unlikely that if, under the influence of the Jesuits, and of Dr. Manning, and the new party of proselytes, the Council should take extreme Ultramontane grounds, as now seems probable, there would be a serious schism in the Roman Catholic Church.—*Independent*.

—The corner-stone of a new Romish church was laid at Clyde Depot, New York, on June 13. A large company was in attendance, who were addressed by Bishop McQuade, of Rochester.

EPISCOPAL.

—It will be remembered that letters from eight bishops have been published in Episcopal papers on the subject of the revision of the Prayer Book; all of them admitting that the Prayer Book needed revision, but insisting that this was not the time for it. One other letter was not printed, for the reason, as was said, that it was too long. It is now stated that it was suppressed because it took grounds in favor of immediate revision, and so it was not suited to the purpose of those who wished to discourage the movement for the Chicago Evangelical Conference, by showing that all the evangelical bishops were opposed to its object.

—Rev. Mr. Cheney, of Chicago, says he is not going out of the Episcopal Church, and no man can put him out. Bishop Whitehouse seems determined, at least, to put him out of his office as one of its presbyters. His trial is announced to begin this month, in the Bishop's cathedral church.

—A New York Conference of Evangelical Episcopalians has appointed a committee for the revision of the Prayer Book, of which Dr. Thrall is secretary. Different portions have been assigned to prominent churchmen.

—The *Church Review* speaks of the Lord's Day as the "Feast of the Resurrection." In a bitter attack on the efforts to send the Bible to Spain, and to introduce Protestant worship, the same *Church* periodical says:—

"In Spain, Protestantism has not the advantage of a religious revolution, or of a reaction from abuses and personal oppression. It is not called in to destroy, and construction is not its forte. Its only chance, at the best, is to make a ruin first, and then strive to benefit by comparison. But in Spain it has to begin just where it is ending everywhere else. With what face can a system which has made Germany infidel offer to build up a new Christianity in Spain?"

Of course it is entirely consistent in a journal which is trying to banish the Gospel from England to prevent its entrance into Spain. Neither attempt appears to be successful.—*Episcopalian*.

—The Convention of the Evangelical Episcopalians in Chicago met June 16. Of the two hundred delegates the majority were laymen. (The Hartford *Churchman* says "ladies," and gives the whole number of delegates as twenty ministers and seventeen laymen). The meeting passed resolutions reaffirming the protest against un-Protestant dogmas, which most of them had signed, and pledging themselves to maintain the doctrines of the Church in their purity. The question of the revision of the Prayer-Book was discussed, and resolutions in its favor adopted. The convention marks a step in advance.

—In England a movement is on foot to open the museums, public libraries, and theatrical gardens on Sunday. To keep people out of these places, as well as out of theatres on the Lord's Day, the *Church Review* proposes to introduce the theatrical element into the churches, and thus it holds forth:—

"We would urge the clergy to be on the alert to make the Church services more attractive. If the churches hardly fill when churches have a monopoly of Sunday, what deserts of pews may we not expect if museums are to become rivals? Men may talk if they please against Ritualism, but they may depend upon it that it is the way to fill the churches. Why should it be taken as an abstract truth that Divine service is irreconcilable with ritualistic accessories, or only reconcilable with the meanest and barest decorations? At least, the failure of such attempts to dispense with art in painting, music, and poetry, ought to convince the evangelical clergy that they are simply rowing against the stream of *natural religion*, and must fail. It would be much more honest to give up liturgical forms altogether than to retain them divested of all dignity and attractiveness."

—The following has been issued by the Bishop of the Diocese of Pennsylvania:—

EPISCOPAL ROOMS, No. 708 Walnut street, Philadelphia, June 21, 1869.—The anniversary of the Declaration of Independence falling this year on Sunday, the 4th of July, I hereby set forth the following prayer, to be used after the General Thanksgiving in the morning, or (where there is no morning service) in the evening prayer:—

"O God! whose name is excellent in all the earth, and Thy glory above the heavens; Who, as on this day, didst inspire the hearts of our delegates in Congress to lay the perpetual foundations of peace, liberty, and safety; we bless and adore Thy glorious Majesty for this Thy loving kindness and Providence. And we humbly pray that the devout sense of Thy signal mercy may renew and increase in us a spirit of love and thankfulness to Thee, its only Author, a spirit of peaceable submission to the laws and government of our country, and a spirit of fervent zeal for our holy religion which Thou hast preserved and secured to us and our posterity. May we improve these inestimable blessings for the advancement of religion, liberty, and science throughout this land, till the wilderness and solitary place be glad through us, and the desert rejoice and blossom as the rose. This we beg through the merits of Jesus Christ, our Saviour. Amen. WILLIAM BACON STEVENS,
"Bishop of the Diocese of Pennsylvania."

BAPTIST.

—An interesting movement has been inaugurated in Finland, through the influence of a young man named Franz Victor Heikel, a man of wealth and rank, who had, on his travels, been providentially thrown among the Baptists of Burmah, England, and Sweden. He was converted at Stockholm, and baptized by Mr. Wiberg, June 5 1868. He was the means of the conversion of his sister, Miss Anna Heikel, who is the principal of a deaf and dumb asylum in Finland; and she has proved a very successful teacher of the truth. Her mother and sister are her helpers, but her brother is now studying in Germany. There is a Sabbath-school with 130 or more pupils under her charge, and large meetings are held in the large hall of the deaf and dumb institution.

—Mr. Stangnowski tells of a precious revival among the children now in progress in Goyden. He says:—"For five weeks we have had a public prayer meeting every evening. Thus far, thirteen are rejoicing in hope—five adults and eight children in the Sabbath school."—Mr. Berneike, of Konigsberg, writes concerning the imperative need of a new chapel at that place. The population is 100,000. The Baptist Church has upwards of 200 members. Last year forty-two were baptized; sixteen others were awaiting the ordinance. Notwithstanding their poverty, the church have raised $800, and have already purchased an eligible lot for the chapel.

—The Baptist Convention of Connecticut has petitioned the Legislature that divorces be allowed only for adultery and wilful desertion, and that a second marriage between the guilty party and the partner of his guilt be forbidden, as the crime is often committed in order to secure a divorce.

—On June 20 the Warburton Avenue Baptist Church, Yonkers, N. Y., was dedicated. In the afternoon a union service was held, at which all the ministers of Yonkers assisted. The church was built and presented to the society as a free-will offering by Messrs. Trevor & Colgate, successful bankers in Wall street. A similar gift was that of Joseph E. Sheffield, of New Haven, who has built there three buildings—an Episcopal church, with a church home and a church school—and presented them to Trinity parish. They were dedicated June 24.

—According to their latest figures, there are in Missouri 50,000 white Baptist communicants and 10,000 colored. Evidently in Missouri the denomination there is not yet properly reconstructed, or the figures would not be kept distinct.

—The committee having charge of the organization of a Baptist Home, have succeeded in purchasing a property in West Philadelphia, in an eligible location, with a large mansion and grounds suitable for the purpose. They have made one payment, to secure the property, and now desire all who are interested in the movement to aid them. In order to give the friends of this worthy cause an opportunity to show their love for God's poor people, it is proposed by the committee to hold a public meeting of the Baptists of Philadelphia, in the Fifth Baptist Church, corner of Eighteenth and Spring Garden streets, on Thursday, July 8, 1869, at 8 o'clock P. M. Addresses will be delivered by a number of Baptist ministers and others, and the whole plan of the Home will be fully explained.

—We are sorry to learn that, although while Rev. A. B. Earle "preached to immense crowds" during his stay in California, and "converts were counted by thousands," he did the Baptists "no good, but immense evil." So says Dr. Hendrickson, of San Francisco, in the Memphis *Baptist*, and adds:—"I know of no Baptist minister on the Pacific coast that desires Mr. Eaale to return. We are too few and weak to endure another visit like the former. I know what I am saying." Mr. Earle's fault was that he preached on the union plan. Dr. Hendrickson says that the open-communionist Baptist Church in San Francisco, of which Mr. Sawtelle is pastor, is becoming quite strong; and that two or three little churches of similar loose views, and having about a dozen members each, have been organized by Mr. Sawtelle in the vicinity. Dr. Cheney, of Boston, has been commissioned to send them a successor to Dr. Thomas.—*Independent*.

PIANOS, ETC.

SCHOMACKER & CO.'S PHILADELPHIA GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANOS are universally acknowledged to be the *best* instruments made, and have been awarded the *highest premiums* at all the principal Exhibitions ever held in the country. Our extensive facilities for manufacturing enable us to offer *great inducements*. Call at our beautiful warerooms, No. 1103 Chesnut street, and examine our extensive stock of *Superior Rosewood Pianos*.
THE BURDETT ORGAN.
P. S.—We have secured the agency for the sale of the *Celebrated Burdett Organ*. It has no rival. The superiority of these instruments over all others is so great that we *challenge contradiction*. Call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.
The Grand Piano selected by Mrs. Lincoln for the White House eight years ago is now at our warerooms on exhibition, where it will be shown to any one having a desire to see this *historic relic*.
N. B.—New and second-hand Pianos to rent. Tuning and moving promptly attended to. Send for Descriptive Circular.
SCHOMACKER PIANO MANUFACTURING CO.,
6 1 mwslm 1103 Chesnut street.

STEINWAY & SON'S UPRIGHT PIANOS.—It will be welcome news to the musical public that Steinways have succeeded, by the most gigantic improvements, in raising the Upright Piano from its well-known state of imperfection to that of the most perfect amongst the different shapes of pianos. The Upright Piano of Steinway & Sons now is more durable, keeps better in tune and in order, has more power, a purer and more musical tone, and a better touch than the square piano, and rivals in most of these points even the Grand Piano. Its advantages are so plain and striking that the most prejudiced against this shape of a piano are converted by examining them; and out of twenty who want to buy a Square Piano, nineteen prefer now already an Upright one of S. & S. Purchasers will do well to examine them, at the wareroom of
BLASIUS BROS.,
5 27 wstf No. 1006 CHESNUT Street.

STECK & CO.'S & HAINES BROS. PIANO FORTES, AND MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET AND METROPOLITAN ORGANS, with the new and beautiful VOX HUMANA.
Every inducement offered to purchasers.
J. E. GOULD,
4 3 stuth 3m No. 923 CHESNUT Street.

ALBRECHT, RIEKES & SCHMIDT, MANUFACTURERS OF FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES.
Full guarantee and moderate prices.
3 2¼ WAREROOMS, No. 610 ARCH Street.

CHICKERING Grand Square and Upright PIANOS.
DUTTON'S,
11 3tf No. 914 CHESNUT Street.

WINES.

HER MAJESTY CHAMPAGNE.
DUNTON & LUSSON,
215 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE IS solicited to the following very Choice Wines, etc., for sale by
DUNTON & LUSSON,
215 SOUTH FRONT STREET.
CHAMPAGNES.—Agents for her Majesty, Duc de Montebello, Carte Bleue, Carte Blanche, and Charles Farre's Grand Vin Eugenie, and Vin Imperial, M. Kleeman & Co., of Mayence, Sparkling Moselle and RHINE WINES.
MADEIRAS.—Old Island, South Side Reserve.
SHERRIES.—F. Rudolphe, Amontillado, Topaz, Vallette, Pale and Golden Bar, Crown, etc.
PORTS.—Vinho Velho Real, Vallette, and Crown.
CLARETS.—Promis Aine & Cie., Montferrand and Bordeaux, Clarets and Sauterne Wines.
GIN.—"Meder Swan."
BRANDIES.—Hennessey, Otard, Dupuy & Co.'s various vintages. 4 5

CARSTAIRS & McCALL,
Nos. 126 WALNUT and 21 GRANITE Streets,
Importers of
BRANDIES, WINES, GIN, OLIVE OIL, ETC.,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
For the sale of
PURE OLD RYE, WHEAT, AND BOURBON WHISKIES. 5 28 2p4

CARSTAIRS' OLIVE OIL—AN INVOICE of the above for sale by
CARSTAIRS & McCALL,
5 28 2p4 Nos. 126 WALNUT and 21 GRANITE Sts.

ALEXANDER G. CATTELL & CO., PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 26 NORTH WHARVES AND No. 27 NORTH WATER STREET, PHILADELPHIA. 2 22½
ALEXANDER G. CATTELL. ELIJAH CATTELL.

CITY ORDINANCES.

COMMON COUNCIL OF PHILADELPHIA.
CLERK'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, June 25, 1869.

In accordance with a Resolution adopted by the Common Council of the City of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of June, 1869, the annexed bill, entitled

"An Ordinance to Authorize a Loan for the Payment of Ground Rents and Mortgages," is hereby published for public information.

JOHN ECKSTEIN,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE To Authorize a Loan for the Payment of Ground Rents and Mortgages.

Section 1. The Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia do ordain, That the Mayor of Philadelphia be and he is hereby authorized to borrow, at not less than par, on the credit of the city, from time to time, seven hundred thousand dollars for the payment of ground rents and mortgages held against the city, for which interest not to exceed the rate of six per cent. per annum shall be paid, half yearly, on the first days of January and July, at the office of the City Treasurer. The principal of said loan shall be payable and paid at the expiration of thirty years from the date of the same, and not before, without the consent of the holders thereof; and the certificates therefor, in the usual form of the certificates of city loan, shall be issued in such amounts as the lenders may require, but not for any fractional part of one hundred dollars, or, if required, in amounts of five hundred or one thousand dollars; and it shall be expressed in said certificates that the loan therein mentioned and the interest thereof are payable free from all taxes.

Section 2. Whenever any loan shall be made by virtue thereof; there shall be, by force of this ordinance, annually appropriated out of the income of the corporate estates, and from the sum raised by taxation, a sum sufficient to pay the interest on said certificates, and the further sum of three-tenths of one per centum on the par value of such certificates so issued shall be appropriated quarterly out of said income and taxes to a sinking fund, which fund and its accumulations are hereby especially pledged for the redemption and payment of said certificates.

RESOLUTION TO PUBLISH A LOAN BILL.

Resolved, That the Clerk of Common Council be authorized to publish in two daily newspapers of this city, daily for four weeks, the ordinance presented to the Common Council on Thursday, June 24, 1869, entitled "An Ordinance to Authorize a Loan for the Payment of Ground Rents and Mortgages." And the said Clerk, at the stated meeting of Councils after the expiration of four weeks from the first day of said publication, shall present to this Council one of each of said newspapers for every day in which the same shall have been made. 6 26 24t

GOVERNMENT SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF CLOTHING, AND EQUIPAGE AND QUARTERMASTER'S STORES.
DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, June 28, 1869.

Will be sold at public auction, at SCHUYLKILL ARSENAL, on WEDNESDAY, July 28, 1869, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., under the direction of Captain William H. Gill, Military Storekeeper U. S. A., a large lot of Clothing, Camp and Garrison Equipage and Quartermaster's Stores, consisting in part of:—
34,285 Uniform Jackets, Vet. Res. Corps, new.
47,740 yards Worsted Cords, new.
67⅞ yards Black Cloth, new.
1,054⅜ yards Green Kersey, new.
3,000 Common Tents, linen, new.

There will also be sold at the same time a large lot of Damaged Clothing and Equipage and Quartermaster's Stores, consisting in part of:—
2,700 Woollen Blankets.
25,423 Uniform Coats.
857 Sack Coats.
1,188 Forage Caps.
409 Shirts.
886 pairs Stockings.
4,036 pairs Trowsers.
1,100 Grain Sacks.
20 sets Harness.
21,450 feet Galvanized Pipe.
19,925 feet Gas Pipe, assorted;
and a variety of articles, embracing Chevrons, Drawers, Flags, Knapsacks, Camp Kettles, Bolts, Carts, Saddles, Tools, etc. etc.

Terms cash—payable in United States currency.

All property purchased must be removed within five days.

Goods will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Catalogues will be furnished on application at this office, or at the office of Captain Gill, Schuylkill Arsenal, or at the auction rooms of M. Thomas & Sons, Nos. 139 and 141 South Fourth street.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Deputy Quartermaster-General and
6 29 6t Brevet Major-General, U. S. A.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—GERMANTOWN, five minutes' walk from Wayne Station, two neat and comfortable Houses on WAYNE Street, below Manheim, suitable for a small and genteel family, with all the modern conveniences, gas, water, range, heater, etc. Rent, $500 per annum. Apply to JACOB KAUPP, No. 77 WISTER Street, Germantown. Possession at once. 6 18 tf

FOR SALE—HANDSOME THREE story Brick Dwelling, three-story double back buildings, No. 634 SIXTH Street, above Green; modern improvements, and in excellent order. Was owned and built by the late Henry Derringer, deceased, of the very best materials and workmanship. Immediate possession. Agent at house from 12 to 2 o'clock daily. 6 7 tf

TO RENT.

TO LET UNTIL 1ST OF APRIL, 1870, a Country Cottage on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, ½ mile from Athensville Station; eight rooms, five acres, barn, stabling, spring house, etc.; large garden, fully planted. E. H. EYRE,
7 3 stuth3t* No. 117 GOTHIC Street.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND BUILDINGS, suitable for manufacturing purposes, on north and south side of Lombard, west of Twenty-fourth street. Call and examine. Apply to THOS. E. CAHILL,
6 30 6t* No. 435 WALNUT Street.

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY TO LET.—A large, modern-built house, tenant-house, coach-house, and five acres of land, handsomely laid out walks and garden; within two minutes' walk of Duy's Lane Station. Apply to J. ARMSTRONG. 6 21 24t*

TO RENT—AN OFFICE SUITABLE FOR A physician or a lawyer, with or without board, at No 1121 GIRARD Street. 3 1½

DANIEL M. FOX & SON.
Conveyancers and Real Estate Agents,
OFFICE,
NO. 540 NORTH FIFTH STREET.
6 4 1m PHILADELPHIA.
HENRY E. FOX. DANIEL M. FOX.

C. F. RUMPP,
Manufacturer and Importer of
FANCY LEATHER GOODS,
NOS. 116 AND 118 NORTH FOURTH ST
Pocket Books, Satchels, Traveling Bags, Porte-monnaies, Portfolios, Cigar Cases, | Writing Cases, Writing Desks, Bankers' Cases, Dressing Cases, Money Belts, Match Cases.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
NOS. 116 AND 118 NORTH FOURTH ST.,
6 5 1m PHILADELPHIA.

DRUGS, PAINTS, ETC.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO.,
N. E Corner FOURTH and RACE Sts.
PHILADELPHIA.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Importers and Manufacturers of
White Lead and Colored Paints, Putty Varnishes, Etc.
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
FRENCH ZINC PAINTS.
Dealers and consumers supplied at lowest prices for cash. 12 4¼

TRUNKS! TRUNKS! TRUNKS!—Valises, Bags, Shawl Straps, and a general assortment of goods for travellers. Large stock, low prices.
E. P. MOYER & BROS.,
6 25 1m No. 720 MARKET Street—720.

BOARDING.

AT NO. 1121 GIRARD STREET MAY BE obtained furnished and unfurnished rooms for lodging. Board also, if desired. 4 1¼

FINANCIAL.

A RELIABLE HOME INVESTMENT.
THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
Wilmington and Reading Railroad,
BEARING INTEREST
At SEVEN PER CENT. in Currency
Payable April and October, free of STATE and UNITED STATES TAXES.
This road runs through a thickly populated and rich agricultural and manufacturing district.
For the present, we are offering a limited amount of the above Bonds at
85 Cents and Interest.
The connection of this road with the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroads insures it a large and remunerative trade. We recommend the bonds as the cheapest first class investment in the market.
WM. PAINTER & CO.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENTS,
NO. 36 S. THIRD STREET,
6 4 PHILADELPHIA.

UNITED STATES COUPONS
DUE JULY 1, WANTED.
COUPONS OF
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
DUE JULY 1,
Taken Same as Government Coupons.
DE HAVEN & BRO.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENTS,
NO. 40 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
6 11 PHILADELPHIA.

B. K. JAMISON & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
P. F. KELLY & CO.,
Bankers and Dealers in
Gold, Silver, and Government Bonds,
AT CLOSEST MARKET RATES,
N.W. Corner THIRD and CHESNUT Sts.
Special attention given to COMMISSION ORDERS in New York and Philadelphia Stock Boards, etc. etc. 6 5 t12 31

GLENDINNING, DAVIS & CO.
NO. 48 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
GLENDINNING, DAVIS & AMORY,
NO. 2 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Direct telegraphic communication with the New York Stock Boards from the Philadelphia Office. 12 2½

LEDYARD & BARLOW
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE
TO
No. 19 South THIRD Street.
PHILADELPHIA,
And will continue to give careful attention to collecting and securing CLAIMS throughout the United States, British Provinces, and Europe.
Sight Drafts and Maturing Paper collected at Bankers' Rates. 1 28 6m

REMOVAL.
ELLIOTT & DUNN
HAVING REMOVED TO THEIR NEW BUILDING
No. 109 S. THIRD Street,
Are now prepared to transact a GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS, and deal in GOVERNMENT and other Securities, GOLD, BILLS, Etc.
Receive MONEY ON DEPOSIT, allowing interest.
NEGOTIATE LOANS, giving special attention to MERCANTILE PAPER.
Will execute orders for Stocks, Bonds, etc., ON COMMISSION, at the Stock Exchanges of Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and Baltimore. 4 26

CITY WARRANTS
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
C. T. YERKES, Jr., & CO.,
No. 20 South THIRD Street,
4 2 PHILADELPHIA.

SAMUEL WORK. FRANCIS F. MILNE.
WORK & MILNE,
BANKERS,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
No. 121 S. THIRD St., PHILADELPHIA.

FINANCIAL.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Nos. 112 and 114 South THIRD Street
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in all Government Securities.
Old 5-20s Wanted in Exchange for New.
A Liberal Difference allowed.
Compound Interest Notes Wanted.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
COLLECTIONS MADE. STOCKS bought and sold on Commission.
Special business accommodations reserved for ladies.
We will receive applications for Policies of Life Insurance in the National Life Insurance Company of the United States. Full information given at our office. 1 3m

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.,
BANKERS,
Philadelphia and New York.
DEALERS IN UNITED STATES BONDS, and MEMBERS OF STOCK AND GOLD EXCHANGE,
Receive Accounts of Banks and Bankers on Liberal Terms.
ISSUE BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON
C. J. HAMBRO & SON, London,
B. METZLER, S. SOHN & CO., Frankfort.
JAMES W. TUCKER & CO., Paris.
And Other Principal Cities, and Letters of Credit
1 2tf Available Throughout Europe.

P. S. PETERSON & CO.,
Stock and Exchange Brokers
No. 39 South THIRD Street.
Members of the New York and Philadelphia Stock and Gold Boards.
STOCKS, BONDS, Etc., bought and sold on commission only at either city. 1 26

SHIPPING.

CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST
FAST FREIGHT LINE,
EVERY THURSDAY.
The Steamships PROMETHEUS, Captain Gray, and EMPIRE, Captain Snyder,
WILL FORM A REGULAR WEEKLY LINE.
The steamship PROMETHEUS will sail on THURSDAY, July 8, at 4 P. M.
Through bills of lading given in connection with S. C. R. R. to points in the South and Southwest.
Insurance at lowest rates. Rates of freight as low as by any other route. For freight, apply to
E. A. SOUDER & CO.,
2 22 tf DOCK STREET WHARF.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North river, as follows:—

PEREIRE	Duchesne	Saturday, May 1
LAFAYETTE	Rousseau	Saturday, May 15
ST. LAURENT	Lemarie	Saturday, May 29
VILLE DE PARIS	Surmount	Saturday, June 12

PRICE OF PASSAGE
in gold (including wine),
TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First Cabin..........$140 | Second Cabin..........$85
TO PARIS,
(Including railway tickets, furnished on board.)
First Cabin..........$145 | Second Cabin..........$85
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.
American travellers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railways and crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 BROADWAY, New York.
For passage in Philadelphia, apply at Adams' Express Company, to H. L. LEAF,
1 27½ No. 320 CHESNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA, RICHMOND, AND NORFOLK STEAMSHIP LINE, THROUGH FREIGHT AIR LINE TO THE SOUTH AND WEST, EVERY SATURDAY,
At noon, from FIRST WHARF above MARKET Street.
THROUGH RATES to all points in North and South Carolina, via Seaboard Air Line Railroad, connecting at Portsmouth and to Lynchburg, Va., Tennessee, and the West, via Virginia and Tennessee Air Line and Richmond and Danville Railroad.
Freight HANDLED BUT ONCE, and taken at LOWER RATES THAN ANY OTHER LINE.
The regularity, safety, and cheapness of this route commend it to the public as the most desirable medium for carrying every description of freight.
No charge for commission, drayage, or any expense of transfer.
Steamships insured at the lowest rates.
Freight received daily.
WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 12 S. WHARVES and Pier 1 N. WHARVES.
W. P. PORTER, Agent at Richmond and City Point.
T. P. CROWELL & CO., Agents at Norfolk. 6 1½

LORILLARD'S STEAMSHIP LINE FOR
NEW YORK.
Sailing Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.
REDUCTION OF RATES.
Spring rates, commencing March 15.
Sailing Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. On and after 15th of March freight by this line will be taken at 12 cents per 100 pounds, 4 cents per foot, or 1 cent per gallon, ship's option. Advance charges cashed at office on Pier. Freight received at all times on covered wharf.
JOHN F. OHL,
2 28½ Pier 19 North Wharves.
N. B. Extra rates on small packages iron, metals, etc.

NEW EXPRESS LINE TO Alexandria, Georgetown, and Washington, D. C., via Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, with connections at Alexandria from the most direct route for Lynchburg, Bristol, Knoxville, Nashville, Dalton, and the Southwest.
Steamers leave regularly every Saturday at noon from the first wharf above Market street.
Freight received daily.
WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 14 North and South Wharves.
HYDE & TYLER, Agents, at Georgetown; M. ELDRIDGE & CO., Agents at Alexandria. 6 1½

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN. Inman Line of Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
City of Paris, Saturday, July 10, at 1 P. M.
Etna, via Halifax, Tuesday, July 13, at 1 P. M.
City of Baltimore, Saturday, July 17, at 12 noon.
City of London, Saturday, July 24, at 1 P. M.
And each succeeding Saturday and alternate Tuesday, from Pier 45, North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
FIRST CABIN	$100	STEERAGE	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	47

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. Payable in Gold.		STEERAGE. Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	45	St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, etc., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 BROADWAY, N. Y. or to O'DONNELL & FAULK, Agents,
4 5 No. 411 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

NOTICE.—FOR NEW YORK, VIA DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL, EXPRESS STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
The CHEAPEST and QUICKEST water communication between Philadelphia and New York.
Steamers leave daily from first wharf below Market street, Philadelphia, and foot of Wall street, New York.
Goods forwarded by all the lines running out of New York, North, East, and West, free of commission.
Freight received and forwarded on accommodating terms.
WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO., Agents,
No. 12 S. DELAWARE Avenue, Philadelphia.
JAMES HAND, Agent,
6 3½ No. 119 WALL Street, New York.

NOTICE.—FOR NEW YORK, via Delaware and Raritan Canal, SWIFTSURE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, DESPATCH AND SWIFTSURE LINE.
The business by these lines will be resumed on and after the 8th of March. For Freights, which will be taken on accommodating terms, apply to
W. M. BAIRD & CO.,
3 1¼ No. 132 South Wharves.

NEWS SUMMARY.

City Affairs.

—A large meeting of ingrain carpet weavers was held at the hall, Front and Master streets, on Thursday evening, James Crooks, chairman. Reports were received from several manufacturing establishments, the employes of which were still on a strike. A communication received from the Poters' Association, of Reading, Pa., now on strike for an advance of wages, asking for aid to enable them to continue on a strike for an increase of wages, was discussed at length, and finally laid over until next meeting. A discussion then took place in reference to an alleged assault by an employer on a number of the employes, during which a pistol was presented, and threats used towards several of the hands. It was stated that the offending party had been arrested and held to answer for the alleged offense. A motion prevailed that the weavers, as a body, should prosecute the case. The meeting then adjourned, to reassemble at the call of the chairman.

—A large meeting of journeymen brass finishers of the city was held last evening, at Diligent Hall, Tenth and Filbert streets. Thomas Billingsfelt was selected as chairman. The object of the meeting was stated to be the formation of a Brass Finishers' Union. It was stated that the average wages received by the journeymen was $17 per week, but some receive as high as $25 per week. The chandelier finishers are not included in this branch of the business. After some discussion, John McDermott was elected President, William Tweady Secretary, and James Farley Treasurer.

—By a decision of the State Treasurer, all persons who are entitled to a pension from the State of Pennsylvania are required annually to make an affidavit, supported by two witnesses, that they are the persons to whom the pension has been granted. Blanks can be obtained at the City Treasurer's office, free of charge, for the purpose of having them filled up before receiving the payment due in July.

—Company A, National Greys, Captain Maxwell, will attend Divine service to-morrow morning, at the South Presbyterian Church, Third and Redwood streets.

Domestic Affairs.

—Gold closed yesterday at 136⅜.

—The ship Mozart, from Pensacola, is ashore at Marquis Keys.

—Secretary Cox announces that he never had any intention of resigning his position.

—The national debt has been decreased $40,000,000 since Grant's inauguration.

—Commissioner Delano and the Commissioner of Patents, General Fisher, have gone home for the holidays.

—The Spaniards in Cuba are elated at the action of the United States authorities in interfering with the Cuban filibusters.

—The French corvette Curieux is in quarantine at New York, having brought eighteen cases of vomito from Martinique.

—Stamp Commissioners have been appointed to decide upon the usefulness of the new character of stamps for spirits, submitted by their inventors.

—On Thursday evening the steamtug Ripon, at Cleveland, ran into and capsized a ferry-boat, containing twelve persons, of whom several were drowned. The body of Martin O'Donnell was recovered.

—A revenue cutter has been despatched after the Cuban filibusters on Gardiner's Island, N. Y., and it is reported that Colonel Ryan is already captured. In a fight among the men, three were killed, it is reported.

Foreign Affairs.

—A batch of Americans, captured in the Cinca Villas district, have, it is reported, been shot by order of General Lesca.

—The Catalonian volunteers on the line of the Nuevitas Railroad mutinied, and are attempting to procure the execution of General Letona.

—De Rodas yesterday had a meeting with Havana editors, upbraided them for their treatment of Dulce, and advocated restoration of peace without the shedding of blood.

—It is rumored that the Ecumenical Council at Rome will be postponed one year.

—A meeting of peers was held on Thursday, to frame amendments to the Irish Church bill.

—The fault in the French cable has been repaired, and the work of relaying has been resumed.

—During an Orange riot at Portadown, Ireland, yesterday, the police charged the mob, and killed one man and wounded another.

—The *Times* says that Reverdy Johnson's mission at least proved that England was willing to make reasonable concessions in the Alabama matter.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Forty-Second Semi-Annual Commencement.

The semi-annual commencement of the forty-second term of the Girls' Normal School, was held last evening in the Academy of Music.

The proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. William Sterrett, D. D., followed by the reading of the Scriptures. The rest of the programme consisted of vocal music, with piano accompaniment, elocution, and essays.

The diplomas were awarded by Professor George W. Fetter, Principal of the school, who in the performance of this duty complimented them for their patience, industry, and application, trusted that they would always remember their Alma Mater with pleasure, and those who during their attendance in the school were so anxious for their success. He counselled them in following the noble calling of teaching, wherein so much good can be performed, and to look to the Teacher of Goodness, whose wisdom infinite.

In awarding certificates of qualifications to to teach, Mr. Daniel Steinmetz, President of the Board of Controllers, made a brief and appropriate address.

The following are the names of the graduates, and their averages:—

Name	Average.	Name	Average.
Mary A. Miller	97·3	M. E. Ferguson	86·2
Mattie E. Canders	97·2	Mary A. Baltz	86·2
Helen T. Keen	94·7	Sallie J. Petty	86·2
Annie R. Kemble	94·5	Mary Hughes	86·1
M. B. Winpenny	93·8	Sallie A. Brown	85·6
Maggie W. Beck	93·4	Mary A. Penn	85·2
Mary Dingerman	93·0	Hannah E. Brown	85·1
Annie Everman	93·0	Emma L. Arthur	84·6
L. Van Artsdalen	92·4	N. F. Hortter	84·4
Annie W. Siddall	91·7	Sallie Overn	84·4
Mary E. Fry	91·6	M. L. Durborow	84·3
Lavin. R. Karsner	91·1	K. C. McGittigan	83·2
Ruham. T. Hinkle	90·9	Annie Caffferty	83·2
Hanna S. Nevins	90·9	Sallie F. Poole	83·1
Lottie C. Murphy	90·7	Mary E. Hulme	83·1
Emma L. Beesley	90·9	Sallie Shaw	82·9
Lizzie M. Miller	89·7	Kate Potter	82·8
Florence Albertson	88·7	Mary C. Caldwell	82·6
Hattie F. Garrison	88·4	Ella T. McCoy	81·8
Kate V. Watson	88·4	Jennie B. Wilson	81·7
Sadie J. Simpson	88·2	Louie B. Beale	81·5
Lena O. Barritt	85·9	Sallie E. Todd	80·7
Nellie Spering	87·4	Laura K. Gault, Recitation average	87·1
Annie W. Haslett	87·2		
Ella A. McGettigan	87·0	Lillian R. Comly, Recitation average	86·4
M. A. De Sanno	86·8		

Total, 50.

Recitation Averages.

Section B—Kate E. Plummer .... 99·6
Section A—Mary A. Miller .... 99·3
Section D—Mary Mekeal .... 99·3
Section E—Lizzie Brown .... 99·2
Section F—Jennie S. Weaver .... 98·6
Section C—Sabina Adamson .... 98·1

Distinguished.—Section A.—Mary A. Miller, average, 93·3; Mattie E. Canders, 97·2; Helen T. Keen, 94·7; Annie R. Kemble, 94·5; M. Bertha Winpenny, 93·8; Maggie W. Beck, 93·4; Mary Lingerman, 93·0; Annie Everman, 93·0; Lidie W. Van Artsdalen, 92·4; Annie W. Siddall, 91·7; Mary E. Fry, 91·6; Lavinia R. Karsner, 91·1; Ruhaman T. Hinkle, 90·9; Hannah S. Nevins, 90·9; Lottie C. Murphy, 90·7; Emma L. Beesley, 90·1.

Section B.—Kate E. Plummer, 98·2; Annie H. Thomson, 95·6; Maggie R. Cathcart, 94·0; Annie Lucy, 93·6; Sue A. Gaskill, 93·1; Mary E. Jones, 91·3; Mary W. Clifton, 91·0; Sallie W. Powell, 90·9; Annie E. Smyth, 90·7; Mary Fisher, 90·4.

Section C.—Mary A. Burrough, 96·0; Anna M. Foust, 94·5; Sabina Adamson, 92·9; S. Corrie Wylie, 91·6; Cora Davis, 91·5; Hannah Evans, 91·5; Rosa Warr, 91·1; Maggie L. Dingas, 90·3; Ella Williams, 90·3; Celia Richards, 90·3; Clara Markle, 90·0; Mary E. Broadhurst, 90.

Section D.—Mary Mekeal, 96·8; Louisa Price, 94·0; Emma Price, 93·7; Mary E. Climo, 93·6; Annie McClung, 91·1; Mary F. Belcher, 90·8.

Section E.—Lizzie Brown, 94·6; Mary C. Blackburn, 90·3; Julia Harper, 90·3.

Section F.—Jennie S. Weaver, 96·3; Laura Kramer, 93·6; Ella Weiser, 93·0; Anna M. Fullerton, 91·6; Mary Dwier, 90·1.

Total, 52.

The audience was very large, and judging from the applause that rewarded the efforts of the graduates and pupils, was greatly pleased with the exercises and the manner in which they were performed.

VIRGINIA.

Terrible Accident—A Crowded Bridge at Richmond Breaks—Several People Killed.

RICHMOND, July 2.—A barbecue, given to the Walker colored men, took place to-day on Vauxhall's Island, adjoining the city. About 3 o'clock the chain bridge leading to the island was so crowded that it broke, carrying down about sixty persons. Colonel James R. Branch, a prominent broker and conservative candidate for the Senate, was instantly killed, as also was Policeman Kirkland, who was striving to prevent the crowd from rushing on the bridge. Seven colored men are fatally injured.

The colored conservative barbecue, which was ended by the accident, was attended by about three hundred colored men and a large number of whites. A large crowd had congregated at the gate of the bridge leading to the island, being kept off the bridge by the police. Colonel Branch, managing the affair, while standing on the bridge, directed the police to admit the crowd, which being done, the weight broke the structure, precipitating a number into the water, where Colonel Branch, Policeman Kirkham, and Robert Ashby were caught in falling timbers and killed. Seven more were wounded, two of whom will die. Colonel Branch's body was followed to his residence by a procession of prominent citizens, and the police force, in a body, escorted Kirkham's remains home. Col. Branch was one of the first business men of this city. There is a general gloom here in consequence of the calamity.

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page.

ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES..........4·33 | MOON RISES..........0·35
SUN SETS..........7·34 | HIGH WATER..........10·23

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Tonawanda, Jennings, Savannah, Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.
Steamer Diamond State, Webb, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Schr J. W. Everman, Everman, Lynn, L. Audenried & Co.
Schr Lizzie, Hand, Pawtucket, do.
Schr R. W. Godfrey, Wilson, Boston, do.
Schr A. Townsend, Brower, Boston, do.
Schr H. W. Godfrey, Harris, Lynn, do.
Schr J. Mosely, Merrill, Boston, do.
Schr John Shay, Tilton, Boston, do.
Schr Dauntless, Coombs, Boston, do.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Saxon, Sears, 46 hours from Boston, with mdse. and passengers to Henry Winsor & Co.
Steamer Black Diamond, Meredith, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer W. C. Pierrepont, Shropshire, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to Wm. M. Baird & Co.
Barque Scud, Crosby, from Palermo via Gibraltar May 24, with fruit, etc., to N. Hellings & Bro.
Br. barque Emma Muir, Crosby, 46 days from Glasgow, with iron to Workman & Co.
Schr M. A. Harmon, Parker, 9 days from St. John, N. B., with pickets to J. W. Gaskill & Sons.
Br. schr Queen of Clippers, Allen, 13 days from Liverpool, N. S., with laths to D. Trump, Son & Co.
Schr A. J. Fabens, Bragg, 6 days from Newburyport, with mdse. to Knight & Sons.
Schr M. C. Moseley, Urann, 9 days from Savannah, with yellow pine boards to W. A. Levering.
Schr Elizabeth English, Crowell, from Boston, in ballast to Knight & Sons.
Schr D. H. Merriman, Tracey, 7 days from Frankford, Md., with 10,000 feet sap pine boards to Patterson & Lippincott.
Schr Kedron, McLaughlin, 7 days from Norfolk, Va., with shingles to Patterson & Lippincott.

BELOW.

Barque E. A. Kennedy, from Liverpool.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph.

EASTON & McMAHON'S BULLETIN.

NEW YORK OFFICE, July 2.—Eight barges leave in tow to-night for Baltimore, light.

BALTIMORE BRANCH OFFICE, July 2.—The following barges leave in tow to-night, eastward:—
Osprey; Hawkins; Lieut.-Gov. Jones; F. E. Greenman; R. J. Chard; G. H. Stuart; and D. Morgan, all with coal for New York.

PHILADELPHIA BRANCH OFFICE, July 2.—The barge Gen. Butler left with coal for New York.

MEMORANDA.

Steamship Claymont, Robinson, hence, at Norfolk 30th ult., and sailed again.
Barque Zulma, Hewitt, for Philadelphia, sailed from Havana 22d ult.
Barque Sarah B. Hale, White, for Philadelphia, remained at Matanzas 25th ult.
Barques Sandy Hook, Durphy, and Almoner, Gray, sailed from Cardenas 22d ult., for a port north of Hatteras.
Barque N. H. Haven, Hall, hence, at Boston yesterday.
Brig John Shay, Nickerson, hence, at Trinidad 21st ult.
Brig Josephine, Forbes, for Philadelphia, sailed from Trinidad 19th ult.
Brig Josie A. Devereux, Clark, for Philadelphia, was up at Charleston 30th ult.
Brig F. H. Todd, Maguire, hence, at Boston 1st inst.
Brig New Dominion, at Ponce 18th ult., to sail 19th for a port north of Hatteras.
Brig J. D. Lincoln, Merryman, sailed from Cardenas 21st ult., for Caibarien.
Schr Armada, for north of Hatteras, was loading at Ponce 18th ult.
Schr Ada A. Andrews, Kelley, hence, at Marblehead 28th ult.
Schr H. G. Ely, McAllister, hence, at Norfolk 29th ult.
Schrs North Pacific, Eaton, and J. Burley, Saunders, hence, at Providence 30th ult.
Schr S. W. Bunnell, Bunnell, for Philadelphia, sailed from Providence 30th ult.
Schr W. S. Hilles, sailed from Alexandria 30th ult., for Boston.
Schr Elite, Wolford, hence, at Norfolk 30th ult.
Schr Hornet, Gapes, from North Carolina for Philadelphia, at Norfolk 30th ult.
Schr Hope, Smith, cleared at Baltimore 1st inst., for Chester, Pa.
Schrs James Bradley, Bradley, for Deep River; Morning Star, Lynch, for Derby; Reading RR. No. 77, Carroll, for Norwich; and Lady Emma, Snedecor, for Bridgeport, all from Philadelphia, at New York 1st inst.
Schr M. Hand, Martin, hence, at New York 1st inst.
Schrs C. & C. Brooks, Brooks, from Pawtucket, and R. Law, York, from Stonington, both for Philadelphia, passed Hell Gate 1st inst.
Schr Ruth Shaw, from Boston, at Alexandria 30th ult.

MISCELLANY.

Schr Wanderer was launched from off the railway at Norfolk 29th ult., having been put in complete order, with new keelson, and keel, and new metal. She has been purchased by a firm in Philadelphia for $10,000, and would leave for destination in about a week.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A spar buoy, painted with red and black horizontal stripes, has been placed on the north end of Crow Shoal, Gardiner's Bay, eastern end of Long Island, in fifteen feet of water. The shoal water lies to the southward of it, and must be left on the starboard hand by vessels passing the Shoal and Gardiner's Island, and on the port hand by vessels bound for Sag Harbor.

A buoy painted with red and black horizontal stripes has also been placed to mark the Sheepshead Rock, entrance to Greenport, Long Island; it is in fifteen feet of water, and can be passed on either side.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR THE SUMMER.—TO PREVENT sunburn and all discolorations and irritations of the skin, bites of mosquitoes or other insects, use Wright's Alconated Glycerine Tablet. It is deliciously fragrant, transparent, and has no equal as a toilet soap. For sale by druggists generally. R. & G. A. WRIGHT, No. 624 CHESNUT Street. 2 4½

U. S. OFFICE OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS. —An appropriation ($50,000) having been made by Congress for purchasing
ARTIFICIAL LIMBS FOR OFFICERS
of the United States Army and Navy mutilated in the service, applications may now be made, in person or by letter, by officers entitled to the benefit of the act, and who desire the best Artificial Limbs, to
Dr. B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist,
No. 1609 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia,
No. 678 BROADWAY, New York,
No. 81 GREEN Street, Boston.
126 Offices for Supplying Army and Navy Officers.

JAMES M. SCOVEL, LAWYER, CAMDEN, N. J.
Collections made everywhere in New Jersey. 6 12 t9 1

DR. F. R. THOMAS, THE LATE OPErator of the Colton Dental Association, is now the only one in Philadelphia who devotes his entire time and practice to extracting teeth, absolutely without pain, by fresh nitrous oxide gas. Office, 1027 WALNUT St. [5 12½

VERY SUPERIOR OOLONG TEAS (Black) in 5, 10, and 15 pound Handsome Caddies, at wholesale prices.
FAIRTHORNE & CO., No. 205 N. NINTH and
1 2stuthm No. 1036 MARKET Street.

BRANCH OFFICE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CHICAGO, N. E. corner FIFTH and WALNUT Streets.
A semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. has been declared, and is now payable at this Office.
SABINE & ALLEN, Managers.
Cash Assets June 1, $1,400,000. 7 1 6t

OFFICE OF THE UNION PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, TWENTY-THIRD and BROWN Streets.
PHILADELPHIA, June 29, 1869.
The Coupons for interest on the Bonds of this Company, due July 1, 1869, will be paid (free of tax) on presentation at the office of JACOB E. RIDGWAY, No. 57 South THIRD Street, on and after Thursday, July 1.
6 30 6t WM. H. KEMBLE, Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ELLIS' IRON BITTERS. — "HAVING used your Iron Bitters in my practice, I can testify to its superior tonic properties for invigorating the appetite and promoting digestion. I can unhesitatingly recommend it in cases of general debility and dyspepsia, and in conditions of the system requiring the use of a ferruginous tonic. Its agreeable flavor must recommend it to all. Yours, respectfully, CHAS. S. GAUNT, M. D., Professor in the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery." [2 4 tu th f st
For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, No. 602 ARCH Street, and by Druggists generally.

"A PENNY SAVED IS EQUAL TO TWO Earned."—The time to save money is when you earn it, and the way to save it is by depositing a portion of it weekly in the old FRANKLIN SAVING FUND, No. 136 S. FOURTH Street, below Chesnut. Money in large or small amounts received, and five per cent. interest allowed. Open daily from 9 to 3, and on Monday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock. CYRUS CADWALLADER,
2 16 Treasurer.

OLD OAKS CEMETERY COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE, No. 518 WALNUT STREET.
This Company is now prepared to dispose of Lots, clear of all incumbrance, on REASONABLE TERMS. The advantages offered by this Cemetery are well known to be equal if not superior to those possessed by any other Cemetery.
We invite all who desire to purchase Burial Lots to call at the office, where plans can be seen and all particulars will be given.
To societies desiring large tracts of land a liberal reduction will be made.
ALFRED C. HARMER, President.
MARTIN LANDENBERGER, Treasurer.
MICHAEL NISBET, Secretary. 1 11 6m

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, June 30, 1869.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.
The Transfer books of this company will be closed on Thursday, July 8, and reopened on FRIDAY, July 23.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
has been declared on the preferred and common stock, clear of national and State taxes, payable in common stock on and after the 22d of July next, to the holders thereof, as they stand registered on the books of the company at the close of business on the 8th of July next. All payable at this office.
All orders for dividends must be witnessed and stamped. S. BRADFORD,
7 1 26t Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 3d, 1869.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1869.
Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the Office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.
The Office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. THOMAS T. FIRTH,
5 3 60t] Treasurer.
NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15.

GAS LIGHT FOR THE COUNTRY.



SAFE, RELIABLE, AND ECONOMICAL.

PLACED OUTSIDE OF BUILDINGS!!

FERRIS & CO.'S AUTOMATIC GAS MACHINES

Have been in successful operation for eleven years, and in all cases given perfect satisfaction. The light is much superior to that of city gas, at much less cost. The many accidents arising from the use of KEROSENE and COAL OIL LAMPS and worthless gas machines should induce persons to adopt a safe, economical, and satisfactory light. The simplicity of our machine, its slow motion, its superiority over all others on account of its REVOLVING evaporator, which takes up all the carbon from the material, and the fact that it will run for years without cost for repairs, recommend it above all others in the market. The machine can be seen in operation at our Office, where explanations and references will be given.
FERRIS & CO.
6 1tuths 3m2p] No. 327 CHESNUT Street, Philada.
Best quality of GASOLINE always on hand.

FURNITURE, ETC.

FURNITURE.

T. & J. A. HENKELS
HAVING REMOVED TO THEIR
ELEGANT STORE,
No. 1002 ARCH Street,
Are now selling FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE at very Reduced Prices. 4 1 3mrp

FOR
BARGAINS IN FURNITURE
GO TO
RICHMOND & CO.
No. 45 South SECOND Street,
6 5 1m ABOVE CHESNUT, EAST SIDE.

PAPER HANGINGS.

PAPER HANGINGS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
NAGLE, COOKE & EWING,
LATE WITH
HOWELL & BROTHERS,
No. 1338 CHESNUT Street,
5 6thstu2m PHILADELPHIA.

BEAN & WARD,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
PAPER HANGINGS,
NO. 251 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
BETWEEN WALNUT AND SPRUCE,
PHILADELPHIA.
COUNTRY WORK PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 2 16½

LOOK! LOOK!! LOOK!!!—WALL PAPERS and Linen Window Shades Manufactured, the cheapest in the city, at JOHNSTON'S Depot, No. 1033 SPRING GARDEN Street, below Eleventh, Branch, No. 307 FEDERAL Street, Camden, New Jersey. 3 25½

COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, of all numbers and brands. Tent, Awning, Trunk, and Wagon-cover Duck. Also, Paper Manufacturers' Drier Felts, from thirty to seventy-six inches wide; Paulins, Belting, Sail Twine, etc.
JOHN W. EVERMAN,
1254 No. 103 CHURCH Street (City Stores).

BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, ETC.

MRS. M. A. BINDER,
DRESS TRIMMING AND PAPER PATTERN STORE,
N. W. Corner Eleventh and Chesnut Streets.

BARGAINS JUST OPENED,
New style Silk Tassel Fringe, 62 cents a yard, all shades.
REAL GUIPURE LACES.
A case Lace Points, Sacques, and Jackets.
Llama Lace Parasol Covers.
Black Thread Laces, all widths, at very low prices.
The genuine Joseph Kid Gloves, $1 per pair.
Misses' Colored Kids.
NEW STYLES PARASOLS AND SEASIDES.
Roman and Plain Ribbons and Sashes.
Paris Jewelry.
Plaid Nainsooks, French Muslins, Pique and Marseilles, Hamburg Edging and Insertings.
EXCLUSIVE AGENT
For Mrs. M. WORK'S Celebrated System for cutting Ladies' Dresses, Sacques, Basques, Garibaldi's, Children's Clothes, etc., by measurement, and full instructions given.
AGENTS WANTED.
Ladies are now making from $100 to $200 per month as agents for this system. 3 6 stuth½

BARGAINS.
CLOSING OUT STOCK OF
TRIMMED HATS
AND
BONNETS,
FOR 30 DAYS, AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.
P. A. HARDING & CO.,
No. 806 ARCH Street,
4 1 thstu3m PHILADELPHIA.

CHOICE GOODS—POPULAR PRICES.
PARIS FLOWERS, LINEN-BACK SATINS,
AND
LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS AND BONNETS
In Unrivalled Assortment.
S. A. & D. STERN,
NO. 724 ARCH STREET,
5 1 stuth2mrp PHILADELPHIA.

DRY GOODS.

POPULAR PRICES FOR DRY GOODS

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,
No. 727 CHESNUT Street.

REDUCTION IN DRESS GOODS.

Poplinettes.
Japanese Silks.
Grey Goods for Suits.
Embroidered Grenadines.
Lawns.
Ginghams.
Chintzes.
Chocolate Colored Linens.
Chocolate Colored Percales.
White Goods.
Mourning Goods.

RICKEY, SHARP & CO.,
NO. 727 CHESNUT STREET,
4 9 tfrp PHILADELPHIA.

GENT.'S FURNISHING GOODS.

PATENT SHOULDER-SEAM
SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
AND GENTLEMEN, FURNISHING STORE.
PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice.
All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS in full variety.
WINCHESTER & CO.,
11 2 No. 706 CHESNUT Street.

H. S. K. C.
Harris' Seamless Kid Gloves.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR GENTS' GLOVES.
J. W. SCOTT & CO.,
5 27rp NO. 814 CHESNUT STREET

THE IMPROVED SHOULDER-SEAM PATtern Shirt, manufactory of RICHARD EAYRE, No 58 N. SIXTH Street, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in large variety. Spring Undershirts and Drawers; also Scarfs, Bows, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, etc. 4 3 mws½

SOFA BED.

HOVER'S PATENT
COMBINATION SOFA BED
is decidedly the best Sofa Bed ever invented. It can be extended from a Sofa into a handsome French Bedstead, with hair spring mattress, in ten seconds of time. It requires no unscrewing or detaching, has no separation between back and seat, no cords to break, and no hinged foot attached to the top of the back to support it when down, which is unsafe and liable to get out of repair. It has the conveniences of a bureau for holding clothing, is easily managed and it is impossible for it to get out of order.
Price about the same as an ordinary sofa.
H. F. HOVER,
OWNER AND SOLE MANUFACTURER,
1 26 tuthsfm No 230 South SECOND Street.

CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!

WILLIAM D. ROGERS,
CARRIAGE BUILDER,
1009 and 1011 CHESNUT STREET.
Superior Carriages of my own manufacture built for the
DRIVING SEASON
OF
1869,
COMBINING
STYLE,
DURABILITY, AND
ELEGANCE OF FINISH
Attention given to repairing. [4 17 stuth 3m
Carriages Stored and Insurance effected.

GARDNER & FLEMING,
CARRIAGE BUILDERS,
No. 214 South FIFTH Street,
BELOW WALNUT.
A Large Assortment of New and Second-hand
CARRIAGES,
INCLUDING
Coupe Rockaways, Phætons, Jenny Linds, Buggies Depot Wagons, Etc. Etc., [3 23 tuths
For Sale at Reduced Prices.

BLANK BOOKS.

BLANK BOOKS.
The Largest Stock and Greatest Variety
OF
FULL AND HALF-BOUND
BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUM, PASS,
COPY-BOOKS, ETC. ETC.,
To be found in this city, is at the
OLD ESTABLISHED
Blank Book Manufactory
OF
JAS. B. SMITH & CO.,
No. 27 South SEVENTH St.,
6 18 thstu3m PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE AND SALESROOM, FIRST FLOOR; WAREROOMS, UP STAIRS.

PATENTS.

PATENT OFFICES,
N. W. Corner FOURTH and CHESNUT,
(Entrance on FOURTH street).
FRANCIS D. PASTORIUS,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS.
Patents procured for inventions in the United States and Foreign Countries, and all business relating to the same promptly transacted. Call or send for circulars on Patents.
Open till 9 o'clock every evening. 3 6 smth½

PATENT OFFICE.
PATENTS PROCURED IN THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE.
Inventors wishing to take out Letters Patent for New Inventions are advised to consult with C. H. EVANS, N. W. corner of FOURTH and WALNUT Streets, Philadelphia, whose facilities for prosecuting cases before the Patent Office are unsurpassed by any other agency. Circulars containing full information to inventors can be had on application. Models made secretly.
C. H. EVANS,
3 4thstu½ N. W. Cor. FOURTH and WALNUT.

STATE RIGHTS FOR SALE.—STATE Rights of a valuable Invention just patented, and for the SLICING, CUTTING, and CHIPPING of dried beef, cabbage, etc., are hereby offered for sale. It is an article of great value to proprietors of hotels and restaurants, and it should be introduced into every family. STATE RIGHTS for sale. Model can be seen at TELEGRAPH OFFICE, COOPER'S POINT, N. J.
427 MUNDY & HOFFMAN.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—THE COpartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of TILLINGHAST & HILT, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
The business of the late firm will be settled at their old office, No. 409 WALNUT Street.
JOSEPH TILLINGHAST,
DAVID B. HILT.
Philadelphia, June 30, 1869. 7 1 3t

THE FIRM OF TILLINGHAST & HILT having been dissolved, the undersigned takes this method to inform the public that he will still continue the business of an Insurance Agent at the old office, No. 409 WALNUT Street.
All kinds of Insurance placed in reliable Companies, and all losses promptly adjusted and settled, as heretofore.
Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
JOSEPH TILLINGHAST.
Philadelphia, July 1, 1869. 7 1 7t

THE UNDERSIGNED, OF THE LATE FIRM of Tillinghast & Hilt, hereby announces to his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to No. 117 South FOURTH Street, Basement, where he will still continue the General Insurance Business.
With thanks for their patronage in the past, he solicits a continuance of the same.
DAVID B. HILT.
Philadelphia, July 1, 1869. 7 1 7t

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK,
WALTER S. GRIFFITH, President.
A solid, safe, and reliable Company.
Assets over two million dollars ($2,000,000), most securely invested, and rapidly increasing.
A MEMBERSHIP OF OVER 10,000.
Persons contemplating assurance on their lives are invited to examine the literature of the Company, which may be had at the Philadelphia office,
Southwest corner of FOURTH and LIBRARY Streets
5 6 3 thstu3m B. K. ESLER, General Agent.

DEAFNESS.—EVERY INSTRUMENT THAT science and skill have invented to assist the hearing in every degree of deafness; also, Respirators; also, Crandall's Patent Crutches, superior to any others in use, at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 South TENTH Street, below Chesnut. 1 2

NEW SPICED SALMON — FIVE CASES just arrived. For sale by C. P. KNIGHT & BROS.,
7 1 3t* No. 114 SOUTH WHARVES.

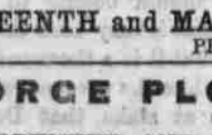
AMUSEMENTS.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S ARCH STREET THEATRE.
SUMMER SEASON,
under the management of Messrs. ELLSLER & DENIER with their celebrated
PANTOMIME TROUPE.
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK,
AND
SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
will be presented Mr. George L. Fox's great
FAIRY AND TRICK PANTOMIME
OF
HUMPTY DUMPTY,
which has had the unprecedented run of
585 NIGHTS
in New York, and performed in our Western and Southern cities by this Troupe
280 TIMES.
HUMPTY DUMPTY
will be produced in a style of completeness which stamps it as the
MOST ASTONISHING PANTOMIME OF THE AGE,
and courts comparison with the famous
ENGLISH CHRISTMAS PANTOMIMES.
Artists of the first reputation have been engaged, and no expense has been spared in any department to present
HUMPTY DUMPTY
in any respect inferior to its production in New York.
NEW COSTUMES.
WONDERFUL TRICKS.
BRILLIANT SCENERY.
SPLENDID PROPERTIES.
GORGEOUS PARAPHERNALIA
AND MAGICAL TRANSFORMATIONS.
HUMPTY DUMPTY
will be personified by the celebrated pantomimist,
TONY DENIER,
whose delineation of the wiggeries and waggeries of the
MERRY CLOWN
are unequalled.
Mr. GEORGE H. BEANE as the Simple Pantaloon.
Mr. HARRY LESLIE as the Nimble Harlequin.
Mad'lle AURIOL as the Tripping Columbine.
The Ballet will be under the direction of
MONS. HENRI ST. ODY,
the distinguished Maitre du Ballet, and comprises
SIGNORA TERESA ANTONINO,
the beautiful and graceful Premiere Danseuse.
M'LLE ALEXANDRINA,
the beautifully-formed Seconda Danseuse.
MISS BEANE, M'LLE BELLINI,
the accomplished and favorite Soloists.
BETTY WIEGEL AND SALLIE MANNING,
the charming dancers, and a
FULL TROUPE OF CORYPHEES.
To give full and satisfactory effect to the
GRAND SKATING SCENE,
the managers have engaged the
CHAMPION SKATER OF AMERICA,
MR. ALFRED MOE,
who will perform many graceful and difficult evolutions upon Parlor Skates.
The favorite Comedienne,
MISS C. JEFFERSON,
as the
SPIRIT OF BURLESQUE.
The new and brilliant scenery produced in Humpty Dumpty is from the master hand of the distinguished artist, J. FETTERS.
The bill board advertising scene by Mr. W. E. SMITH from designs furnished by PETER E. ABEL.
To prevent confusion and to avoid any misunderstanding, the Manager announces the following
PRICES OF ADMISSION.
ORCHESTRA CIRCLE AND DRESS CIRCLE, FIFTY CENTS
SECURED SEATS, in either circle......ONE DOLLAR
ORCHESTRA (or Parquet) SEATS......ONE DOLLAR
FAMILY CIRCLE..........TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
PRIVATE BOXES..........EIGHT DOLLARS
Seats can be secured at the Box Office daily from 8 A. M. to 3 P. M.
ALEX. FISHER, BUSINESS MANAGER for the Humpty Dumpty Troupe. 6 28 6t

VALER'S (LATE MILLER'S) WINTER GARDEN Nos. 720, 722, 724, and 726 VINE Street. THE GRAND ORCHESTRION, formerly the property of the GRAND DUKE OF BADEN, purchased at great expense by JACOB VALER, of this city, in combination with FLAMER'S ORCHESTRA and Miss NELLIE ANDERSON, will perform EVERY AFTERNOON and EVENING at the above-mentioned place. Admission free. 1 13tf

RACES.

SUFFOLK PARK,



MONDAY, JULY 5.
MATCH $1000.
A. Hamilton enters g. m. LUCY, to harness.
J. Cunningham enters b. m. KATE, to harness.
J. Challis, Pine bay, N. J., KATE, to harness.
J. Vanleer, FANNY, wagon.
Best 3 in 5. 1t

WINDOW GLASS.
The subscribers are manufacturing daily, 10,000 feet best quality of
AMERICAN WINDOW GLASS
They are also constantly receiving importations of
FRENCH WINDOW GLASS.
Rough Plate and Ribbed Glass, Enamelled, Stained, Engraved, and Ground Glass, which they offer at lowest market rates.
EVANS, SHARP & WESTCOATT.
5 29 3m No. 613 MARKET Street, Philada.

FIREWORKS.
The Original Fireworks Store, Established in 1832.
The largest and most complete stock in the city.
Exhibition Pieces of the most beautiful kind, for private display, and in great variety.
JOSEPH P. BUSSIER & CO.,
No. 107 South WATER Street and No. 108 South DELAWARE Avenue. 6 22 11t

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

R. R. THOMAS & CO.
DEALERS IN
Doors, Blinds, Sash, Shutters,
WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.,
N. W. CORNER OF
EIGHTEENTH and MARKET Streets
5 26 3m PHILADELPHIA.

GEORGE PLOWMAN,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
No. 134 DOCK Street, Philadelphia 3 85

FLOUR.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.
For the Trade or at Retail.
EVERY BARREL WARRANTED.
Keystone Flour Mills,
Nos. 19 and 21 GIRARD Avenue,
6 19 1mrp East of Front street.

REFRIGERATORS.

REFRIGERATORS & WATER-COOLERS finished in the best manner, and lower than elsewhere.
J. W. WEYMER,
No. 52 N. SIXTH Street.
OLD ONES REPAIRED. 6 5 1m

AGRICULTURAL.

PHILADELPHIA RASPBERRY, JUCUNDA, Agriculturist, and other Strawberry; Lawton Blackberry Plants; Hartford, Concord, and other Grape Vines. For sale by T. S. & C. E. FLETCHER, Delanco, N. J.

CORN EXCHANGE
BAG MANUFACTORY,
JOHN T. BAILEY,
N. E. corner of MARKET and WATER Streets,
Philadelphia.
DEALER IN BAGS AND BAGGING
Of every description, for
Grain, Flour, Salt, Super-Phosphate of Lime, Bone Dust, Etc.
Large and small GUNNY BAGS constantly on hand.
2 2½ Also, WOOL SACKS.

RODGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET KNIVES, Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish. RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOR SCISSORS of the finest quality.
Razors, Knives, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Polished at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street, below Chesnut.

Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING,

NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet); or eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents for two months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1869.

THE FIFTH OF JULY, in the good old Democratic times when "niggers had no rights that white men were bound to respect," was usually celebrated as the "colored people's fourth." In consequence, however, of the national holiday falling upon Sunday this year, the whole nation, white and black, will keep Independence Day in company. According to a usual custom THE EVENING TELEGRAPH will not be published on Monday, in order that all the attaches of the establishment may have an opportunity to enjoy a holiday and participate in the festivities of the occasion.

A REFORM TICKET.

WE laugh at the Egyptians for worshipping a cat; but after thousands of years of progress, there are men who contend that the best use we can make of our intellect and experience in local political affairs is to bow down in adoration before the altar of conventions whose priests are scoundrels and ruffians, and whose nominees seek power only to disgrace, wrong, and plunder the people whose suffrages they solicit. If we cannot release ourselves from the thraldom of rings and rowdies, let us no longer ridicule ancient superstitions nor boast of superior wisdom. If Republicans are to become the submissive servants of their corrupt legislators, and Democrats are to be marched to the polls under the banners of candidates whom they despise, simply because intrigue, violence, and corruption have decreed that honest men should thus be made the tools of knaves, let us boast no more of modern progress, let us abandon all claim to capacity for effective self-government, and let us call at once upon the bummers, the thieves, the gamblers, the prize-fighters, and the corruptionists of the city to issue their decrees and dispose of the offices of trust and emolument according to their sweet will, without the farce of a general election.

We see, however, many signs that the limit of public endurance has been reached, and that the people are ripe for the most righteous of all rebellions, a rebellion against the edicts of disgraceful and dishonest conventions. On the street, in the counting-house, and wherever men assemble together, they discuss this topic only to inform each other of additional outrages, and to express a fervent hope that some means will be devised for their deliverance from an oppression that has become insupportable. The Democratic journals cannot suppress their disgust with their ticket. Though they yield to the imperious sway of party despotism, they confess that the warnings they uttered before their conventions assembled have been disregarded, and they are conscious that their readers cannot do their imaginary duty as Democrats without disregarding the higher duty which overshadows all partisan obligations, of honestly seeking to promote the public welfare.

The Republican press is much more outspoken. The *Inquirer* demands the defeat of the renominated Republican legislators, and earnestly favors the organization of a reform party. The *Post* continues its earnest and vigorous opposition to the obnoxious Republican nominees. The *Bulletin* asks for "a new nomination in every legislative district which has put up an old member for re-election." As for ourselves, we are not only hostile to the objectionable nominees who have been placed on the Republican ticket, but ready to sustain any properly organized movement that affords a fair prospect of purging both parties of their refuse material, and to advocate the election of good Democrats in preference to bad Republicans. If rascals must be placed in power, we prefer that they should belong to the Democratic party, so that it may bear the odium of their infamies; but it is a thousand times better, at a juncture like the present, when no vital principles are at stake, that Democrats who are sincerely devoted to the public interests should be elected in preference to Republicans who are animated only by base and venal aspirations.

The practical question is, how can a reform be effected? Various suggestions have been made. One correspondent writes as follows:

"*Editor Evening Telegraph*:—Will you support an independent ticket, made up of names from both parties, such, as will commend themselves to the respectable portion of the community? I ask the question in all sincerity, because you have spoken some brave words against the rascality of the 'ring' in your own party, and because such a course is the only one that can eventually defeat the shysters who now control matters in both parties. You can rely upon the support and co-operation of thousands of Democrats who have sufficient self-respect left to refuse to vote for such characters as Ahern and the rest of the batch. Let the people hear from you.

"July 1, 1869. DEMOCRAT."

Another, after giving a vivid picture of the evil results of continued submission to "roughs and outlaws," says:—

"Is there no remedy? I have not a doubt that the mass of voters would not only vote for good men, but are anxious to do so, and would vote an independent ticket fully and cordially.

"Let somebody move in the matter for the selection of such a ticket—one composed of men of character and ability, representing all classes in the community.

"Is there not somebody who will take the initiatory steps? Where are the Welshs, E. K. Price, S. K. Shipley, Theodore Cuyler, G. W. Biddle, G. H. Stuart, W. C. Patterson, E. W. Clark, J. O. James, A. J. Drexel, Ed. S. Whelen, Jos Bartlett, H. M. Phillips, Fred. Fraley, Judge Brewster, S. V. Merrick, and hundreds of others, all business men who have their interests at heart? If they or such as they will only lead, there are sixty thousand voters who will follow."

Another correspondent suggests that the leading Republicans and Democrats of the city should cordially unite in recommending a ticket composed, in equal proportions, of men of both parties; and he thinks that committees appointed by the Union League and the Democratic Association at Ninth and Arch could discharge this delicate duty in a satisfactory manner. Another suggestion is that popular men of high character should be placed in the field for the lucrative Row offices, with the understanding that they would devote a large portion of their fees to the expenses of the proposed reform movement. Another correspondent suggests city and ward organizations pledged to vote for the best men on either of the present tickets, without reference to their political opinions. Up to this time no comprehensive plan of action appears to have been devised; but, in the present state of public opinion, any honest, sincere, and well-organized reform would exert a salutary influence, and achieve, in many respects, a substantial success. Every citizen should resolve to give his vote to no candidate who is notoriously unworthy of support; and since the rascals in the rings, in both parties, constantly combine to cheat the public, it will be strange indeed if the honest men of both parties cannot effectively combine to defeat the schemes of the rascals, and to elect officials who will neither defraud nor disgrace the community.

THE question of doing away with all patent laws is being seriously agitated in England, and some of the most influential journals are strongly in favor of abolishing the whole system, on account of the corruptions and abuses that have grown up about it. It certainly seems reasonable and right that the originator of an important and valuable invention should be able to obtain a reward proportionate to the benefit that is conferred upon the community. It is argued, however, that in a great majority of instances the original inventor receives almost nothing, and that valuable improvements fall into the hands of speculators and monopolists, to the damage of the public interests. In other cases inventors receive rewards out of all proportion to the good done to the community at large. It is certain that there are abuses in the patent system of this country as well as in that of England; and while, perhaps, it would be scarcely just to do away with the patent laws altogether, it is worthy of consideration whether some modification might not be made to advantage. The very decided manner in which some of the most liberal English journals have spoken in favor of the abrogation of the patent laws shows that there is an urgent necessity for reform in that country at least.

THE GRAND JURY which has just closed its labors gave vent to a little spite in its last hours. It appears that some of the strictures which have been made upon its doings by the public press of the city have not been altogether palatable, and hence it propounded to Judge Ludlow the query:—"Can the Grand Jury take official action against the proprietors of public journals for the publication of articles which, in their judgment, reflect unwarrantably upon themselves or upon the Court?" The "good men and true" who composed the Grand Jury probably thought that the addition of the grievances of the Court itself would materially strengthen their own cause of complaint, and enlist the sympathies of the judge in the anti-newspaper crusade. But Judge Ludlow appeared to think that the Court had no cause of complaint, and as for the Grand Jury, he curtly informed that body that its powers "are by no means so great as is supposed." The "good men and true," on the strength of this unfavorable opinion, very wisely concluded to let the abusive newspapers go unwhipt of justice.

MRS. GENERAL GAINES, it seems, has not yet succeeded in obtaining possession of her property in New Orleans, to which the Supreme Court of the United States declared her entitled about a year ago. For nearly forty years Mrs. Gaines prosecuted her suit with unfaltering patience, and the estate of her father, Captain Daniel Clark, to which she was finally declared to be the rightful heir, is estimated to be worth about $30,000,000. The land is occupied by nearly the whole of the city of New Orleans, and the decision of the Court, therefore, is a serious inconvenience to a great number of persons. Owing to the peculiar circumstances of the case, Mrs. Gaines offered to arrange with some of the present holders of her property on equitable terms, but more than eighty persons have combined to bring suit against her, and have compelled her to go into court again. There is no doubt that the lady will eventually succeed in getting her own, but it certainly seems that when a case of this kind has gone through all the courts, and a final decision given by the highest tribunal in the land, that there ought to be some means of enforcing the law.

IN RESPONSE to General Prim's announcement to the Cortes, a day or two ago, that the Government of the Regency did not contemplate a *coup d'etat*, we receive news by the cable this afternoon of formidable Carlist demonstrations in Vittoria, Carthagena, and Valencia. At Vittoria the disturbances were of a very serious character, the Alcalde being killed and a large number of citizens wounded. If the Regency does not decide upon a *coup d'etat* of some sort before many days, it will find itself overthrown by a *coup d'etat* of the people.

RADICAL "SPYS."—The New York *World* has discovered a new enormity to lay at the doors of the dominant party, which it has denominated "Radical Spys" (y short), for want of a better name. It is sufficient to say that this fresh iniquity is a sort of grand climax and consummation of all the old iniquities. "A Radical Woman," strange as it may appear, assisted the *World* in making the discovery.

SELF-SACRIFICING.—The anxiety to serve one's country in some public capacity is not confined to the United States. A new office was recently created in England—that of Chief Constable of the West Riding of Yorkshire—with a salary of $2500, travelling expenses, and a yearly allowance of $350 for a horse. There were fifty applicants for the position.

JUBILEE GILMORE—we trust none of the Boston papers will take offense at our familiarity—gets a $25,000 house and $20,000 from a benefit concert, as compensation for concocting and successfully managing the greatest hubbub that has ever been raised at the Hub or any other place. This is pretty good pay for a few months' work. The jubilee business will doubtless be remarkably popular and brisk for a time, in consequence, until, like all other sensations, it is finally run into the ground.

AN OLD ADAGE VERIFIED.—An old adage declares "that it is an ill wind that blows no good." This has had a singular as well as perfect verification within the past few days. A convention of modern Democrats is at best but an endurable evil, but conventions composed of such men as recently assembled in the various parts of our city, pretending to represent the Democratic party, inaugurated as they were amid confusion, and conducted with violence, even to bloodshed and perhaps loss of human life, are burning disgraces upon the character of our city and a humiliating spectacle to every well-wisher of our institutions. And yet, with all their evil, pernicious examples, and consequences, they produced one good result, for it is a notorious fact that, during their sittings, our street corners, particularly Ninth and Chesnut streets, were almost entirely free from loungers, swaggerers, rowdies, gamblers, pickpockets, and thieves, so that ladies venturing out were not in imminent peril at every corner of being insulted by look, word, or deed; and pocket-books, watches, and other valuables possessed double insurance against unwarrantable removal. So that, on the whole, it might be a profitable investment for our city authorities if they were to keep standing conventions of the Democracy, and thus rid the corners of the presence of the abominable characters that thereat do congregate. His Honor the Mayor's attention is respectfully directed to this suggestion.

"HUMPTY DUMPTY" RECONSTRUCTED.—We are gratified at being able to state that, in consequence of our criticisms on the subject, the offensive features that were introduced into the pantomime of *Humpty Dumpty*, now being performed at the Arch Street Theatre, have been removed, and we have been assured that there will be no further cause for complaint. An entertainment of this kind can be as funny as the greatest lover of fun can desire, and yet be entirely innocent: and if it is not innocent, it has no right to be performed. It is not worth while for managers and actors to say that the public desire such and such things, and, therefore, they are obliged to cater for the public taste. The theatres have no right to produce nastiness on the stage; and if they cannot pay expenses without, they should be compelled to shut up shop rather than that such things should be permitted. *Humpty Dumpty* is as good an entertainment as can be desired for this season of the year, and if properly conducted there is no reason why it should not be a source of legitimate amusement to the public and profit to the managers, and we are glad to see that the voice of public opinion has been so promptly respected in the matter referred to.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ TRINITY M. E. CHURCH, EIGHTH Street, above Race.—Rev. R. W. HUMPHRISS, Pastor, at 10½ A. M. Strangers invited.

☞ ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, THIRD STREET, below Walnut.—Service To-morrow at 10½ A. M. by Rev. J. J. HARRISON. Prayer meeting Saturday evening. Strangers invited.

☞ WEST SPRUCE STREET CHURCH, corner SEVENTEENTH and SPRUCE Streets.—Rev. W. P. BREED, D. D., will preach a sermon appropriate to the Fourth of July To-morrow at 10½ A. M.

☞ REV. THOMAS X. ORR, PASTOR OF the FIRST REFORMED CHURCH, SEVENTH and SPRING GARDEN Streets, will preach To-morrow (Sunday) Morning at 10½, and Evening at 8 o'clock.

☞ NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SIXTH Street, above Green.—Service To-morrow (Sabbath) Afternoon at 5 o'clock, by Rev. JOSEPH F. BERG, D. D. No morning service. Strangers welcome.

☞ FREE UNITARIAN CHURCH, CORNER ELEVENTH and WOOD Streets.—The Pastor, Rev. WILLIAM H. THORNE, preaches To-morrow at 10½ A. M. Evening service for the summer omitted.

☞ NORTH BROAD STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Green.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Dr. STRYKER, To-morrow, at 10½ A. M., on "National Independence;" at 8 P. M., "A Word Fitly Spoken." Strangers welcome.

☞ "WORDS OF '76.—WHAT MADE THEM a success?" 7½, "Gospel grandeur" at 10½. LUTHERBAUM ENGLISH LUTHERAN Church, TWELFTH and OXFORD Streets.—Rev. NOAH M. PRICE, Pastor.

☞ CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner EIGHTH and CHERRY Streets.—Rev. WILLIAM HENRY GREEN, D. D., of Princeton, New Jersey, will preach To-morrow (Sabbath) Morning at 10½ o'clock, and on every succeeding Sabbath morning during the months of July and August.

☞ TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH, CHESNUT Street, west of Eighteenth.—Rev. G. A. PELTZ, Pastor of the Church, will preach To-morrow morning, services commencing at 10 o'clock. Sunday School in the afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the evening at 7½ o'clock. The evening sermon will be omitted during July and August.

☞ PUBLIC WORSHIP.—BARTRAM, THE Botanist, in his delightful garden on the banks of the Schuylkill, the frequent resort of Philadelphians, placed a stone over the front door of his house, with this inscription, carved by himself:—

"To God alone, the only Lord,
Creator infinite, by me adored."

I will be one of a company to form a society, to meet on Sundays for public worship and mutual edification, adopting the above motto.

I have left my name with the editor, and any person wishing to join may do likewise. §

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ POST OFFICE.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 2, 1869.
MONDAY, July 5, this office will close at 11 A. M.
The usual early delivery and late night collection will be made. [1t] HENRY H. BINGHAM, P. M.

☞ OFFICE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 3, 1869.
A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Office of the Company on July 14, 1869, at 12 o'clock. 1t* ROBERT J. MEE, Secretary.

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the PHILADELPHIA AND CARUPANO SULPHUR MINING COMPANY will be held at their office, at No. 111 WALNUT Street, at 12 o'clock M. on TUESDAY, July 12.
1t H. A. PFEIL, Secretary.

☞ NINETY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE.
THE STATE SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI OF PENNSYLVANIA.
The annual meeting of this Society will be held at AUGUSTIN'S, No. 1105 WALNUT Street, on MONDAY, July 5, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.
Members of other State Societies who may be in the city on that day are invited to dine with this Society at the above-named place at 6 o'clock P. M.
GEORGE W. HARRIS, Secretary.
Philadelphia, June 26, 1869. 6 26 smwfa5t*

☞ DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION OF PENNSYLVANIA, No. 901 AND 903 ARCH STREET.
The National Anniversary will be celebrated by this Association on
MONDAY, JULY 5, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.
Reading of the Declaration of Independence by THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, M. A.
Oration by S. E. MEGARGEE, Esq.
A Band of Music has been engaged. The members of the Association and the public are cordially invited to participate. 1t

☞ DEDICATION OF THE WASHINGTON Statue, July 5, 1869.—The Statue of George Washington, to be presented to the city by the Washington Monument Association of the First School District of Pennsylvania, will be placed in position and presented to the city, with appropriate ceremonies, on MONDAY (July 5) next, at 9 A. M.
Judges of the Supreme Court, District Court, Court of Common Pleas, the Controllers, Directors, Teachers and Pupils of the Public Schools, the Mayor, Heads of Departments, Members of Select and Common Councils, Military, the Cadets attached to the Sixth School Section, as a guard of honor, and all associations bearing the name of Washington, are invited to participate in the ceremonies.
WILLIAM B. HANNA,
Chairman of Committee.
1t

☞ IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF HOSIERY.—Messrs. COOK & BROTHER, Importers of Hosiery, No. 36 North EIGHTH Street, claim to be the only firm in Philadelphia, keeping all grades of Hosiery at retail, who import their own goods. They feel assured—
First. That by avoiding the profits and commissions imposed in the ordinary course of trade they save their customers at least 25 per cent.
Second. That they have the quality of their goods under complete control, using the best yarns and employing the best workmen in their manufacture.
Third. That having direct access to European markets, they can keep a more complete stock than if dependent upon purchases made here of foreign goods.
A call from the reader is solicited at their store, No. 36 North EIGHTH Street. 5 5 wrfm3m

CLOTHING.

HOW
THE FOURTH OF JULY
WAS MADE.

In seventeen hundred seventy-six
Our fathers found themselves in a fix,
All on account of British tricks
Which were played on our infant nation.
For the Britisher people laid a tax
On the goods our fathers wore on their backs,
And tea, and soap, and sugar, and wax,
Which filled them with desperation.

And so our fathers, don't you see?
Tossed the chests of taxable tea
Into the depths of the briny sea,
With all the tea that was in them.
And, moreover, as everybody knows,
They said they wouldn't wear British clothes,
But dress themselves in such as those
Which our mothers could knit and spin them.

And they declared, the Fourth of July,
That, if need be, they were willing to die,
And this was the glorious reason why,
To establish the nation's freedom!
Hurrah! say we, for our fathers' grit!
Hurrah! for our clothes that are sure to fit!
Hurrah for ROCKHILL & WILSON!!! That's it!
They make clothes for all who need 'em!

Patriotic Fellow-citizens!!—If you burst your raiment with the exuberance of the joy with which you celebrate the noble deeds of our forefathers, remember that you can get plenty of the finest and cheapest Clothing, such as our forefathers never saw, and our foremothers never made, at the

Great Brown Stone Clothing Hall
OF
ROCKHILL & WILSON,
NOS. 603 AND 605 CHESNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

WESTON & BROTHER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

S. W. Corner NINTH and ARCH Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

DAILY RECEIVING
SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES OF
THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS.
A Superior Garment at a reasonable price.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. 3 31 3mrp

DREXEL & CO.,

NO. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

American and Foreign
BANKERS,

ISSUE DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR LETTERS CREDIT available on presentation in any part of Europe.
Travellers can make all their financial arrangements through us, and we will collect their interest and dividends without charge.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & Co., New York. | DREXEL, HARJES & Co., Paris. [3 10 4p

DARING ATTEMPT TO ROB
HERRING'S PATENT
FRANKLINITE BANKER'S CHEST.

PERRYVILLE STATION, PENNSYLVANIA RR., June 12, 1869.

MESSRS. FARREL, HERRING & Co.,
No. 629 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

Gents:—A persistent but unsuccessful effort was made on the night of May 29, 1869, to drill the Banker's chest received from you a few month ago.

From facts that have come to our knowledge, it is evident that the attempt to open it was renewed on Sunday evening following. Finding all efforts to drill it useless, the effort was then made to break the lock. The hammering was heard by parties in the neighborhood for several hours, but supposing it to arise from the railroad men replacing a defective rail, excited no alarm. The tools, with the exception of the drills, were left. It is evident that they were not only prepared, but perfectly familiar with the construction of your Chest.

That they failed is another evidence that your Banker's Chests are what you claim for them, Burglar-Proof.

Respectfully yours,
6 15 4p J. BALSBACK, Agent.

INAUGURATION
OF THE
WASHINGTON STATUE.

THE PUPILS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA:

Desirous of taking part in the inauguration of the STATUE OF WASHINGTON, on July 5, will assemble

To-morrow (Saturday) Afternoon,
3d inst., at 2½ P. M.,
AT CONCERT HALL, CHESNUT STREET, ABOVE TWELFTH, FOR REHEARSAL.

By order of Committee.
G. F. GORDON.
WASHINGTON J. JACKSON.
HENRY MATHER.
JOSEPH COOPER.
7 2 2t JAMES FREEBORN.

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Closing out Stock of Spring Importations, to make room for New Goods.

Plain Silk Fringes, 14c. per yard and upwards.
Fancy Silk Fringes, 50c. per yard and upwards.
Knotted Silk Fringes, 80c. per yard and upwards.
Satin Quilled Ribbons, No. 3, Black, $1·70 per piece.
No. 4 Colors and Black Satin Quilled Ribbons, $2 per piece; also, Nos. 6, 7, 9, 12, in Black.
Real Guipure Laces, 15c. per yard and upwards.
Real Thread Laces, 25c. per yard and upwards.
Real Valenciennes and Cluny Laces at very low prices.
Quilled Alpaca Braids, all colors, for travelling suits, $1·30 per piece.
A full line of Pique Trimmings, very low.

J. C. MAXWELL,
LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS,
PAPER PATTERNS,
S. E. COR. CHESNUT AND ELEVENTH,
6 9 stuth3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

☞ PEREMPTORY SALE—ON THE PREMISES, Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Coal Yard, Building Lots, Tracts of Timber Land, Lumber, Fence Rails, Posts, Cords of Wood, Kindling, Horses, Harness, Wagon, etc., etc., at Berlin, Camden county, N. J., about 15 miles southeast of Camden, on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad. On Saturday, July 24, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, without reserve, on the premises, the following described properties, viz.:—

No. 1.—Coal Yard.—A lot of ground, occupied as a coal yard, fronting on Washington and Jefferson streets, near the depot, at Berlin, Camden county, N. J.; the lot containing in front on Jefferson street 82 feet, and in depth 125 feet.

No. 2.—Building Lots.—6 desirable building lots, adjoining the above; each 40 feet front, 125 feet deep.

No. 3.—20½ Acres of Timber, divided into 14 lots, each of about 1½ acres, situate about one mile east of the depot. 5 years to remove the timber.

No. 4.—Tract of Land, known as "Doomremy," about 2½ miles from Berlin Depot, divided into 12 tracts, each of about 25 acres, adapted to the growth of cranberries, truck, and fruit. Within 5 miles of marl.

No. 5.—At the Depot, 125 cords of wood, red cedar posts and boards, 1000 pine rails, cypress shingles, horse, team wagon, harness, kindling wood, grindstone, sled, etc., etc. See plan. Full particulars given and the properties will be shown by Charles E. French, at Berlin, N. J. Sale absolute.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
7 3 10 17 23 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

☞ PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS, AUCTIONEERS.—Valuable business stand. Three-story brick store and dwelling, No. 610 South Fifth street, Camden, New Jersey, 44 feet front. On Tuesday, July 13, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that very desirable three-story brick messuage, with two-story back building and lot of ground, situate at No. 610 S. Fifth street, Camden, New Jersey; the lot containing in front on Fifth street 44 feet, and extending in depth of that width 80 feet, then narrowing to 22 feet, and extending still farther in depth 100 feet—the entire depth being 180 feet to William street. The house is well built; has store, sitting-room, and dining-room on the first floor; parlor, 3 chambers, and bath on the second floor, and 3 chambers on the third floor; gas, hot and cold water, stationary washstands, range, furnace, etc. Terms, $4500 may remain on mortgage. Immediate possession. May be examined any day previous to sale. See view at the auction store.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
7 3 s 21 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

STEAMBOAT LINES.



FOR CAPE MAY, ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.
On and after SATURDAY, June 26, the new and splendid steamer LADY OF THE LAKE, Captain W. THOMPSON, will commence running regularly to CAPE MAY, leaving ARCH STREET WHARF on TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS at 9 o'clock, and returning leave the landing at Cape May on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and SATURDAYS at 8 o'clock.
Fare, including Carriage hire.....$2·25
Children " " ..... 1·25
Servants " " ..... 1·50
Season Tickets $10—Carriage hire extra.
The LADY OF THE LAKE is a fine sea boat, has handsome state-room accommodations, and is fitted up with everything necessary for the safety and comfort of passengers.
Freight received until 8½ o'clock. For further particulars inquire at the Office, No. 38 North DELAWARE Avenue. G. H. HUDDELL,
6 24 tf CALVIN TAGGART.



SUNDAY TRIPS UP THE DELAWARE.—The splendid and commodious steamer EDWIN FORREST will leave ARCH street wharf at 8 o'clock, and Megargee's wharf, Kensington, at 8½ o'clock A. M., for Florence Heights and White Hill, touching each way at Bridesburg, Tacony, Andalusia, Beverly, Burlington, Bristol and Robbins' wharf; returning, leaves White Hill at 4·45 P. M., and Bristol, 5·45. Fare each way, 25 cents. Excursion tickets, 40 cents. 7 3 stf



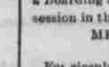
FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION up the River.—The splendid steamer JOHN A. WARNER will make two Excursions on MONDAY, July 5, to Burlington and Bristol, leaving Chesnut street wharf, Philadelphia, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M., and Megargee's wharf, Kensington, at 10½ A. M. and 2½ P. M., touching at Riverton, Torresdale, Andalusia, and Beverly. Returning, leaves Bristol at 12 o'clock M. and 4 o'clock P. M. Fare for the excursion, 40 cents. 1t



FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION TO TRENTON.
The Steamboat EDWIN FORREST will make an Excursion to Trenton on MONDAY, July 5, leaving ARCH Street Wharf, Philadelphia, at 9 o'clock A. M., and Megargee's Wharf, Kensington, at 9½ o'clock A. M., stopping at Bridesburg, Tacony, Torresdale, Andalusia, Beverly, Burlington, Bristol, Florence, Robbins' Wharf, and White Hill. Returning, leaves Trenton at 3 o'clock P. M. Fare for the Excursion to Trenton, 50 cents; intermediate places, 40 cents. 1t



SUNDAY TRIPS.—THE SPLENDID Steamboat JOHN A. WARNER will leave Philadelphia (Chesnut street wharf) at 1½ and 6 o'clock P. M.; Megargee's wharf, Kensington, at 2 o'clock P. M. for Burlington and Bristol. Touching at Riverton, Andalusia, and Beverly. Returning, leaves Bristol at 8½ o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. Fare, 25c. Excursion, 40c. 7 9 stf



FOR WILMINGTON ON MONDAY, July 5.
The steamer S. M. FELTON will leave Chesnut street wharf on MONDAY, at 9·45 A. M., for Wilmington, and returning leave there at 1 P. M., stopping at Chester and Hook each way.
On this day the fare to Wilmington will be 20c.; Chester or Hook, 10c.
The boat will also leave Chesnut street wharf at 3·45 P. M. 1t



DAILY EXCURSIONS TO BEVERLY, Burlington, and Bristol, by the steamboat JOHN A. WARNER. Leaves Philadelphia, Chesnut street wharf, at 2 and 6 o'clock P. M. Returning, leaves Bristol at 6·30 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. Stopping each way at Riverton, Torresdale, Andalusia, Beverly, and Burlington. Fare 25 cents. Excursion, 40 cents. 7 3 3m



FOR CHESTER, HOOK, AND WILMINGTON.
The steamer ARIEL will leave CHESNUT street wharf every morning (except Sunday) at 8½ o'clock, and returning leave Wilmington at 3½ o'clock. Fare to Chester or Hook, 15 cents; Wilmington, 20 cents. 7 1 6t



GLOUCESTER POINT.—GO YOURself and take the family to this cool, delightful spot.
New steamers, with every comfort, leave SOUTH Street Slip daily, every few minutes. 6 18 3m*

PENNSYLVANIA
AND
New York Canal and Railroad Co.'s
SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.
A limited amount of these Bonds, guaranteed by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, is offered at
NINETY AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.
The Canal of this Company is 105 miles long. Their Railroad of the same length is fast approaching completion, and being principally owned by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, will open in connection therewith an immense and profitable trade northward from the coal regions to Western and Southern New York and the Great Lakes.
Apply at Lehigh Valley Railroad Company's Office No. 303 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia. [7 1 12t4p
CHARLES C. LONGSTRETH,
Treasurer Lehigh Valley Railroad Company.

INSTRUCTION.

THE LEHIGH UNIVERSITY,
SOUTH BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA.
Applicants for admission on SEPTEMBER 1, 1869, will be examined on MONDAY, June 21, or on FRIDAY, August 27. Apply to
HENRY COPPEE, LL. D.,
6 17 1m President.

THE EDGEHILL SCHOOL,
a Boarding and Day School for Boys, will begin its next session in the new Academy Building at
MERCHANTVILLE, NEW JERSEY,
MONDAY, September 6, 1869.
For circulars apply to Rev. T. W. CATTELL,
6 26 tf Principal.

NOTICE.—
I have this day sold my entire stock of Books, Stereotype Plates, Engravings, Copyrights, etc., to Alfred Martien, who will continue the Publishing and Bookselling business at the store lately occupied by me, No. 1214 CHESNUT Street.
All accounts may be presented to him for settlement.
JAMES S. CLAXTON.
Philadelphia, July 1, 1869.

In accordance with the above, I beg to announce to my friends and others that I have resumed the Book-Publishing business, and will conduct the same at No. 1334 CHESNUT Street.
The Printing and Stereotyping business will be continued, as heretofore, at the premises, Nos. 619 and 621 JAYNE Street and No. 21 S. SEVENTH Street.
The Publication Office of *The Presbyterian* and of the *Young Folks' News* will remain for the present at No. 21 S. SEVENTH Street. ALFRED MARTIEN.
Philadelphia, July 1, 1869. 7 1 stuth3t

DRY GOODS.

PRICE & WOOD

N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND FILBERT

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS!

Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks.
Soft-finish Cambrics, Brilliants, Piques, etc.
Plaid and Plain Organdies.
Plaid and Stripe Nainsooks.
Plaid and Stripe Swiss Muslins, etc. etc.
Shirred Muslins, 50, 65, 75, 81, 85 cents, and $1 per yard.
Handsome Marseilles Quilts.
Honeycomb and Jacquard Quilts.
Colored Tarletans for covering.
Mosquito Netting, by the piece or yard.
Table Linens, Napkins, and Towels.
Bleached and Unbleached Muslins.
Bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Hosiery and Gloves.
Ladies' and Gents' Hdkfs, plain and hemstitched.
Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs.
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings.
Magic Ruffings, Coventry Ruffings.
Marseilles Trimmings and Registered Edging cheap.

FANS! FANS! FANS!

Fans very cheap.

Linen Fans, Autograph Silk Fans, Japanese Fans and Palm Leaf Fans. [4 3aw

PRICE & WOOD,

N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND FILBERT

NEW IMPROVED BATHING ROBE

For Ladies and Gentlemen.
For Misses and Children.
Bathing Caps and Belts.
The stock is large.
Rooms retired, prices low.
Serges for Bathing Robes.
Flannels, yard or piece.

TOURISTS' GOODS.

White Shawls of every kind.
Llama Lace Points.
Best Water-proof Cloaks.
Stylish Silk Sacques.
Linens for Travelling Suits.
Collars, Cuffs, Ties.
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs.

Having kept up our stock of these and some other essential summer things, we invite buyers' examination, feeling confident a visit will repay. [1 7 fam

COOPER & CONARD,

S. E. COR. NINTH AND MARKET STS.

ROSE AND BUFF TARLETAN for covering. 70 pieces of a very good and low-priced quality.

NEW FANCY STRIPED AND FIGURED MUSLIN.
20 pieces of the most beautiful figured, striped Revio Muslin for bodies, at a reduced price.

THREAD LACE COLLARS.
A large lot of the two kinds known as the Thread and Maltese, low in price.

LINEN TIDIES.
Invite especial attention to a very large lot, ranging in price from 28 cents to a very large size at $1·75; are 25 per cent. less than our recent lowest price.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
WORNE'S Lace and Embroidery Store will close during July and August at 6 P. M., and Saturdays at 1 P. M.

NAINSOOK MUSLIN—JOB GOODS.
A line of Nainsooks, commencing at 19 cents, much better than usual for the price.

SHIRRED SWISS MUSLIN.
Finest goods imported, 95 cents a yard, at
WORNE'S
It Lace and Embroidery Store,
No. 38 N. EIGHTH Street.

SUMMER GOODS

STOKES & WOOD,
S. W. COR. SEVENTH AND ARCH STS.,
Offer their entire stock of
Spring and Summer Dress Goods at
Greatly Reduced Prices.
Wash Poplins, Mohairs, Lawns, Organdies, Grenadines. [3 3 wa5
Japanese Silks, India Silks, Barèges, Lenos, etc.
A full line of Linen Goods, for Men and Boys.

PARASOLS.

PARASOLS.—ALL THE NEWEST London and Paris styles, which for novelty, variety, and elegance are unequalled. A large assortment of Lace Covers, Sea Side and Sun Umbrellas at the lowest prices, at H. DIXON'S Fancy Goods Store, No. 21 S. EIGHTH Street. 4 19 3m

GROCERIES, ETC.

ARRIVED, PER STEAMER QUEEN
FROM LONDON,
ANOTHER INVOICE OF THE CELEBRATED
LONDON
FANCY BISCUIT,
FROM
PEEK, FREAN & CO.
TO
SIMON COLTON & CLARKE
IMPORTERS,
S.W. CORNER BROAD AND WALNUT
7 1 stuth PHILADELPHIA.

FINE TEAS
AT
LOW PRICES.
Thompson Black's Son & Co.,
BROAD and CHESNUT Sts.,
4 8 stuth3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

NEW SPICED SALMON,
FIRST OF THE SEASON.
ALBERT C. ROBERTS,
Dealer in Fine Groceries,
11 75 Corner ELEVENTH and VINE Streets.

WIRE WORK.

GALVANIZED and Painted WIRE GUARDS, for store fronts and windows, for factory and warehouse windows, for churches and cellar windows.
IRON and WIRE RAILINGS, for balconies, offices, cemetery and garden fences.
Liberal allowance made to Contractors, Builders, and Carpenters. All orders filled with promptness and work guaranteed.
ROBERT WOOD & CO.,
7 8 stuth6m No. 1136 RIDGE Avenue, Phila.

NEW-YORKISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW YORK, July 3, 1869.

In spite of the decision of the Philadelphia *Ledger* that the 5th of July is not a legal holiday, we intend to try what we can do in New York. Every kind of fire-cracker has been bubbling forth fire during the past month, and pyrotechnic scaffolds are already up in the open spaces around the public parks.

Does not the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals include children in the list of animals? If so, it ought to do something in punishment of the teachers in private schools who, every other week, are made to figure in our police courts on the charge of cruel floggings administered to their hapless pupils. Corporal punishment is prohibited in the public schools of New York, but the law has not reached the private schools yet, though some of the scenes transacted in the "whipperies" of our first-class establishments might well call in its aid. The love of whipping is a morbid passion, which grows by what it feeds on. "David Copperfield" says, in his autobiography, that the schoolmaster of his youthful days was never so happy as when he had a chubby boy tight in his grasp, raising wheals upon his tender flesh with the other. I suppose there is a certain piquancy in feeling the strugglings of the victim, and in the sense of power the flagellation creates in the breast of the flagellator. Rousseau says, in his "Confessions," that when he was a boy he used to enjoy being flogged by his governors; and the articles lately published in English newspapers about the "Birch and the Boudoir" go to prove that at certain schools, as in some of the private ones of this and other large cities, and in certain families where Puritan severity is the order of the day, castigation is elevated into a fine art, and so administered to the young of both sexes as to combine the greatest pain and shame to the sufferer with the most provoking piquancy to the triumphant inflictors.

The trials of police officers occasionally develop some curious cases. For instance, one man was yesterday fined two days' pay for sitting on a fish-stand; another was fined an equal amount for playing with a fellow-officer in a private yard. Of course such trifles as clubbing a man without cause and locking him up in the station-house "don't count," and deductions are omitted.

The last of the strawberries have been sent us from Hammonton, N. J., and considering that it has already supplied us with one million quarts, I think that is doing pretty well. It is said that the raspberry and blackberry crop will be very large in the same quarters.

Why should the public be so greatly surprised at the conduct of Edward B. Ketchum? Although there is nothing new under the sun, some things are so extremely antique as to have the appearance of novelty, and for hundreds of years in the history of this wicked world there have been repentant sinners who have proved their repentance in a manner that left no doubt upon the minds of even the scoffers. Mr. Ketchum is a high-toned criminal, and I admire high tone, whether it occurs in saints or sinners. As a rule, people who repent do not make good criminals. Their sin finds 'em out too soon, and your criminal ceases to be interesting as soon as he begins to whimper, unless the sinner be a she, and not a he, and possesses the art of weeping without getting a red nose. As long as young Ketchum is unwilling to escape from the hands of the law upon a technical requisition, and will accept no relief but that of unconditional pardon, he shuts us all up, our sardonic smiles vanish, and we have nothing to say, excepting that he evinces moral spunk. Nevertheless it must be interesting to notoriously sin, then notoriously repent, and feel that the world generally will bear you no grudge when your prison doors are unlocked and you walk forth to join your mates again.

Think what a load is off the breast when you once more face the world a clean man, with all your past atoned for, and life before you once again! I don't speak of the repentant Magdalens now. The justice of the world is such that no Sorosis has yet purified it, and the puny sin of the woman who falls clings to her to her last hour, while the wretch who causes her error is loved and feted by even virtuous women who "know all about him." Not to moralize, however, I think Mr. Ketchum, that notorious New Yorkism, has done the right thing.

One of the evening papers here has instituted a new style in seaside correspondence. It publishes afternoonly a short letter from some half-dozen watering places, in which the various items are compressed each into two or three lines. About twenty of these items are compressed into each letter, so that the effect of reading them is not fatiguing. Fashionable intelligence is boiled down to the most incandescent degree, and although people *do* say that the watering places whence they are written are not a hundred miles from the editorial rooms of the paper in question, but that they are manufactured at that, there is no occasion for believing such scandal. I wouldn't wish to be scandalous, bless you! whatever else I was.

The strike which recently took place among the waiters at the hotels here has caused an unpleasant reaction among the Biddies. The Biddies of New York were always the worst servant-gals in Christendom—worse than those of Philadelphia by all that is imaginable. They lead a more reckless and hardening life, make more money and spend more, and through the means supplied them by their secret clubs, and the property they manage to "lift" while in service, live better when out of a situation than while they are in one. The hope of getting a good servant-girl in New York is wholly chimerical, and some hopeful writer in a recent number of the *Atlantic* places his only faith in the speedy importation of the Chinese.

Quite a thriving business is carried on in this city by ladies who prepare fashion articles for newspapers and magazines. Indeed, in some cases, fashion literature pays better than romantic literature does. In fact all kinds of literature are beginning to be better remunerated. I know of one lady who assists her husband to the amount of twenty dollars per week, at the expenditure of very little toil; and in these days, when marketing is not so cheap as it was twenty years ago, and you are fortunate in getting a cosy little house in anything like a "situation" for $3500 or $4000, twenty dollars per week is not to be despised. But, then, to think how much of one's talk is made up of money gossipings, the loquacity of lucre, as though it were not disgusting enough to do hard work for hard cash without talking of it afterwards!

ALI BABA.

CITY ITEMS.

ALPACA, DRAP D'ETE, AND LINEN SACK COATS.
Black and Fancy Colors Cloth Sacks, light weight.
Black and Fancy Colors Cloth Chesterfields, light weight.
Linen and Duck Pants and Vests.
Linen Dusters, for Travelling.
Everything in the way of Clothing suited to the Season.
A large assortment, selling rapidly, but replenished daily; new, fresh, and fashionable; superior to any ready-made stock in Philadelphia. Sold at prices guaranteed lower than the lowest elsewhere, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.
HALF WAY BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth Streets. } BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, No. 518 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA. AND 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

GROVER & BAKER'S Highest Premium Sewing Machines, No. 730 Chesnut street.

OUR FOURTH.—
We *must* have our squib for the Fourth of July,
If only a slight puff it raises;
We may blow up our house, for diversion, thereby,
But it benefits business like blazes!

The National Fourth, and our fourth size of *Sphere*,
Are both good to *keep*, as you take them;
The first coming round only once in a year,
While the others come *round* as we make them!

However weak men may be tempted to spree,
By the holiday's leisure and clatter;
Our SPHERICAL SAFE has the virtue to be
Neither cracked, nor unhinged, by a batter!

In these, lock your greenbacks or gold, as you choose,
And go to {Long Branch / Cape May} for the season,
No varlet will venture your money to use,
For Jack's famous supperless reason.

Then all may be gay, and go in on our Fourth
To bore us as much as they can;
We know of a Bank, all this wild time of mirth,
That is Safe on the sensible plan.

Secure Spherical Safes, for sale by MARVIN & CO., No. 721 Chesnut street.

CHARLES STOKES,

No. 824 CHESNUT STREET,

MERCHANT TAILOR

AND

CLOTHIER.

GENTLEMEN CONTEMPLATING visiting the sea-shore are requested to examine the assortment of thin clothing now arranged for their inspection on the counter at No. 824 Chesnut street.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES
On easiest possible terms, by
O. F. DAVIS, No. 810 Chesnut street.

HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'s Pianos, No. 927 Chesnut street, are unequalled in durability, brilliancy, tone, and power. Distinguished pianists say they are the best. We never listened to any Piano so enchanting.

WHITE STONE CHINA CHAMBER SETS—Ten pieces, $3·00, at KERR'S CHINA HALL, No. 1218 Chesnut street.

WHITE STONE CHINA TEA SETS.—Forty-six pieces (cups with handles), $5.
Forty-four pieces (cups with handles), $4.
All best quality, at KERR'S CHINA HALL, No. 1218 Chesnut street.

WHITE STONE CHINA DINNER SETS, 76 pieces, $15; 105 pieces, $25·77, at KERR'S China Hall, No. 1218 Chesnut street.

KERR'S CHINA HALL.—We have arranged one portion of our store exclusively for cheap Goods, and intend in future to place in this department any article which may be in the least old style or imperfect, and will sell them regardless of cost. No. 1218 Chesnut street.
One thousand odd Castor Bottles, cut glass, 38c. each. Kerr's China Hall, No. 1218 Chesnut street.

FRENCH JELLY GLASSES. — Three sizes; stand hot water.
At KERR'S China Hall, No. 1218 Chesnut street.

WE HAVE just opened a large invoice of Green Glazed Dessert Table Ware, consisting of Plates, Fruit Leaves, Fruit Stands, etc. etc.
At KERR'S China Hall, No. 1218 Chesnut street.

JEWELRY.—Mr. William W. Cassidy, No. 12 South Second street, has the largest and most attractive assortment of fine Jewelry and Silverware in the city. Purchasers can rely upon obtaining a real, pure article furnished at a price which cannot be equalled. He also has a large stock of American Western Watches in all varieties and at all prices. A visit to his store is sure to result in pleasure and profit.

IT IS WELL to get clear of a Cold the first week, but it is much better and safer to rid yourself of it the first forty-eight hours, the proper remedy for the purpose being Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. Sold by all Druggists.

NO BASE BALL.—
The Base-ball boys are all alive
For sprightly recreation;
Out in the scorching sun they strive
With clubs from all creation.
Long stops make runs across the grass
For water (or for cool ale!)
And Batters give the *coup-de-grace*
By getting *coup-de-soleil!*
But we have quite another ball,
With nothing base about it;
We make no game in saying all
Should never be without it.
This ball is MARVIN'S SPHERICAL SAFE from all opposition;
We roll our ball with merry call
For honest competition.
Invulnerable Spherical Safes for sale by
MARVIN & CO.,
No. 721 Chesnut street.

FOURTH OF JULY CLOTHES!—
THIN,
COOL,
CHEAP,
STYLISH
ALPACA, LINEN, SERGE, DUCK COATS.
WHITE GOODS!
VERY HANDSOME AND
VERY CHEAP.
EVERY KIND OF
SEASONABLE GARMENTS.
Suitable for Wearing on Excursions,
When Travelling, or Staying at Home,
And especially suitable to
FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION,
at
WANAMAKER & BROWN'S
OAK HALL BUILDINGS,
The Corner of SIXTH and MARKET Streets.
NOTE—VERY, VERY CHEAP!

DIED.

SUTERS.—On the 1st instant, ELIZABETH SUTERS, wife of Enins Suters, deceased, aged 84 years and 2 months. The relatives and friends of the family, also Shackamaxon Tent, No. 4, D. of F., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, William Tiemann, No. 1158 Frankford road, on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE LATEST AND BEST,

THE PARHAM
NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

Combining all the good qualities of the best machines in the market, with many new and admirable features not found in any other. Is adapted for every description of family sewing and for light manufacturing purposes; is decidedly the most perfect, simple, and reliable FAMILY SEWING MACHINE ever invented. It is elegant in style and finish; simple in construction; noiseless in operation; makes perfect work on every description of material; is perfectly free in all its movements; is very light running, and is a pleasure for the operator to use it. Call and examine it at the office of
THE PARHAM SEWING MACHINE CO.,
NO. 704 CHESNUT STREET,
6 10 1m PHILADELPHIA.

CURTAINS AND SHADES.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

THE PATENT ADJUSTABLE WINDOW SCREENS fit any window, and keep out
FLIES, MOSQUITOES, AND ALL OTHER INSECTS.
For sale No. 16 North SIXTH Street.
WINDOW BLINDS AND SHADES of all kinds. REPAIRING, ETC.

B. J. WILLIAMS & SONS,
NO. 16 NORTH SIXTH STREET,
6 11 1m PHILADELPHIA.

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

INSURANCE.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF THE WORLD.

THE

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS.

CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICERS:

CLARENCE H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President.
JAY COOKE, Philadelphia, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice-President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Philadelphia, Secretary and Actuary.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Philadelphia, Medical Director.
J. EWING MEARS, M. D., Philadelphia, Assistant Medical Director.

This Company issued in the first TEN MONTHS of its existence

5395 POLICIES,

INSURING

$15,142,800.

This Company affords to its Policy-Holders

PERFECT SECURITY

By its Cash paid-up Capital of One Million Dollars, and guarantees to the insured, by its

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM

LARGE DIVIDENDS IN ARVANCE,

OR A REVERSIONARY DIVIDEND OF 100 PER CENT. BY ITS

RETURN PREMIUM PLAN.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 35 South THIRD Street,
PHILADELPHIA,

General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.

8 8 ws B. S. RUSSELL, Manager.

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

CHAMPION SAFES!

GREAT FIRE AT CAMDEN.

CAMDEN, June 7, 1869.

MESSRS. FARREL, HERRING & CO.,
No. 629 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

Dear Sirs:—At the very destructive fire of Messrs. McKeen & Bingham's Saw Mill, which occurred on the evening of the 6th instant in this place, the Safe manufactured by you, belonging to the late firm of F. M. Bingham & Garrison, was in the building and subjected to a very severe test, as the fire raged fiercely for several hours; and so great was the heat that the brass plates were melted off, and to our great surprise, when the Safe was opened, we found all the books and papers uninjured.

Yours, respectfully,
SAMUEL B. GARRISON,
Late of F. M. Bingham & Garrison.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES, "THE MOST RELIABLE SECURITY FROM FIRE NOW KNOWN," Manufactured and sold by

FARREL, HERRING & CO.,
NO. 629 CHESNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,
No. 251 BROADWAY, New York.

HERRING & CO., Chicago.

HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, New Orleans.

More than 30,000 Herring's Safes have been and are now in use, and over SIX HUNDRED have passed through accidental fires, preserving their contents in some instances where many others failed.

Second-hand Safes of our own and other makers having been received in part pay for the IMPROVED HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION, for sale at low prices. 4 17 4ptf

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

REMOVAL.

MESSRS. KEELER & FENNEMORE,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
NO. 5 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

Respectfully announce that on July 1, 1869, they will open to the public their new and splendid

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERIES,
No. 820 ARCH St., Philadelphia,

Where, with greatly increased facilities for transacting their business, under the firm of KEELER, SUDDARDS & FENNEMORE, they will be pleased to welcome all who may favor them with a call.
6 16 wfsm2m4p

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CAPE MAY.

FOR CAPE MAY.

SECOND GRAND EXCURSION

BY

WEST JERSEY RAILROAD

TO THE

SEA BREEZE EXCURSION HOUSE,

CAPE MAY,

ON MONDAY, JULY 5, 1869.

Last boat leaves Philadelphia, foot of Market street (upper ferry), at 6·00 o'clock A. M.

RETURNING,

The Excursion Train will leave Sea Breeze House Station at 6·00 o'clock P. M. (1t

FARE FOR THE EXCURSION..... $2·00

SEWELL'S POINT FISH HOUSE,

Cold Spring Inlet, Cape May, N. J.

PLEASURE AND FISHING BOATS TO HIRE.
Meals and Refreshments served at short notice, and the best attention paid to the wants of fishing parties and visitors to the Inlet generally.
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc., of the choicest brands.

H. W. FAWCETT,
7 1 1m PROPRIETOR.

STOCKTON HOTEL,
CAPE MAY, N. J.,
WILL OPEN ON THE 24th OF JUNE, 1869.

This Hotel has been erected within the past year; affords ample accommodations for nearly one thousand guests, and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.
For terms, etc., address
PETER GARDNER,
PROPRIETOR,
6 21m CAPE MAY, N. J.

CONGRESS HALL,
CAPE MAY, NEW JERSEY,
NOW OPEN.
FOR ROOMS, ADDRESS
J. F. CAKE, Proprietor.
Hassler's Full Band. 6 15 tuths6t

SEA BATHING.
NATIONAL HALL,
CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.
This large and commodious Hotel, known as the National Hall, is now receiving visitors.
6 24 2m AARON GARRETSON, Proprietor.

WARNE'S MODEL COTTAGES

(Opposite the Stockton Hotel),

CAPE MAY, N. J.

A few apartments, with board, in these splendidly-constructed Cottages, can be secured on immediate application at the Cottages to H. W. FAWCETT,
6 28 1m Proprietor.

CARR'S COTTAGE, JACKSON STREET, CAPE MAY, N. J., an entirely new and handsome hotel, just completed and newly furnished throughout, is now open for the season. Good accommodations for boarders. [6 28 1m] FRANCIS CARR, Proprietor.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL, CAPE MAY, N. J.—This delightfully located hotel is NOW OPEN for the season, where the undersigned, as heretofore, will devote his whole energies to the comfort of his guests.
WILLIAM MASON,
6 28 2m Proprietor.

PARKINSON HALL, HUGHES STREET, Cape May.—First-class Private Boarding House, commanding a full view of the Stockton House and ocean.
6 28 1m Mrs. E. PARKINSON JONES, Proprietress.

McMAKIN'S ATLANTIC HOTEL, CAPE May City, N. J., now ready for visitors, and to continue open the entire year hereafter.
6 28 1m JOHN McMAKIN, Proprietor.

CAPE MAY.—ADOLPH PROSKAUER, OF No. 222 S. THIRD Street, Philadelphia, MAISON DORRE, Restaurant *a la carte*, and hotel on European plan, corner of WASHINGTON and JACKSON Streets, Cape May. 6 28 1m

PHILADELPHIA HOUSE, CAPE MAY, N. J., is now open for the reception of guests. Address E. GRIFFITH, Cape May,
6 28 1m or No. 1004 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

LA PIERRE HOUSE, CAPE MAY, N. J.—This delightfully located hotel is now open for the season.
6 28 1m J. WIENER, Proprietor.

CAPE ISLAND.—PRIVATE BOARDING FOR FAMILIES at the FRANKLIN HOUSE.
6 28 1m MRS. H. W. GARDEN, Proprietress.

SHERMAN HOUSE, CAPE MAY, N. J., NOW OPEN.—Large airy single and communicating rooms. Spring Beds. Terms, $15 to $18 per week.
6 28 1m CLIFFORD & CO., Proprietors.

TREMONT HOUSE, CORNER FRANKLIN and WASHINGTON Streets, Cape May, N. J., will open on the 5d of July. Terms, $15 to $18 per week.
6 29 2m HUMPHREY HUGHES, Proprietor.

LAKE HOUSE, CALDWELL, LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.
Best of accommodations for Families and Gentlemen. Board, $3·50 per day; $14 to $17·50 per week, according to rooms. Open from June 1 to October 15. Address
6 1 2m H. J. ROCKWELL.

OLD MORAVIAN "SUN HOTEL," BETHLEHEM, Pa. Established 1758.
Two hours and a half from Philadelphia, via North Pennsylvania Railroad. Four trains daily; one train on Sunday. Terms moderate.
RIEGEL & SANDT,
6 3 1m Proprietors.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL.
Terms for JUNE $3·50 per day, or $21 per week. For JULY, $4 per day, or $21 to $28 per week.
6 3 30t SYLVANUS T. COZZENS

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER,
from the celebrated brewery of Ph. Best & Co., Milwaukee.
FIVE CENTS A GLASS.
Undoubtedly the best in the country.
6 26 smw4t PH. J. LAUBER, Nos. 24 and 26 South FIFTH Street.

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

HATS AND CAPS.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED and easy-fitting Dress Hats (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season. CHESNUT Street, next door to the Post Office. 11 19

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ATLANTIC CITY.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

Is Now Open for the Reception of Guests.

HASSLER'S BAND, under the direction of Simon Hassler, is engaged for the season.
Persons wishing to engage rooms will apply to
GEORGE FREEMAN, Superintendent, ATLANTIC CITY, or
BROWN & WOELPPER,
6 5 2m No. 827 RICHMOND Street, Philadelphia.

SURF HOUSE,

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

IS NOW OPEN FOR GUESTS.

TERMS MODERATE.

For rooms, terms, &c., address
THOMAS FARLEY, Proprietor.
Carl Sents' Parlor Orchestra has been engaged for the season. 6 1 2m

FOURTH OF JULY AT THE SEA SHORE,

VIA

CAMDEN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

TRAINS FOR ATLANTIC CITY LEAVE VINE STREET FERRY ON SATURDAY, JULY 3, AT 8 AND 9·45 A. M., AND 2, 3·15, AND 4·15 P. M.

The 2 and 3·15 P. M. Trains run through from Philadelphia in 2 hours.

Tickets sold on SATURDAY and SUNDAY, July 3 and 4, are good to return on any train on MONDAY, the 5th, or morning trains of TUESDAY, the 6th.

Fare for the Round Trip, $3.
6 29 5t D. H. MUNDY, Agent.

THE WHITE HOUSE,

AT ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

located on Massachusetts avenue, is now open for the reception of visitors. The bathing opposite the house is UNSURPASSED, AND THE BATHERS ARE SECURE FROM DANGER BY THE "SAFETY FLOATS" ENCLOSING THE BATHING GROUNDS! Apply to
7 2 fmw2m WILLIAM WHITEHOUSE.

CONGRESS HALL, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., GEORGE W. HINKLE, Proprietor. Now open for the season. It has been thoroughly renovated and put into complete order. In connection with the bathing there are new bath-houses, and Captain W. Tell Street's life lines and buoys introduced for the especial use of the boarders. 6 23 1m

WAVERLY HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., corner ATLANTIC and DELAWARE Avenues, opposite the United States Hotel. To those seeking comfort and pleasure this house has, in its delightful shade and eligible location, advantages seldom found on the seashore. M. J. JOY,
6 25 1m Proprietress.

THE NEPTUNE HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., is NOW OPEN. The location of this house only one hundred feet from perfectly safe and excellent bathing, together with its comforts as a First-class Hotel, make it a most desirable stopping place. For terms, apply at the Hotel, or at No. 707 Wood street, Philadelphia.
6 23 1m ROBERT L. FUREY, Lessee.

REED HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

(Next door to United States Hotel).

CHARLES SOUDER, M. D.,
6 23 1m Proprietor.

MACY HOUSE, MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., keeps open the entire year. Situated near the BEST BATHING; large airy rooms; furnished throughout with spring beds. Terms, $15 to $18 per week.
6 23 6w GEORGE H. MACY, Proprietor.

JOHN METZ'S

INLET HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY.
Purest brands of Liquors.
No "*tangle-leg*" sold on the premises. 7 2 1m

KENTUCKY HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
is now open for the reception of visitors.
MRS. M. QUIGLEY,
6 23 1m Proprietress.

COLUMBIA HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., opposite the Surf House,
IS NOW OPEN.
Terms to suit the times.
6 23 1m EDWARD DOYLE, Proprietor.

THE SCHAUFLER HOTEL, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. The best location on the island, with an A No. 1 table, and the best attention paid to its guests. Eighty fine sleeping chambers, with beds, etc., unsurpassed.
6 23 1m ALOIS SCHAUFLER, Proprietor.

DENNIS COTTAGE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. (MICHIGAN AVENUE),
Enlarged to double its former capacity, is now open for the reception of guests.
JOSEPH H. BORTON,
6 23 1m Proprietor.

COTTAGE RETREAT, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., is Now Open, enlarged and improved. Spring beds throughout the establishment. Rooms for invalids. Terms moderate.
6 23 1m MRS. McCLEES, Proprietress.

SEA VIEW HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., corner of PACIFIC and KENTUCKY Avenues, is Now Open for reception of guests.
LEEDS & DAVIS,
6 23 1m Proprietors.

SANK HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., corner of ATLANTIC and CONNECTICUT Avenues, is now open, enlarged and improved. One of the pleasantest locations on the island.
6 24 1m LEWIS REPP, Proprietor.

HADDON HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, FOOT of NORTH CAROLINA Avenue, near the beach, a new house just finished, is now open.
7 2 1m SAMUEL P. HUNT, Proprietor.

EVARD HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., (Pennsylvania Avenue, between Atlantic and Arctic,) is now open for the reception of guests.
6 24 1m T. F. WATSON, Proprietor.

TAMMANY HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., delightfully located on NORTH CAROLINA Avenue, is now open.
6 23 1m ELIAS CLEAVER, Proprietor.

MONROE COTTAGE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., ATLANTIC Avenue, first block above United States Hotel. Terms, $12 per week
6 23 1m WILLIAM MONROE, Proprietor.

THE "CHALFONTE," ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., IS NOW OPEN
for the reception of guests.
6 23 1m ELISHA ROBERTS, Proprietor.

HEWIT HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., will open July 1, and will be kept as formerly.
A. T. HUTCHINSON,
6 23 1m Proprietress.

MAGNOLIA COTTAGE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., a First-class Private Boarding-house (Pennsylvania avenue), is now open for the reception of boarders.
6 23 1m A. P. COOK, Proprietress.

MANN'S COTTAGE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. (Pennsylvania avenue), unexcelled as to location, comforts, conveniences, and the furnishing of the house, is now open for visitors. [6 23] C. C. THORN, Proprietress.

THE CLARENDON HOUSE, VIRGINIA Avenue, Atlantic City, N. J., is now open.
6 23 1m JOSEPH JONES, Proprietor.

THE ALHAMBRA,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
will open on the 26th inst. for the reception of guests.
6 23 1m R. B. LEEDS, Proprietor.

CENTRAL HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
is now open for the reception of guests.
6 23 1m LAWLOR & TRILLY, Proprietors.

CHESTER COUNTY HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
J. KEIM,
6 23 1m Proprietor.

LIGHT-HOUSE COTTAGE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., conveniently located to good and safe bathing, is now open. Leave cars at U. S. Hotel.
6 16 1m JONAH WOOTTON, Proprietor.

SEA-SIDE HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., is now open for the reception of guests.
6 23 1m EVANS & HAINES, Proprietors.

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.

OTHER SUMMER RESORTS.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD

TOURISTS'

SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS

TO

Niagara Falls, Montreal, Quebec, White Mountains, Boston, Lake George, Saratoga, New York, Etc. Etc.,

ARE NOW READY FOR SALE AT THE TICKET OFFICE,

NO. 811 CHESNUT STREET,
7 2 7t PHILADELPHIA.

SUMMER TRAVEL

VIA

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

The most popular route to

Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mauch Chunk, Easton, Hazleton, Mount Carmel, Allentown, Bethlehem,

And all points in the

LEHIGH AND WYOMING VALLEYS.

Four Through Trains in connection with Lehigh Valley and Lehigh and Susquehanna Railroads.

COMMODIOUS CARS, SMOOTH TRACK, FINE SCENERY, EXCELLENT HOTELS,

Are the specialties of this route.

Through Trains leave the Depot,

BERKS AND AMERICAN STREETS,

At 7·45 A. M., 9·45 A. M., 1·45 and 5 P. M.

ELLIS CLARK,
6 30 1m General Agent.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through at Mann's Express Office, No. 105 S. FIFTH Street.

SUMMER RESORTS
ON THE LINE OF
PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.

MANSION HOUSE, MOUNT CARBON,
Mrs. Caroline Wunder, Pottsville P. O., Schuylkill county
TUSCARORA HOTEL
Mrs. M. L. Miller, Tuscarora P. O., Schuylkill county.
MANSION HOUSE,
W. F. Smith, Mahanoy City P. O., Schuylkill county.
MOUNT CARMEL HOUSE,
Charles Culp, Mount Carmel P. O., Northumberland
WHITE HOUSE,
E. A. Moss, Reading P. O.
ANDALUSIA,
Henry Weaver, Reading P. O.
LIVING SPRINGS HOTEL,
Dr. A. Smith, Wernersville P. O., Berks county.
COLD SPRINGS HOTEL, LEBANON COUNTY,
William Lorch, Pine Grove P. O., Schuylkill county.
BOYERTOWN SEMINARY,
F. S. Stauffer, Boyertown P. O., Berks county.
LITIZ SPRINGS,
George F. Groider, Litiz P. O., Lancaster county.
EPHRATA SPRINGS,
John Frederick, Ephrata P. O., Lancaster county.
PERKIOMEN BRIDGE HOTEL,
Davis Longaker, Freeland P. O., Montgomery county.
PROSPECT TERRACE,
Dr. James Palmer, Freeland P. O., Montgomery county.
SPRING MILL HEIGHTS,
Jacob H. Breish, Conshohocken P. O., Montgomery co.
DOUTY HOUSE,
Theodore Dowell, Shamokin, Northumberland co. [5 4 6mwp

FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSIONS

Via North Pennsylvania Railroad.

EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to the principal points on this road and its connections, will be issued on July 3, 4, and 5, good to return until July 6, inclusive.

PASSENGER DEPOT,

CORNER BERKS AND AMERICAN STREETS.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,

No. 105 SOUTH FIFTH STREET.

7 1 3t ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

FOR LONG BRANCH,

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after THURSDAY, July 1, 1869,

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA
FROM WALNUT STREET WHARF,

8·00 A. M. / 2·00 P. M. — DUE LONG BRANCH AT — 12·19 P. M. / 6·12 P. M.

Fare: Philadelphia to Long Branch..... $3·00
Excursion Tickets..... 4·50

W. H. GATZMER,
7 2 1m Agent.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY AND PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROADS.
FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION
FOR
NEW YORK.

Excursion tickets will be sold from Philadelphia for all trains of 3d, 4th, and 5th of July.

Good to return from New York July 5, 6, and 7, by any of the trains except New York and Washington Through Lines.

$4 FOR THE ROUND TRIP.
W. H. GATZMER,
7 2 2t Agent.

CLIFTON SPRINGS HOTEL AND AIR CURE combined with Water Treatment.—This extensive and magnificent establishment, located on the Auburn branch of the great New York Central Railroad, midway between Syracuse and Rochester, is now opened for the reception of pleasure seekers and invalids. A lithograph of this spacious and elegant building, surrounded with a natural grove and beautiful drives, can be seen at the most important hotels and watering places after August 1. Terms for board, $3 per day; $12 to $18 per week; children and servants half price, subject to contract for four months at reduced rates. N. B.—Circulars sent on application. ALBERT CLEVELAND,
6 24 1m Proprietor.

EPHRATA MOUNTAIN SPRINGS,

LANCASTER COUNTY, PA.

This popular and well-known SUMMER RESORT will be opened for the reception of guests on the 15th of June, under the auspices of J. W. FREDERICK, the former proprietor.
The entire establishment has been renovated and refitted with new and elegant furniture. 4 27 2m

THE AMERICAN
COMBINATION BUTTON-HOLE
AND
SEWING MACHINE

Is now universally admitted to be superior to all others as a Family Machine. THE SIMPLICITY, EASE, AND CERTAINTY with which it operates, as well as the uniform excellence of its work, throughout the entire range of sewing, in

Stitching, Hemming, Felling, Tucking, Cording, Braiding, Quilting, Gathering, and Sewing on, Overseaming, Embroidering on the Edge, and its Beautiful Button-Hole and Eyelet Hole Work,

PLACE IT UNQUESTIONABLY FAR IN ADVANCE OF ANY OTHER SIMILAR INVENTION.

OFFICE,
S. W Cor. ELEVENTH and CHESNUT
6 16 tuthsmrp PHILADELPHIA.

SEE THE FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION.

AT THE "BEE-HIVE" POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

NO. 920 CHESNUT STREET.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.



BEING

A Diet for Mental Dyspeptics—A Salad for Small Salaries,

AND

A SALVE FOR BAD CUTS.

The whole carefully compounded and put up expressly for Family Use.

BY OUR SERIES EDITOR.

NUMBER CCXXX.

BILLY VIDKINS' FOURTH OF JULY.

I.

William is so excited over the anticipated pleasures of the morrow that visions of flags and rockets disturb his rest.



"'Tis now the dead of night; yet I, so coy a dame is sleep to me, can't win her to my bed."—*Richard III.*

II.

The morning of the "glorious Fourth" breaks, but it breaks with a heavy fall of rain. William's powder and spirits are both much dampened thereby.



"That keep the word of promise to our ear and break it to our hope. Some must go off; and yet by these I see, so great a day as this is cheaply bought."—*Macbeth.*

III.

The clouds clear off, the rain ceases, and the sun begins to shine forth. The day promises some sport yet. William, armed with a "fire-cracker pistol," a few "chasers," and a "double-headed Dutchman," sallies out in quest of sport.



"Now is the winter of our discontent made glorious summer by this sun—and all the clouds that lowered upon our house are in the deep besom of the ocean buried."—*Richard III.*

IV.

William and his comrade, meeting an "old party" in a one-horse shay, try their first "chaser." The success was all they could hope for. The old lady was thrown "higher nor a kite," and the party generally, including the horse, completely demoralized.



"A horse! a horse! my kingdom for a horse!" "Withdraw, my lord, and I'll help you to a horse." "Slave, I have set my life upon a cast, and I will stand the hazard of the die."—*Richard III.*

V.

The day's sport coming to a close, William seeks the paternal mansion *sans* money, *sans* fire-crackers, *sans* hat, *sans* part of his pantaloons; in fact, a wreck of his former self—powder and hard work having made way with a great part of his rigging.



"Had I but served my God with half the zeal I served my country, he would not, at my age, have left me naked to mine enemies."—*King Henry VIII.*

VI.

His tattered garments, blackened face, and the evil reports that had preceded him to his home, prepared his father's mind for giving William a warm reception, warmer, indeed, William thought, than was necessary, considering the natural state of the thermometer at the time.



"If it assume my noble father's person, I'll speak to it, though hell itself should gape and bid me hold my peace. My father's spirit is in arms; all is not well; I doubt some foul play; would the night were come!"—*Hamlet.*

Weather Wisdom of our Ancestors.

If Candlemas Day be bright and fair,
It will sooner or later rain here or there.
If Candlemas Day be dark and foul,
Expect fine weather, at times, ere Yule.

If the storm-cock sing on Lady Day,
Some showers will fall 'twixt then and May.
On Lady Day if the tom-cat mew,
Fine days will follow—many or few.

On Easter Eve, if skies do frown,
The sheep will graze on the southern down;
If fair upon Easter eve it hold,
The sheep will graze on the northern wold.

At Whitsuntide when the hawthorn's white,
Ere midsummer dew will fall at night.
At Whitsuntide when the hawthorn's green,
Ere midsummer dew will at morn be seen.

At Lammas, an' it ever hail,
At Martinmas beware a gale.

At Michaelmas if the wind be high,
Look for thunder and lightning in July.
At Michaelmas if the wind be low,
Look out for frost, if not for snow.

When the moon at Yule doth shine,
An' wet do come not 'twill be fine;
When the moon you cannot see,
Then, thereafter, as may be.

To Those in Want of a Pet

An excellent opportunity is offered by the sale of a menagerie. Thousands wish to possess a wild and even dangerous animal, particularly those residing in the suburbs, where burglars abound. Boffin has, to our knowledge, made overtures for the purchase of a panther, which he proposes to keep in a kennel in the back garden, to look after the cats. He objects to pet vultures, he says, as their propensities might prove detrimental to the heads of families. Spooney people are informed that for twenty-five dollars they can procure a bright gazelle, to glad them with its dark brown eye; and that such animals are warranted, on coming to know them (the spooney people) well, not to go and pine or die. Should they prove guilty of pining, the money will be returned. Boa-constrictors are cheap and ornamental; also useful to those possessing an inconveniently large family. Any lady or gentleman possessed of three sets, twins, will find a boa-constrictor really economical in the end—in fact, at both ends. Any lion, moose, or rampant zebra found strolling about the public streets after purchase, *without a muzzle*, will immediately be avoided by the police. Bears and seals are good things for ladies to buy, for when you get tired of them you can cut them up for winter jackets. People having expectations from maiden aunts are advised to invest in an ant-eater.



A Delegate to the City Convention.
One of the "good men and true."



(His mark.)

MOMENTOUS QUESTIONS.—Is a ship's fender used to protect the vessel from the fire of the enemy? What kind of ammunition is used for shot silk? Will any company insure the property of a man imbued with the fire of genius? When the waves wash the shore, do they use patent washing powder? Does a captain go into mourning for a dead reckoning? If bark is used in tanning, what is the commercial value of the bark of a tan terrier? What kind of cordage is used in rigging the market?

SUCH A BORE.—A lady, young, attractive, and just married, left her home and went into the country, accompanied by her husband. Soon after her *debut* as Mrs. H—— she attended a sewing society. After the usual subjects of conversation had received attention, the lunar eclipse was alluded to. "Mrs. H——, did you sit up to see it, eh?" "No, I did not," was the reply; "Mr. H—— sat up. "Where I came from they are such a bore—we have them so often!"

Many people at the sea-shore are said to be waiv-ing the question of a return to their homes. They are "tide," they say, for the present, to the fascinating delights of the "long shore" life, and therefore want to "see" a little more.

A debating society had under consideration the question—"Is is wrong to cheat a lawyer?" The decision arrived at was, "No; but impossible."

An Irish dragoon, on hearing that his widowed mother had married since he quitted Ireland, exclaimed, "I hope she won't have a son oulder than me; for if she does I shall lose the estate."

How do we know that Noah had beer in the ark?—We read that he had a bruin there.

How did he get the hops with which to make the beer?—The kangaroo made them.

"Will you have some grapes, monsieur?" asked a gentleman of a Frenchman. "No, sare," he replied, "I don't swallow my wine in ze shape of pills."

Why are bankrupts more to be pitied than idiots?—Because bankrupts are broken, while idiots are only cracked.

Men are like bugles; the more brass they contain the more noise they make, and the farther you can hear them.

A Mr. Hen has started a paper in Iowa. He says he hopes by hard scratching to make a living for himself and his little chickens.

Mrs. Poyser don't deny that *women* are foolish enough, for she thinks they were made to match the men.

What two animals took the least baggage into the ark?—The rooster and the fox.

Why was Noah never hungry?—Because he always carried his Ham with him.

Love's young dream often turns out to be the nightmare.

Why is flirtation like plate powder? Because it rubs up the spoons.

AN INTERESTING GIRL.—One whose money interest is ten thousand.

PERSONAL.

—Colfax is an L.L. D.

—General Averill doesn't want office.

—Anna Dickinson and "Nothing to Wear" are Californializing.

—A cousin of the Menken has appeared in London.

—Frank P. Blair runs a Life Insurance agency.

—Grimes is announced as about to retire from public life.

—Expressmen Adams sent a $300 check for the Gilmore benefit.

—The tomb over President Buchanan's remains, of Italian marble, is completed.

—Jonathan Reeves, a Revolutionary "red-coat," is living at Bath, England. His age is 105.

—The Czar has sent Grant a small field-piece, with the names of the latter's victories inscribed on it.

—The Swiss Government is having portraits of Bryant, Sherman, and Seward painted for its capitol.

—Czar Alexander's baby grandson has been made commander of the 145th Regiment of Novotchurkassk.

—Deacon E. Newbury, of Brooklyn, has under cultivation two acres of bulbs, among them 150,000 gladioli, 50,000 lilies, and 8000 tube roses.

—Vice-Admiral Erbentoff is coming to the States with a bran-new fleet of the Czar's.

—J. D. Farnsworth has given Amherst $3000 to found two scholarships to be named after himself.

—Mr. J. N. McCullough has been made General Superintendent of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Railway.

—John Fiske, Ralph Waldo Emerson, and J. Eliot Cabot are the lecturers on Philosophy in Harvard for the ensuing year, and W. D. Howells, Ferdinand Bocher, and W. D. Whitney are lecturers on Literature.

—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher recently married his niece, Miss Hooker, of Hartford, to Mr. John C. Day. Among the guests were Mrs. Stowe, Senator Buckingham, Governor Jewell, Genera Hawley, and ex-Secretary Welles.

—Among the passengers by the steamer The Queen, are Rev. O. P. Allen, wife, and three children, and Misses Richter and Reynolds, missionaries at Harpoot, Turkey. Mr. Allen and his wife have been absent fourteen years.

—Ida Lewis is to be presented with her boat next Saturday. General Van Zandt is to make the speech of offer and Colonel T.W. Hhigginson will reply for Ida. The boat is to be named the Rescue. Now why don't some young Rhode Islander take care of Ida? Is she to be allowed to paddle her own canoe forever?

—Mr. J. O. Goods, District Attorney of Sacramento, California, was recently called off from the trial of a murderer by forged telegrams stating that his daughter was dying. He left the case in the hands of a green lawyer and hurried home, only to find his child well and hear of the acquittal of the prisoner.

—Hon. Sancho Brown, of the South Carolina Legislature, rose to a question of privilege recently, and said:—"Sah, I ax dis house ef dey gwine to 'low de man who jis tuk his seat to stan on de flo' ob dis body and talk to de Gineral Assembage of Souf Carlina wid dat tun de crank ob de univurss manner dat am so superfishent an ondisgustible." Mr. Brown used to be worth $1200 before the war.

SUMMER RESORTS.

—The Newport Ocean House has been thoroughly renovated, and is now one of the finest hotels in the country.

—Mrs. George Francis Train has arrived at Newport, and occupies her new and elegant mansion, which is much admired.

—All the villas and cottages, at the same place, are occupied or have been rented for the season. The numerous drives are in good condition, the beach even and looking very inviting, and everything ready for the season.

—Bay Ridge, Long Island, has recently become a favorite place of summer resort, both for families who desire to spend the season out of the city as well as for excursionists who have only a day, and not a great amount of money to spare. An excellent hotel, the Dellwood House, as well as numerous first-class boarding-houses, have recently been established here, and the indications are that they will all have abundant patronage during the prevalence of the "heated term." The Ridge is situated a short distance beyond the South Brooklyn line, on the road to Fort Hamilton, and commands an excellent view of New York Bay, Staten Island, and its surroundings. It is reached by a twenty minutes' sail by steamer from the foot of Wall street, New York, and it is also accessible at all hours of the day by cars from the Fulton and Hamilton avenue ferries. Bay Ridge combines the advantage of near proximity to the city with complete rural privacy.

A RARE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

For sale, THE STOCK, FIXTURES, AND GOODWILL of a FIRST-CLASS BOOK, STATIONERY, AND NEWS DEPOT, having the AGENCY OF ALL THE PHILADELPHIA and New York Daily Papers, Weeklies, etc., and selling about ONE THOUSAND PAPERS DAILY, also doing an EXTENSIVE STATIONERY, BLANK BOOK, LITHOGRAPHING, PRINTING, WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADE TRADE. SO SURE A BUSINESS would not have been relinquished but that the proprietor has engagements abroad. The most unexceptionable references can be given to some of the best houses in Philadelphia. A handsome three-story brick dwelling house is attached to the store, the furniture of which can be purchased very reasonable, or the building will be disposed of, if desired. HAVING BEEN ESTABLISHED THIRTEEN YEARS, AND THE CLOSEST ATTENTION PAID TO IT, THE ORDER PORTION ALONE OF THE TRADE IS A GOOD BUSINESS IN ITSELF.

Apply to JOHN GREIG,
6 17 Chester, Pa.

A GOOD THING.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS, HOTELS, BANKS, OFFICES, ETC.

The Patent Adjustable Window Screen

WILL FIT ANY WINDOW,

Give ventilation and light, screen from view, and exclude

FLIES, MOSQUITOES,

AND OTHER INSECTS.

For sale by Dealers in House-furnishing Goods.

THE ADJUSTABLE WINDOW SCREEN COMPANY,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
6 12 stuth3m No. 623 MARKET St., Philadelphia.

COAL OIL, ETC., ETC.

WILLIAM BALDWIN & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Coal Oil, Vinegar, Benzine,

ALCOHOL, TURPENTINE,

LUBRICATING, WHALE, LARD, and OTHER OILS

No. 129 ARCH Street and

Nos. 1440 and 1442 WARNOCK Street

PHILADELPHIA. 5 1m

ICE CREAM AND WATER ICE.

THE NEAPOLITAN

ICE CREAM AND WATER ICES.

THE PUREST AND BEST IN THE WORLD.

This celebrated Brick Ice Cream and Water Ice can be carried in a paper to any part of the city, as you would candy. Fifteen or twenty different kinds of them are kept constantly on hand, and ONE HUNDRED DIFFERENT FLAVORS can be made to order for those who desire to have something never before seen in the United States, and superior to any Ice Cream made in Europe.

Principal Depot—No. 1324 WALNUT Street.
Branch Store—No. 1020 SPRING GARDEN Street.
5 13 F. J. ALLEGRETTI.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

C. & A. PEQUIGNOT,

MANUFACTURERS OF

WATCH CASES,

AND DEALERS IN AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

WATCHES,

No. 13 South SIXTH Stree
2 1 mwstrp
MANUFACTORY, No. 22 S. FIFTH Street.

REMOVAL.

A. B. WARDEN,

IMPORTER OF

Watches, Diamonds, and Jewelry,

Has Removed from the S. E. corner of Fifth an Chesnut Streets to

No. 1029 CHESNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

N. B.—WATCHES REPAIRED IN THE BEST MANNER. 3 11thstu5

RICH JEWELRY.

JOHN BRENNAN

DIAMOND DEALER AND JEWELLER,

NO. 13 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

4 29 thstu5mrp PHILADELPHIA.

LEWIS LADOMUS & CO.

DIAMOND DEALERS & JEWELERS.

WATCHES, JEWELRY & SILVER WARE.

WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED.

802 Chestnut St., Phila.

Ladies' and Gents' Watches,

AMERICAN AND IMPORTED,

Of the most celebrated makers.

FINE VEST CHAINS AND LEONTINES,

in 14 and 18 karat.

DIAMOND an other Jewelry of the latest designs.

Engagement and Wedding Rings, in 18-karat and coin.

Sold Silver-Ware for Bridal Presents, Table Cutlery, Plated Ware, etc. 3 27

ESTABLISHED 1828.

WATCHES, JEWELRY,
CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, and
FANCY GOODS.

G. W. RUSSELL,

NO. 22 N. SIXTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

WILLIAM B. WARNE & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
S. E. corner SEVENTH and CHESNUT Streets,
3 24] Second floor, and late of No. 35 S. THIRD St.

LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.

ESTABLISHED 1795.

A. S. ROBINSON,

FRENCH PLATE LOOKING GLASSES,

ENGRAVINGS,

BEAUTIFUL CHROMOS,

PAINTINGS,

Manufacturer of all kinds of

LOOKING-GLASS,

PORTRAIT, AND PICTURE FRAMES.

NO. 910 CHESNUT STREET,

3 15 Fifth door above the Continental, Phila.

JOHN SMITH,

LOOKING-GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTURER,

BIBLE AND PRINT PUBLISHER,

And Wholesale Dealer in

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CLOCKS AND REGULATORS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also, General Agent for the sale of the "Eureka" Patent Condensing Coffee and Tea Pots—something that every family should have, and by which they can save fifty per cent.

Trade supplied at a liberal discount.
4 15 3m No. 916 ARCH STREET.

HOSIERY GOODS.

J. WILLIAM HOFMANN,

No. 9 N. EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia,

Dealer in Hosiery Goods,

Offers for sale a large assortment of Hosiery, for Ladies', Gents', and Children's wear; Socks, three-quarter Socks, and Long Hose, of English and German manufacture.

UNDERWEAR

Of Cartwright & Warner's manufacture, acknowledged to be the best imported.

Also, the Norfolk and New Brunswick, acknowledged to be the best of American Goods.

These Goods in all sizes, for 4 7 wsly

Spring and Summer Wear.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of JOHN HATCHER, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the account of CHARLES C. V. VANDERGRIFT and BARBARA ANN VANDERGRIFT, administrators d. b. n. of JOHN HATCHER, deceased, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountants, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on MONDAY, July 12, 1869, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of E. H. THARP, No. 32 South THIRD Street, in the city of Philadelphia. 7 1 thstu 5t

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26, 1869.

On the petition of M. RIEHL, of Philadelphia, Pa., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 28th day of August, 1855, and reissued on the 4th day of May, 1869, for an improvement in Machine for Trimming Books.

It is ordered that said petition be heard at this office on the 9th day of August next. Any person may oppose this extension. Objections, depositions, and other papers should be filed in this office twenty days before the day of hearing. SAMUEL S. FISHER,
5 29 s30 Commissioner of Patents.

J. T. EASTON. J. M'MAHON.

EASTON & McMAHON,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 2 COENTIES SLIP, New York.
No. 18 SOUTH WHARVES, Philadelphia.
No. 45 W. PRATT Street, Baltimore.

We are prepared to ship every description of Freight to Philadelphia, New York, Wilmington, and intermediate points with promptness and despatch. Canal Boats and Steam-tugs furnished at the shortest notice. 6 25]

HOUSE-WARMING WITH STEAM—

We are prepared to warm Dwellings and Buildings of all classes with our Patent-improved

LOW STEAM APPARATUS,

Which, for efficiency and economy, rivals all similar methods.

5 24 3m H. REMFIELD & CO.,
No. 18 South BROAD Street.

INSURANCE.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, 1835.

Office, S. E. corner of THIRD and WALNUT Streets, Philadelphia.

MARINE INSURANCES

On Vessels, Cargo, and Freight to all parts of the world.

INLAND INSURANCES

On goods by river, canal, lake, and land carriage to all parts of the Union.

FIRE INSURANCES

On Merchandise generally; on Stores, Dwellings, Houses, Etc.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1868.

$200,000	United States Five Per cent. Loan, 1-20s	$208,500·00
120,000	United States Six Per Cent. Loan, 1881	136,800·00
50,000	United States Six Per Cent. Loan (for Pacific Railroad)	50,000·00
200,000	State of Pennsylvania Six Per Cent. Loan	211,375·00
125,000	City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent. Loan (exempt from tax)	128,594·00
50,000	State of New Jersey Six Per Cent. Loan	51,500·00
20,000	Penn. Rail. First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds	20,250·00
25,000	Penn. Rail. Second Mort. Six Per Cent. Bonds	24,000·00
25,000	Western Penn. Rail. Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds (Penn. Railroad guarantee)	20,625·00
30,000	State of Tennessee Five Per Cent. Loan	21,000·00
7,000	State of Tennessee Six Per Cent. Loan	5,031·25
15,000	Germantown Gas Company, principal and Interest guaranteed by City of Philadelphia, 300 shares Stock	15,000·00
10,000	Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 200 shares Stock	11,350·00
5,000	North Pennsylvania Railroad Co., 100 shares Stock	3,500·00
20,000	Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co., 80 shares Stock	15,000·00
267,900	Loans on Board and Mortgage, first Liens on City Properties	277,900.00
$1,169,900 Par.	Market value, $1,130,325·25 Cost, $1,093,504·26.	
	Real Estate	24,000·00
	Bills receivable for insurance made	332,486·94
	Balances due at agencies, premiums on marine policies, accrued interest, and other debts due the company	40,178·88
	Stock and scrip of sundry corporations, $3156. Estimated value	1,813·00
	Cash in bank $116,150·08	
	Cash in drawer 413·65	116,563·73
		$1,647,367·80

DIRECTORS.

Thomas C. Hand,	Edmund A. Souder,
John C. Davis,	Samuel E. Stokes,
James C. Hand,	Henry Sloan,
Theophilus Paulding,	William C. Ladwig,
Joseph H. Seal,	George G. Leiper,
Hugh Craig,	Henry C. Dallett, Jr.,
John R. Penrose,	John D. Taylor,
Jacob P. Jones,	George W. Bernadou,
James Traquair,	William G. Boulton,
Edward Darlington,	Jacob Riegel,
H. Jones Brooke,	Spencer McIlvaine,
James B. McFarland,	D. T. Morgan, Pittsburg,
Edward Lafourcade,	John B. Semple, "
Joshua P. Eyre,	A. B. Berger, "

THOMAS C. HAND, President.
JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice-President.
HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary.
HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary. 10 6

1829.—CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Franklin Fire Insurance Company

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office, Nos. 435 and 437 CHESNUT St.

Assets on Jan. 1, 1869, $2,677,372·13

CAPITAL	$400,000·00
ACCRUED SURPLUS	1,083,528·70
PREMIUMS	1,193,843·43
UNSETTLED CLAIMS, $23,788·12.	INCOME FOR 1869, $360,000.

Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000

Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues Policies on Rents of Building of all kinds, Ground Rents, and Mortgages.

DIRECTORS.

Alfred G. Baker,	Alfred Fitler,
Samuel Grant,	Thomas Sparks,
George W. Richards,	William S. Grant,
Isaac Lea,	Thomas S. Ellis,
George Fales,	Gustavus S. Benson.

ALFRED G. BAKER, President.
GEORGE FALES, Vice-President.
JAS. W. McALLISTER, Secretary.
THEODORE M. REGER, Assistant Secretary. 3 9

ASBURY

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 201 BROADWAY, corner READE Street, New York.
CASH CAPITAL.....$150,000
$125,000 deposited with the State of New York as security for policy holders.

SAMUEL BANGS, President.
GEORGE ELLIOTT, Vice-President and Secretary.
EMORY McCLINTOCK, Actuary.
A. E. M. PURDY, M. D., Medical Examiner.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.

Thomas T. Tasker,	John M. Maris,	J. B. Lippincott,
Charles Spencer,	William Divine,	James Long,
John A. Wright,	S. Morris Waln,	James Hunter,
Arthur G. Coffin,	John B. McCreary,	E. H. Worne.

In the character of its Directors, economy of management, reasonableness of rates, PARTNERSHIP PLAN OF DECLARING DIVIDENDS, no restriction in female lives, and absolute non-forfeiture of all policies, and no restriction of travel after the first year, the ASBURY presents a combination of advantages offered by no other company. Policies issued in every form, and a loan of one-third made when desired.

Special advantages offered to clergymen.

For all further information address

JAMES M. LONGAORE,
Manager for Pennsylvania and Delaware.
Office, No. 302 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia.
FORMAN P. HOLLINSHEAD, Special Agent. 4 16

STRICTLY MUTUAL.

Provident Life and Trust Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, No. 111 S. FOURTH STREET.

Organized to promote LIFE INSURANCE among members of the Society of Friends.

Good risks of any class accepted.

Policies issued on approved plans, at the lowest rates.

President, SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY,
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Actuary, ROWLAND PARRY.

The advantages offered by this Company are unexcelled. 2 1 27

INSURE AT HOME,

IN THE

Penn Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY.

No. 921 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

ASSETS, $2,000,000.

CHARTERED BY OUR OWN STATE.

MANAGED BY OUR OWN CITIZENS.

LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.

POLICIES ISSUED ON VARIOUS PLANS.

Applications may be made at the Home Office, and at the Agencies throughout the State. [2 18]

JAMES TRAQUAIR.....PRESIDENT
SAMUEL E. STOKES.....VICE-PRESIDENT
JOHN W. HORNOR.....A. V. P. and ACTUARY
HORATIO S. STEPHENS.....SECRETARY

THE ENTERPRISE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office S. W. Corner FOURTH and WALNUT Streets.
FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
PERPETUAL AND TERM POLICIES ISSUED.
Cash Capital.....$200,000·00
Cash Assets, May, 1869, OVER HALF A MILLION DOLLARS.

DIRECTORS.

F. Ratchford Starr,	J. Livingston Erringer,
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John M. Atwood,	William G. Boulton,
Benjamin T. Tredick,	Charles Wheeler,
George H. Stuart,	Thomas H. Montgomery,
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This Company insures only first-class risks, taking no specially hazardous risks whatever, such as factories, mills, etc.

F. RATCHFORD STARR, President.
THOMAS H. MONTGOMERY, Vice-President.
ALEXANDER W. WISTER, Secretary. 2 6]

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1854—CHARTER PERPETUAL.
No. 224 WALNUT Street, opposite the Exchange.

This Company insures from loss or damage by FIRE,

on liberal terms, on buildings, merchandise, furniture, etc., for limited periods, and permanently on buildings by deposit of premiums.

The Company has been in active operation for more than SIXTY YEARS, during which all losses have been promptly adjusted and paid.

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Robert W. Leaming,	Edmund Castillon,
D. Clark Wharton,	Samuel Wilcox,
Lawrence Lewis, Jr.	Lewis C. Norris.

JOHN R. WUCHERER, President.
Secretary, 1 25

INSURANCE.

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

—Incorporated 1825—Charter Perpetual.
No. 510 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Square.

This Company, favorably known to the community for over forty years, continues to insure against loss by fire on Public or Private Buildings, either permanently or for a limited time. Also on Furniture, Stocks, and Merchandise generally, on liberal terms.

Their Capital, together with a large Surplus, is invested in the most careful manner, which enables them to offer to the insured an undoubted security in case of loss.

DIRECTORS.

Daniel Smith, Jr.,	John Devereux,
Alexander Benson,	Thomas Smith,
Isaac Hazlehurst,	Henry Lewis,
Thomas Robins,	J. Gillingham Fell,
	Daniel Haddock, Jr.

DANIEL SMITH, Jr., President.
WM. G. CROWELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA, No. 232 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia.
Incorporated 1794. Charter Perpetual.
Capital, $500,000.
Assets.....
MARINE, INLAND, AND FIRE INSURANCE.

OVER $30,000,000 LOSSES PAID SINCE ITS ORGANIZATION.

DIRECTORS.

Arthur G. Coffin,	Francis R. Cope,
Samuel W. Jones,	Edward H. Trotter,
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Charles Taylor,	T. Charlton Henry,
Ambrose White,	Alfred D. Jessup,
William Welsh,	John F. Whitney,
S. Morris Waln,	Louis C. Madeira,
John Mason,	Charles W. Cushman.
George L. Harrison.	

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President.
CHARLES PLATT, Vice-President.
MATTHIAS MARIS, Secretary.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

Paid-up Capital and Accumulated Funds, $8,000,000 IN GOLD.

PREVOST & HERRING, Agents,
2 45 No. 107 S. THIRD Street, Philadelphia.
CHAS. M. PREVOST. CHAS. P. HERRING.

LUMBER.

1869 SPRUCE JOIST.
SPRUCE JOIST.
HEMLOCK.
HEMLOCK.

1869 SEASONED CLEAR PINE.
SEASONED CLEAR PINE.
CHOICE PATTERN PINE.
SPANISH CEDAR, FOR PATTERNS.
RED CEDAR.

1869 FLORIDA FLOORING.
FLORIDA FLOORING.
CAROLINA FLOORING.
VIRGINIA FLOORING.
DELAWARE FLOORING.
ASH FLOORING.
WALNUT FLOORING.
FLORIDA STEP BOARDS.
RAIL PLANK.

1869 WALNUT BDS. AND PLANK.
WALNUT BDS. AND PLANK.
WALNUT BOARDS.
WALNUT PLANK.

1869 UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER.
UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER.
RED CEDAR.
WALNUT AND PINE.

1869 SEASONED POPLAR.
SEASONED CHERRY.
ASH.
WHITE OAK PLANK AND BOARDS.
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1869 CIGAR BOX MAKERS' CIGAR BOX MAKERS'
SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS, FOR SALE LOW.

1869 CAROLINA SCANTLING.
CAROLINA H. T. SILLS.
NORWAY SCANTLING.

1869 CEDAR SHINGLES.
CYPRESS SHINGLES.
MAULE, BROTHER & CO.,
11 5 No. 2500 SOUTH Street.

ESLER & BROTHER,

U. S. BUILDERS' MILL,

Nos. 24, 26 and 28 S. FIFTEENTH Street,

We offer this season to the trade a larger and superior stock of

Wood Mouldings, Brackets, Balusters, Newell Posts, Etc.

The stock is made from a careful selection of Lumber, from the mills direct, and we invite builders and contractors to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

Turning and Scroll Work in all its varieties.

LUMBER UNDER COVER,

ALWAYS DRY.

WATSON & GILLINGHAM,

3 29 No. 924 RICHMOND Street.

PANEL PLANK, ALL THICKNESSES.
1 COMMON PLANK, ALL THICKNESS.
1 COMMON BOARDS.
1 and 2 SIDE FENCE BOARDS.
WHITE PINE FLOORING BOARDS.
YELLOW AND SAP PINE FLOORINGS.
4/4 SPRUCE JOIST, ALL SIZES.
HEMLOCK JOIST, ALL SIZES.
PLASTERING LATH A SPECIALTY.
Together with a general assortment of Building Lumber for sale low for cash. F. W. SMALL.
3 25 6m FIFTEENTH and STILES Sts.

ENGINES, MACHINERY, ETC.

PENN STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS.—NEAFIE & LEVY, PRACTICAL AND THEORETICAL ENGINEERS, MACHINISTS, MAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, and FOUNDERS, for many years been in successful operation, and exclusively engaged in building and repairing Marine River Engines, high and low-pressure, Iron Boilers, Tanks, Propellers, etc., etc., respectfully offer their services to the public as being fully prepared to contract engines of all sizes, Marine, River, and Stationary; also sets of patterns of different sizes, are prepared to execute orders with quick despatch. Every description of pattern making made at the shortest notice. High and Low-pressure Fine Tubular and Cylinder Boilers of the best Pennsylvania Charcoal Iron. Forgings of all sizes, Iron and Brass Castings of all descriptions, Roll and Screw Cutting, and all other work connected with the above business.

Drawings and specifications for all work done at our establishment free of charge, and work guaranteed.

The subscribers have ample wharf dock-room for the repair of boats, where they can lie in perfect safety, and are provided with shears, blocks, falls, etc. etc., for raising heavy or light weights.

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TORIAL OPINIONS OF THE LEADING JOURNALS UPON CURRENT TOPICS—COMPILED EVERY DAY FOR THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

THE NEW LABOR MOVEMENT.

m the N. Y. Herald.

Progress is the watchword of the grand ovements which are now spreading through- t all ramifications of society in the Old orld and the New. In peace and war, in nshine and storm, in the midst of physical, litical, and religious convulsions, progress he irresistible law of civilization. It is at ce the motive and the object of the strange tlessness which is agitating vast popula- ns in Europe and in Asia, and driving them seek in the two Americas, that now form new centre of the world, incalculable re- rces of sustenance, wealth, and power for ust thirty-six hundred million inhabitants.

e seem to have reached a period in many ects similar to those diverse epochs in the ory of the distribution of human races over surface of the globe, when great migrations taken place and the inhabitants of one ate have been visited, if not overwhelmed, mysterious influx of inhabitants of some r climate. As at the creation the spirit od moved over the face of the waters, t these epochs the spirit of man has ed over the face of the earth. It has lled numerous tribes and whole nations s plains, mountains, rivers, and even ns, and deposited them in regions far ote from their original birthplace. We y referred to the extraordinary statistics uropean immigration to the United States ng the past fifty years, and particularly to recent startling increase of Swedish emi- ion to this country, as forcibly illustrating point.

is likely to be illustrated still more forci- and on a grander scale by Chinese immi- n, which within a very few years has ght to our shores at least two hundred sand Mongolians. Notwithstanding the re- nts to which it has been subjected—in first place by the Chinese Government, in the next place by the absurd and cruel lation of California—this immigration is increasing. An intelligent writer in the number of the *Galaxy* says that, with an ation from China standing in the ratio e home population that the drain from many holds to the population of that ntry, we should have an influx of more one million Chinese yearly. "Ten years his rate would place upon our soil a pre- derance of male adults of Mongolian blood r those of all the other families of man ng us." This is surely an astounding spect.

Aside from all other problems suggested by Chinese immigration is manifestly inaugu- ng a new labor movement of immense im- ance. The single fact that the Pacific lroad has been built by Asiatic labor is gnant with significance. By this fact the nese have earned their title to recognition necessary element for the development he resources of the Far West. California inning to repent of her suicidal policy rds them. As this policy is gradually ified, her material prosperity is advanced. Chinese, we are informed, are found now oollen, paper, and powder mills; in the x works, in the hop plantations, fruit ards, and vineyards; following the reap- machines on farms and working the salt on the coast; doing almost universally the ing, and engaged in hundreds of branches ndustry that would be impossible without p labor.

t even if California should persistently rce her inhuman laws against the Chi- , what would be her inevitable loss might e a great gain to the rest of the country. ic labor might extend more rapidly along ine of the Pacific Railroad, until, by its passed perseverance, ingenuity, and , it should irrigate and fertilize even our American desert, make our mountain nesses blossom like the rose, drain mala- districts, build up such dykes to prevent overflow of the Mississippi as their st ancestors built to control their own unmanageable Yellow river; develop to ree now undreamed of the productive- of the entire valley of the Mississippi; heir way into every branch of industry ade, even in our Middle and Northern ; and especially solve the problem of ing the Southern States to higher pros- than was ever attained before the war. Chinese alone retain their innate beneath tropical suns. Their ultimate may be to reclaim all the vast areas of l lands, insular and continental, which hitherto been, comparatively speaking, d world. Meanwhile plenty of land nty of work can be found for them in outhern States. We hail, therefore, satisfaction the welcome which the rn planters are about to offer to e immigrants. A convention has been to meet at Memphis on the 13th of for the special encouragement of e immigration. It will be composed egates from all parts of the South, par- ly from Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, ana, Arkansas, and Tennessee. It is ed, moreover, that Koopmanshaaf, one principal Chinese contractors at San sco, who has already brought fifty nd of his countrymen to America, will sent at the convention, and will unfold ns for organizing a mighty scheme of immigration to the South. We shall upon the presence of Koopmanshaaf at convention as an event of historical ent. If Sambo will insist on turning eeker, and will not work, the sooner Chinaman takes his place the better.

THE CAMDEN SECRETARY.

N. Y. World.

ral Grant has taken hold of New Jer- he wrong end. If he had selected his nister of marine from Hoboken, or ity, or Perth Amboy, or Barnegat, or the Egg Harbors, there would have mething appropriate in the choice, the very least, at these ports sloops hooners are occasionally seen. But , of all places on the habitable globe: nere suburb of Philadelphia, with all phia's characteristics. It is flat; it is it is loyal; it is rectangular. It lies er "cut-off." It has a Union League year, and in the autumn mosquitoes ious fever. The water in front of shoal that no craft larger than a at or an empty coal-barge can ven- ar it. The Navy Yard on the other the Delaware is dimly visible in nce, and League Island not visible It is beleagured by Smith's Island, or a wonderful work of engineering nal through which, when the tide , ferry-boats occasionally run. From may be seen the cheerful wharves of elphia, illustrating, by a few brigs and rs, the commercial benefits of "pro- three-fourths of Philadelphia's for- de being imports of Cuba sugar, with f four cents in gold and an additional bounty to the refiners, who grow rich at the poor man's cost. Such are the local associations which cluster around the new Secretary of the Navy, of whom all that can be said is that he is a jolly young lawyer, temperate, sound in his morals, an educated and agreeable gentleman, and an Attorney-General. The eminent radicals of New Jersey, such as ex-Senator Frelinghuysen, must be sorely tried by this preference to the Philadelphia suburb, the truth being that Mr. Robeson's appointment is actually made by Mr. Borie and the convivial coterie of which he is the centre. Robeson is altogether Philadelphian. No pent-up Utica confines his powers. He is of Camden, but above it. He practises law, so says the radical press, in Philadelphia, and is an active member of the Broad street League. He is a capital diner-out. Of his services, civil or military, during the Rebellion, we have no very distinct memory, and can find no record. Scovel, of Camden, we have heard of, but never of Robeson. It may be, however, that he had some agency in the only picturesque incident of the war with which Camden is associated. It was this. Before 1861, there was a certain steamboat plying across the Delaware, bearing the pestilent name of "State Rights." It was owned by what is called the "monopoly," who had and have especial reasons of their own for cherishing the ancient dogma. The Rebellion broke out. Camden and Robeson became inflamed. The floating, steaming heresy irritated them, and its suppression or modification was demanded. At last, the matter was compromised by the prefix of the word "United;" so that, in violation of all grammar, but in consonance with loyalty, it has floated, and, for aught we know, still floats, "The United State Rights," and Camden is at peace. If this great result—the paddle-box assertion of Union principle—be due to Robeson, he deserves to be Secretary of the Navy. It is more marine service than ever Borie did.

But what says Pennsylvania; what say Governor Curtin's friends, to this new shuffle of the pack? In a party point of view, New Jersey has no claim on a radical administration, and Pennsylvania the strongest. New Jersey is in open, hopeless revolt, having just elected a Democratic Senator, and rejected the fifteenth amendment. Pennsylvania made Grant President, and has grovelled at his feet ever since. Governor Curtin's friends wanted him to be a Cabinet minister, for reasons of their own, and he was contemptuously passed by to make room for one of Grant's boon companions, a *dilettante*, fancy partisan from the very fringe of the commonwealth. Borie was a mere tassel on the edge of Pennsylvania radicalism, and Robeson is a tag of the tassel of Borie. Of course all this was understood, and arranged before Curtin was sent into exile, and the cable will give him the news of the insult when he puts his foot on the shores of the North Sea. Nor will the more rugged antagonisms of the Keystone State—the Cameron and Geary factions—be propitiated by the New Jersey promotion. Dark must have been the visage of Cameron, bristling the beard of Geary, dumb-struck the tongue of Kelley, black the brow of Galusha, whom men call Grow, when the news was flashed abroad that Grant had gone to the Jerseys, and that Robeson, of Camden, was his man. Really, the Republican party of Pennsylvania needs, if it deserves not, our sympathy; and, if there be in that neighborhood a society for the mitigation of the sufferings of the animal creation, we invoke its intervention in behalf of the great radical Issachar stooping now between his two score burdens.

GETTYSBURG.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

Six years ago the soldiers of the Union, on the heights of Gettysburg, beat off the Confederate host, in its last desperate effort to invade the North, and won the critical victory of the war. On Thursday the survivors of the desperate struggle, with thousands of the who recognize in that heroic battle the triumph of American liberty, met to dedicate a monument to the men whose blood purchased our victory—the heroes whose names will live for generations in the pages of our history, and the nine hundred undistinguished dead whose memories are cherished only by the tears of the widow and the fatherless. No solemnity can be too impressive to befit this anniversary. At Gettysburg we fought for nothing less than our country's existence. Had the gallant dead whose graves we have just honored wavered in their patriotic dévotion, the Union would have been irremediably destroyed, and our future history a record of continual subdivision and secession. Freedom, overthrown in America, would have felt the disaster in every country in the world. So, for many a year to come, we trust the first days of this month, which witnessed the beginning of American Independence, and its final triumph after eighty-seven years' trial, will be piously remembered wherever political freedom is appreciated.

It will be long, however, before July recurs without bringing back the remembrance of those few eloquent words which Abraham Lincoln spoke on this historic field only a few months after the battle, and which orator and poet alike accepted on Thursday as their text and inspiration:—"We cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men living and dead who struggled here have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work that they have thus far so nobly carried on. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to the cause for which they here gave the last full measure of devotion—that we here highly resolve that the dead shall not have died in vain, that the nation shall, under God, have a new birth of freedom, and that the government of the people, by the people, and for the people, shall not perish from the earth." Thank God! we have thus far been faithful to this high resolve. Thousands more were to fall for it upon the field; Lincoln was to give his life for it; the nation was to fight and struggle for it with open enemies and false friends; but the new freedom has steadily advanced; and the dead so far have not died in vain. "Having chosen our course, without guile and with pure purpose, let us renew our trust in God, and go forward without fear and with manly hearts." There is something yet to do, and from celebrations like that of Thursday we may gather courage for the onward march, and resolution to take no step backwards. From the lowly graves, too, of the Confederate dead, who sleep in the valley before our lines, victims of an honest faith in a bad cause, shall there not come up, on our anniversaries of mingled sadness and triumph, a reminder of that Christian counsel which bids us pursue our healing and restoring work with malice towards none, with charity for all, until at no distant day "the mystic chords of memory, stretching from every battle-field and patriot grave to every living heart and hearthstone all over this broad land, shall swell the chorus of the Union, when again touched, as surely they will be, by the better angels of our nature?"

THE TUNE CHANGED.

From the N. Y. Times.

Since the last capture of Cuban filibusters, the *World* "sings small." Three days ago it demanded of the *Times* to "inform us of a single enterprise or expedition in favor of Cespedes and against Spain which the administration has effectually prevented." That demand now appears to have been satisfied, in view not only of the general "raids" of the Government officers, in the way of "arrests," upon the operations of the various Cuban rendezvous in Houston street, and Mott street, and upper and lower Broadway, but in its specific "prevention" of the "enterprise or expedition" of Byron, the operations against the Catharine Whiting, and those against the various tugboats pursued and captured in Long Island Sound.

Cowered somewhat by these developments, the *World* changes its tune. Its previous article was headed "Grant's Neutrality Humbug;" the "humbug" seems to have evaporated, and now we are treated to an article on "Marshal Barlow and the Filibusters," with "especial recognition for Marshal Barlow." Never at a loss for a device to appease its readers, the *World* represents that Marshal Barlow's acts (which can no longer be ignored, now that they are town-talk) were in opposition to the spirit of the administration at Washington, and that as General Grant did not in person capture the tugboats, none of the praise is due to the administration! What a high idea of the intelligence of its readers the *World* must have in employing this logic. The Government only acted through its authorized agents—*ergo*, the Government did not act at all. What candor!

The *World*, by way of squaring facts with its theory, adds:—

"It is not believed that he or District-Attorney Pierrepont have had a word of instructive encouragement from President Grant, 'though often requested,' in respect to preventing the departure of this formidable expedition, so notorious for weeks. The responsible authorities at Washington cannot plead ignorance."

Unfortunately, what the *World* declares to be "not believed," *is* believed, and is true. On the morning when the *World* made this announcement, the *Times*, under the head of "Instructions of the Government to Attorney-General Pierrepont," contained an account of the manner in which Mr. Pierrepont was informed of the expedition lying in the Sound. "He telegraphed to the Secretary of State for directions, and received orders to cause the arrest of the whole expedition." Upon the whole, we think the *World* would do well to abandon this brilliant line of argument regarding the Government's "failure to capture any filibusters."

SICKLES AGAIN.

From the N. Y. World.

It is to the extreme discredit of the newspapers of this city that they have allowed the *World* to stand alone in protesting against the shame put upon the nation in the honors paid to Daniel E. Sickles by President Grant and sundry noted citizens of the metropolis. The claim that the man atoned for his hideous offenses against decency and good morals by his services during the war is utterly unfounded. He was one of the most conspicuous failures of the war. General Meade's testimony, which we have quoted, shows that his "services" at Gettysburg nearly cost us the loss of that army upon which so much depended. The same fact is brought out in "Harper's History of the Rebellion," certainly good enough radical testimony. His presence in the army in a high command, as all our generals are eager to witness, was a danger as well as a disgrace.

But to be just, there is one Republican journal that shares the general disgust at the honors paid to this miscreant. Says the *Nation*:—

"It was hardly worth while, then, for men whose acts are examples to stretch their credit so far as to pay honors to a man who stands publicly accused of many crimes, and who, whether or not he is as guilty as is told of him, has not, so far as we know, made any effective vindication of his character. It is common in his case to point his accusers to his 'war record.' Of this we are not going to say anything, except that, if it covers over his previous political and social record, it does all that can be required of it, and that it affords insufficient reason for making him an observed custodian of our national dignity. A more glaring instance of the sacrifice of everything to the doctrine of 'soundness on the main question' which has been at the root of so many misfortunes, and which we have just seen pretty well illustrated by General Sickles' predecessor in Spain, has not for a long time been furnished us."

AND DOWN HE GOES.

From the N. Y. World.

The *Commercial Advertiser*, which was a most strenuous advocate of the nomination of Mr. Grant last year, and, until recently, has been one of his most ardent defenders since his election to the Presidency, now hurls the following threat at him:—

"It may well be a matter of solicitude to President Grant and others having the welfare of the Republican party at heart, whether the people will not feel disposed, four years from now, to withdraw their support from that organization for no other purpose than to rotate out of office the men who are now securing the public positions."

Only the most stupid reader can fail to see that the paper from which this extract is taken intends to hit the President over the shoulders of the bad men whom he has appointed to office, such as the man Sickles and others whom we could designate. It needs no prophet to assure us that Mr. Grant will find among his opponents within six months from this time nearly all those who voted for him last fall. He is but another illustration of the homely saying that "the higher up a monkey climbs the further has he to fall." Really, we pity him.

SHORTEST ROUTE TO THE SEA SHORE.

CAMDEN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. THROUGH TO ATLANTIC CITY IN 1¾ HOURS.

TAKES EFFECT JULY 1, 1869.

Through trains leave Vine Street Ferry as follows:—

Special Excursion	6·15 A. M.
Mail	8·00 A. M.
Freight (with passenger car)	9·45 A. M.
Express, through in 1¾ hours	3·15 P. M.
Atlantic Accommodation	4·15 P. M.
LEAVE ATLANTIC CITY.	
Atlantic Accommodation	6·06 A. M.
Express, through in 1¾ hours	7·24 A. M.
Freight (with passenger car)	11·50 A. M.
Mail	4·17 P. M.
Special Excursion	5·18 P. M.

An extra Express train (*through in 1¾ hours*) will leave Vine Street Ferry every Saturday at 2·00 P. M.; returning, leave Atlantic City on Monday at 9·40 A. M.

Local trains leave Vine street:—	
Atco Accommodation	10·15 A. M.
Haddonfield do.	2·00 P. M.
Hammonton do.	5·45 A. M.
Returning, leave	
Atco	12·15 noon.
Haddonfield	2·45 P. M.
Hammonton	5·40 A. M.
SUNDAY MAIL TRAIN	
Leaves Vine street	8·00 A. M
Leaves Atlantic	4·17 P. M

Fare to Atlantic City, $2. Round trip tickets, good for the day and train on which they are issued, $3.

Oakman's Local Express, No. 30 S. Fourth street, will call for baggage in any part of the city and suburbs, and check to hotel or cottage at Atlantic City.

Additional ticket offices have been located in the reading rooms of the Merchants' and Continental Hotels, also at No. 30 S. Fifth street.

6 29 D. H. MUNDY, Agent.

RAILROAD LINES.

READING RAILROAD.—GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM PHILADELPHIA TO THE INTERIOR OF PENNSYLVANIA, THE SCHUYLKILL, SUSQUEHANNA, CUMBERLAND, AND WYOMING VALLEYS, THE NORTH, NORTHWEST, AND THE CANADAS.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS, APRIL 12, 1869.

Leaving the Company's Depot at Thirteenth and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia, at the following hours:—

MORNING ACCOMMODATION.

At 7·30 A. M. for Reading and all intermediate stations and Allentown. Returning, leaves Reading at 6·30 P. M.; arrives in Philadelphia at 9·15 P. M.

MORNING EXPRESS.

At 8·15 A. M. for Reading, Lebanon, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Pinegrove, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Elmira, Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, York, Carlisle, Chambersburg, Hagerstown, etc.

The 7·30 A. M. train connects at READING with East Pennsylvania Railroad trains for Allentown, etc., and the 8·15 A. M. train connects with the Lebanon Valley train for Harrisburg, etc.; at PORT CLINTON with Catawissa Railroad trains for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Elmira, etc.; at HARRISBURG with Northern Central, Cumberland Valley, and Schuylkill and Susquehanna trains for Northumberland, Williamsport, York, Chambersburg, Pinegrove, etc.

AFTERNOON EXPRESS.

Leaves Philadelphia at 3·30 P. M. for Reading, Pottsville, Harrisburg, etc., connecting with Reading and Columbia Railroad trains for Columbia, etc.

POTTSTOWN ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Pottstown at 6·25 A. M., stopping at intermediate stations; arrives in Philadelphia at 8·40 A. M. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4·30 P. M.; arrives in Pottstown at 6·40 P. M.

READING ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Reading at 7·30 A. M., stopping at all way stations; arrives in Philadelphia at 10·15 A. M.

Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 5·15 P. M.; arrives in Reading at 8·05 P. M.

Trains for Philadelphia leave Harrisburg at 8·10 A. M., and Pottsville at 8·45 A. M., arriving in Philadelphia at 1 P. M. Afternoon trains leave Harrisburg at 2·05 P. M., and Pottsville at 2·45 P. M., arriving at Philadelphia at 6·45 P. M.

Harrisburg Accommodation leaves Reading at 7·15 A. M., and Harrisburg at 4·10 P. M. Connecting at Reading with Afternoon Accommodation south at 6·30 P. M., arriving in Philadelphia at 9·15 P. M.

Market train, with a passenger car attached, leaves Philadelphia at 12·45 noon, for Pottsville and all way stations; leaves Pottsville at 7·30 A.M. for Philadelphia and all way stations.

All the above trains run daily, Sundays excepted.

Sunday trains leave Pottsville at 8 A. M., and Philadelphia at 3·15 P. M. Leaves Philadelphia for Reading at 8 A. M.; returning from Reading at 4·25 P. M.

CHESTER VALLEY RAILROAD.

Passengers for Downingtown and intermediate points take the 7·30 A. M., 12·45 and 4·30 P. M. trains from Philadelphia. Returning from Downingtown at 6·19 A. M., 1·00 and 5·45 P. M.

PERKIOMEN RAILROAD.

Passengers for Skippack take 7·30 A. M. and 4·30 P. M. trains for Philadelphia, returning from Skippack at 8·15 A. M. and 1·00 P. M. Stage lines for the various points in Perkiomen Valley connect with trains at Collegeville and Skippack.

NEW YORK EXPRESS FOR PITTSBURG AND THE WEST.

Leaves New York at 9 A. M. and 5 and 8 P. M., passing Reading at 1·05 A. M., and 1·50 and 10·19 P. M., and connecting at Harrisburg with Pennsylvania and Northern Central Railroad Express trains for Pittsburg, Chicago, Williamsport, Elmira, Baltimore, etc.

Returning Express train leaves Harrisburg on arrival of Pennsylvania Express from Pittsburg at 3·50 and 5·50 A. M., and 10·50 P. M., passing Reading at 5·44 and 7·31 A. M., and 12·50 P. M., and arriving at New York at 11 A. M. and 12·30 and 5·00 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany these trains through between Jersey City and Pittsburg without change.

A Mail Train for New York leaves Harrisburg at 8·10 A. M. and 2·05 P. M. Mail Train for Harrisburg leaves New York at 12 M.

SCHUYLKILL VALLEY RAILROAD.

Trains leave Pottsville at 6·45 and 11·30 A. M., and 6·40 P. M., returning from Tamaqua at 8·35 A. M., and 2·15 and 4·25 P. M.

SCHUYLKILL AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD.

Trains leave Auburn at 7·55 A. M. for Pinegrove and Harrisburg, and at 12·15 noon for Pinegrove and Tremont, returning from Harrisburg at 3·30 P. M., and from Tremont at 7·40 A. M. and 5·35 P. M.

TICKETS.

Through first-class tickets and emigrant tickets to all the principal points in the North and West and Canadas.

Excursion Tickets from Philadelphia to Reading and intermediate stations, good for one day only, are sold by Morning Accommodation Market Train, Reading and Pottstown Accommodation Trains, at reduced rates.

Excursion Tickets to Philadelphia, good for one day only, are sold at Reading and intermediate stations by Reading and Pottstown Accommodation Trains, at reduced rates.

The following tickets are obtainable only at the office of S. Bradford, Treasurer, No. 227 S. Fourth street, Philadelphia, or of G. A. Nichols, General Superintendent, Reading.

COMMUTATION TICKETS.

At 25 per cent discount, between any points desired, for families and firms.

MILEAGE TICKETS.

Good for 2000 miles, between all points, at $52 50 each, for families and firms.

SEASON TICKETS.

For three, six, nine, or twelve months, for holders only, to all points, at reduced rates.

CLERGYMEN

Residing on the line of the road will be furnished with cards entitling themselves and wives to tickets at half fare.

EXCURSION TICKETS

From Philadelphia to principal stations, good for Saturday, Sunday, and Monday, at reduced fares, to be had only at the Ticket Office, at Thirteenth and Callowhill streets.

FREIGHT.

Goods of all descriptions forwarded to all the above points from the Company's new freight depot, Broad and Willow streets.

MAILS

Close at the Philadelphia Post Office for all places on the road and its branches at 5 A. M., and for the principal stations only at 2·15 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Leave Philadelphia daily at 4·35 A. M., 12·45 noon, 5 and 6 P. M., for Reading, Lebanon, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Port Clinton, and all points beyond.

BAGGAGE.

Dungan's Express will collect baggage for all trains leaving Philadelphia Depot. Orders can be left at No. 225 S. Fourth street, or at the Depot, Thirteenth and Callowhill streets.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—For BETHLEHEM, DOYLESTOWN, MAUCH CHUNK, EASTON, WILLIAMSPORT, WILKESBARRE, MAHANOY CITY, MOUNT CARMEL, PITTSTON, TUNKHANNOCK, AND SCRANTON.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

Passenger Trains leave the Depot, corner of BERKS and AMERICAN Streets, daily (Sundays excepted), as follows:—

At 7·45 A. M. (Express) for Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Mahanoy City, Pittston, and Tunkhannock.

At 9·45 A. M. (Express) for Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Scranton, and New Jersey Central and Morris and Essex Railroads.

At 1·45 P. M. (Express) for Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Scranton, and Hazleton.

At 5·00 P. M. for Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk.

For Doylestown at 8·45 A. M., 2·45 and 4·15 P. M.

For Fort Washington at 6·45 and 10·45 A. M., and 11·30 P. M.

For Abington at 1·15, 3·15, 5·20, and 8 P. M.

For Lansdale at 6·20 P. M.

Fifth and Sixth Streets, Second and Third Streets, and Union City Passenger Railways run to the new Depot.

TRAINS ARRIVE IN PHILADELPHIA.

From Bethlehem at 9·00 A. M., 2·10, 4·45, and 8·25 P. M.

From Doylestown at 8·25 A. M., 4·55 and 7·05 P. M.

From Lansdale at 7·30 A. M.

From Fort Washington at 9·20, 10·35 A. M., and 3·10 P. M.

From Abington at 2·35, 4·35, 6·45, and 9·35 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Philadelphia for Bethlehem at 9·30 A. M.

Philadelphia for Doylestown at 2 P. M.

For Abington at 7 P. M.

Doylestown for Philadelphia at 6·30 A. M.

Bethlehem for Philadelphia at 4 P. M.

Abington for Philadelphia at 8 P. M.

Tickets sold and Baggage checked through at Mann's North Pennsylvania Baggage Express Office, No. 105 S. FIFTH Street.

ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

RAILROAD LINES.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

SUMMER TIME.

The trains of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad leave the Depot, at THIRTY-FIRST and MARKET Streets, which is reached directly by the Market street cars, the last car connecting with each train leaving Front and Market streets thirty minutes before its departure. The Chesnut and Walnut streets cars run within one square of the Depot.

Sleeping-car Tickets can be had on application at the Ticket Office, N. W. corner Ninth and Chesnut streets, and at the Depot.

Agents of the Union Transfer Company will call for and deliver baggage at the depot. Orders left at No. 901 Chesnut street, or No. 116 Market street, will receive attention.

TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT, VIZ.:—

Mail Train	8·00 A. M.
Paoli Accommodat'n, 10·30 A. M., 1·10 and	7·00 P. M.
Fast Line	11·50 A. M.
Erie Express	11·50 A. M.
Harrisburg Accommodation	2·30 P. M.
Lancaster Accommodation	4·00 P. M.
Parkesburg Train	5·30 P. M.
Cincinnati Express	8·00 P. M.
Erie Mail and Pittsburg Express	10·30 P. M.

Philadelphia Express, 12 night.

Erie Mail leaves daily, except Sunday, running on Saturday night to Williamsport only. On Sunday night passengers will leave Philadelphia at 12 o'clock.

Philadelphia Express leaves daily. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

The Western Accommodation Train runs daily, except Sunday. For this train tickets must be procured and baggage delivered, by 5 P. M., at No. 116 Market street.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT DEPOT, VIZ.:—

Cincinnati Express	3·10 A. M.
Philadelphia Express	6·50 A. M.
Paoli Accommodat'n, 8·20 A. M., 3·40 and	6·20 P. M.
Erie Mail	9·35 A. M.
Fast Line	9·35 A. M.
Parkesburg Train	9·10 A. M.
Lancaster Train	12·30 P. M.
Erie Express	4·20 P. M.
Day Express	4·20 P. M.
Southern Express	6·40 P. M.
Harrisburg Accommodation	9·40 P. M.

For further information, apply to

JOHN F. VANLEER, JR., Ticket Agent, No. 901 CHESNUT Street.

FRANCIS FUNK, Ticket Agent, No. 116 MARKET Street.

SAMUEL H. WALLACE, Ticket Agent at the Depot.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

4 29 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA, GERMANTOWN, AND NORRISTOWN RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, May 3, 1869.

FOR GERMANTOWN.

Leave Philadelphia at 6, 7, 8, 9·05, 10, 11, 12 A. M., 1, 2, 3¼, 3¾, 4, 4·35, 5·05, 5¾, 6, 6½, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 P. M.

Leave Germantown at 6, 7, 7½, 8, 8·20, 9, 10, 11, 12 A. M., 1, 2, 3, 4, 4¾, 5, 5½, 6, 6½, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 P. M.

The 8·20 down train and 3¼ and 5¾ up trains will not stop on the Germantown Branch.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia at 9·15 A. M., 2, 4·05, 7, and 10¾ P. M.

Leave Germantown at 8·15 A. M., 1, 3, 6, and 9¾ P. M.

CHESNUT HILL RAILROAD.

Leave Philadelphia at 6, 8, 10, 12 A. M., 2, 3½, 5¾, 7, 9, and 11 P. M.

Leave Chesnut Hill at 7·10, 8, 9·40, 11·40 A. M., 1·40, 3·40, 5·40, 6·40, 8·40, and 10·40 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia at 9·15 A. M., 2 and 7 P. M.

Leave Chesnut Hill at 7·50 A. M., 12·40, 5·40, and 9·25 P. M.

FOR CONSHOHOCKEN AND NORRISTOWN.

Leave Philadelphia at 6, 7½, 9, and 11·05 A. M., 1½, 3, 4½, 5, 5½, 6¼, 8·05, 10·05, and 11½ P. M.

Leave Norristown at 5·40, 6½, 7, 7¾, 9, and 11 A. M., 1½, 3, 4½, 6¼, 8, and 9½ P. M.

The 7¾ A. M. train from Norristown will not stop at Mogee's, Potts' Landing, Domino, or Schur's lane.

The 5 P. M. train from Philadelphia will stop only at School lane, Manayunk, and Conshohocken.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia at 9 A. M., 2½, 4, and 7¼ P. M.

Leave Norristown at 7 A. M., 1, 5½, and 9 P. M.

FOR MANAYUNK.

Leave Philadelphia at 6, 7½, 9, and 11·05 A. M., 1½, 3, 4½, 5, 5½, 6¼, 8·05, 10·05, and 11½ P. M.

Leave Manayunk at 6·10, 7, 7½, 8·10, 9½, and 11½ A. M., 2, 3½, 5, 6½, 8·30, and 10 P. M.

The 5 P. M. train from Philadelphia will stop only at School lane and Manayunk.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia at 9 A. M., 2½, 4, and 7¼ P. M.

Leave Manayunk at 7½ A. M., 1½, 6, and 9½ P. M.

W. S. WILSON, General Superintendent, Depot, NINTH and GREEN Streets.

FOR CAPE MAY, VIA WEST JERSEY RAILROAD.

COMMENCING THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1869.

Leave Philadelphia, foot of Market street, as follows:—

9·00 A. M., Cape May Express, due 12·25.

3·15 P. M., Cape May Passenger, due 7·15.

4·00 P. M., Fast Express (commencing on Saturday, July 3), due 6·55 P. M.

Sunday Mail Train leaves at 7·15 A. M., due 10·45.

Cape May Freight leaves Camden daily at 9·20 A. M.

RETURNING, TRAINS LEAVE CAPE MAY,

6·30 A. M., Morning Mail, due 10·06 A. M.

9·00 A. M., Fast Express (commencing on Monday, July 5), due 12·07.

5·00 P. M., Passenger, due 8·22 P. M.

Sunday Mail Train leaves Cape May at 5·10 P. M.

Cape May Freight Train leaves daily at 6·40 A. M.

TICKETS.

Annual Tickets, $100; Quarterly Tickets, $50; to be had only of the Treasurer, at Camden. 20 Coupon Tickets, $40; 10 Coupons, $25. Excursion Tickets, $5, for sale at the ticket offices, No. 328 Chesnut street, foot of Market street, also at Camden and Cape May.

For Millville, Vineland, Bridgeton, Salem, and intermediate stations, leave Philadelphia at 8·00 A. M., mail, and 3·15 P. M., passenger.

An accommodation train for Woodbury, Mantua, Barnsboro, and Glassboro leaves Philadelphia daily at 6·00 P. M. Returning, leaves Glassboro at 6·30 A. M.

Commutation books of 100 checks each, at reduced rates, between Philadelphia and all stations.

FREIGHT TRAINS LEAVE CAMDEN

For Cape May, Millville, Vineland, etc., etc., 9·20 A. M.

For Bridgeton, Salem, and way stations, 12·00 noon.

Freight received at first covered wharf below Walnut street.

Freight delivery, No. 228 S. Delaware avenue.

7 1 WM. J. SEWELL, Sup't W. J. R. R.

WEST CHESTER AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—On and after MONDAY, April 12, 1869, Trains will leave as follows:—

Leave Philadelphia from New Depot, THIRTY-FIRST and CHESNUT Streets, 7·25 A. M., 9·30 A. M., 2·30 P. M., 4·15 P. M., 4·35 P. M., 7·15 and 11·30 P. M.

Leave West Chester from Depot, on East Market street, at 6·25 A. M., 7·25 A. M., 7·40 A. M., 10·10 A. M., 1·55 P. M., 4·50 P. M., and 6·45 P.M.

Leave Philadelphia for B. C. Junction and intermediate points at 12·30 P. M. and 5·45 P. M. Leave B. C. Junction for Philadelphia at 5·50 A. M. and 1·45 P. M.

Trains leaving West Chester at 7·40 A. M. will stop at B. C. Junction, Lenni, Glen Riddle, and Media; leaving Philadelphia at 4·35 P. M. will stop at B. C. Junction and Media only. Passengers to or from stations between West Chester and B. C. Junction going East will take train leaving West Chester at 7·25 A. M., and car will be attached to Express Train at B. C. Junction, and going West passengers for stations above Media will take train leaving Philadelphia at 4·35 P. M., and car will be attached to Local train at Media.

The Depot in Philadelphia is reached directly by the Chesnut and Walnut street cars. Those of the Market street line run within one square. The cars of both lines connect with each train upon its arrival.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia for West Chester at 8·00 A. M. and 2·30 P. M.

Leave Philadelphia for B. C. Junction at 7·15 P. M.

Leave West Chester for Philadelphia at 7·45 A. M. and 4·45 P. M.

Leave B. C. Junction for Philadelphia at 6·00 A. M.

WILLIAM C. WHEELER,

4 16§ General Superintendent.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, OFFICE No. 320 CHESNUT Street, forwards Parcels, Packages, Merchandise, Bank Notes, and Specie, either by its own lines or in connection with other Express Companies, to all the principal towns and cities in the United States.

E. COLEMAN,

2 2 Superintendent.

AUCTION SALES.

THOMAS BIRCH & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1110 CHESNUT Street; rear entrance No. 1107 Sansom St.

Sale at No. 1756 N. Tenth street.

NEAT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC.

On Wednesday Morning,

July 7, at 10 o'clock, at No. 1756 N. Tenth street, will be sold the furniture of a family declining housekeeping, comprising neat walnut parlor furniture, covered with haircloth; walnut chamber furniture, beds, and mattresses, carpets, dining-room furniture, china, glassware, etc.

Also, an assortment of kitchen furniture. 7 2 2t

C. D. McCLEES & CO., AUCTIONEERS, No. 506 MARKET Street.

SALE OF 1200 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, ETC.

On Monday Morning,

July 5, at 10 o'clock, including a large line of city-made goods. 7 1 2t

N. B.—Sale every Monday during the month of July.

MARTIN BROTHERS, AUCTIONEERS.—(Lately Salesmen for M. Thomas & Sons.) No. 529 CHESNUT Street, rear entrance from Minor.

BUNTING, DURBOROW & CO., AUCTIONEERS, Nos. 232 and 234 MARKET Street, corner of Bank street. Successors to John B. Myers & Co.

M. THOMAS & SONS, NOS. 139 AND 141 S. FOURTH STREET.

LIPPINCOTT, SON & CO., AUCTIONEERS, No. 240 MARKET Street.

BY B. SCOTT, JR., SCOTT'S ART GALLERY, No. 1020 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia.

KEENAN, SON & CO., AUCTIONEERS, NO 112 N. FRONT Street. 1 1 2

ROOFING.

READY ROOFING.— This Roofing is adapted to all buildings. It can be applied to

STEEP OR FLAT ROOFS

at one-half the expense of tin. It is readily put on old Shingle Roofs without removing the shingles, thus avoiding the damaging of ceilings and furniture while undergoing repairs. (No gravel used.)

PRESERVE YOUR TIN ROOFS WITH WELTON'S ELASTIC PAINT.

I am always prepared to Repair and Paint Roofs at short notice. Also, PAINT FOR SALE by the barrel or gallon, the best and cheapest in the market.

W. A. WELTON,

No. 711 N. NINTH Street, above Coates, and

2 17§ No. 818 WALNUT Street.

TO OWNERS, ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS AND ROOFERS.—Roofs! Yes, yes. Every size and kind, old or new. At No. 543 N. THIRD Street, the AMERICAN CONCRETE PAINT AND ROOF COMPANY are selling their celebrated paint for TIN ROOFS, and for preserving all wood and metals. Also, their solid complex roof covering, the best ever offered to the public, with brushes, cans, buckets, etc., for the work. Anti-vermin, Fire, and Water-proof; Light, Tight, Durable. No cracking, pealing, or shrinking. No paper, gravel, or heat. Good for all climates. Directions given for work, or good workmen supplied. Care, promptness, certainty! One price! Call! Examine! Judge!

Agents wanted for interior counties.

4 29tf JOSEPH LEEDS, Principal.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.— We are prepared to furnish English imported ASPHALTIC ROOFING FELT In quantities to suit. This roofing was used to cover the Paris Exhibition in 1867.

MERCHANT & CO.,

4 29 3m Nos. 517 and 519 MINOR Street.

OLD GRAVEL ROOFS COVERED OVER with Mastic Slate, and warranted for ten years.

HAMILTON & COORFER,

3 15 6m No. 45 S. TENTH Street.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ZELL'S

POPULAR ENCYCLOPEDIA,

A DICTIONARY OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE,

T. ELLWOOD ZELL, Publisher,

Nos. 17 and 19 South SIXTH Street,

6 27 s3m PHILADELPHIA.

BUREAU VERITAS

(FRENCH LLOYDS).

INTERNATIONAL REGISTER FOR CLASSIFICATION OF VESSELS.

THE REGISTER VERITAS, containing the Classification of Vessels surveyed in the Continental, British and American ports, for the year 1869, is FOR SALE by the Agents in New York.

ALF MERIAN & CO.,

4 26 No. 49 EXCHANGE PLACE.

MANHOOD:

A MEDICAL ESSAY ON THE CAUSE AND CURE OF PREMATURE DECLINE IN MAN, the Treatment of Nervous and Physical Debility, etc.

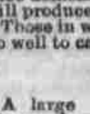
"There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful, whether such person holds the relation of Parent, Preceptor, or Clergyman."—*Medical Times and Gazette.*

Sent by mail on receipt of fifty cents. Address the Author, DR. E. DE F. CURTIS,

6 29 6m No. 222 F Street, Washington, D. C.

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.— A New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects:—How to Live, and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity, and Old Age; Manhood Generally Reviewed; The Cause of Indigestion; Flatulence and Nervous Diseases Accounted For; Marriage Philosophically Considered, etc. etc. Pocket volumes containing these Lectures will be forwarded, post-paid, on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing W. A. LEARY, JR., S. E. corner of FIFTH and WALNUT Streets, Philadelphia. 2 35

STOVES, RANGES, ETC.



NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED would call the attention of the public to his NEW GOLDEN EAGLE FURNACE. This is an entirely new heater. It is so constructed as to once commend itself to general favor, being a combination of wrought and cast iron. It is very simple in its construction, and is perfectly air-tight; self-cleaning, having no pipes or drums to be taken out and cleaned. It is so arranged with upright flues as to produce a larger amount of heat from the same weight of coal than any furnace now in use. The hygrometric condition of the air as produced by my new arrangement of evaporation will at once demonstrate that it is the only Hot Air Furnace that will produce a perfectly healthy atmosphere.

Those in want of a complete Heating Apparatus would do well to call and examine the Golden Eagle.

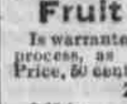
CHARLES WILLIAMS,

Nos. 1132 and 1134 MARKET Street, Philadelphia.

A large assortment of Cooking Ranges, Fire-Board Stoves, Low Down Grates, Ventilators, etc., always on hand.

N. B.—Jobbing of all kinds promptly done. 5 10§

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFE



C. L. MAISER, MANUFACTURER OF FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES, LOCKSMITH, BELL-HANGER, AND DEALER IN BUILDING HARDWARE,

3 5§ No. 434 RACE Street.

NORNY'S TASTELESS Fruit Preserving Powder,

Is warranted to keep Strawberries superior to any known process, as well as other fruit, without being air-tight. Price, 50 cents a package. Sold by the grocers.

ZANE, NORNY & CO., Proprietors,

5 29 4m No. 136 North SECOND St., Philada.

NOW IS THE TIME TO CLEANSE YOUR HOUSE.

WINCHER, HARTMAN & CO.'S WASHING AND CLEANSING POWDER

Is unequalled for scrubbing Paints, Floors, and all household use. Ask for it and take no other.

W. H. BOWMAN, Sole Agent,

2 2 6m No. 1156 FRANKFORD Road.

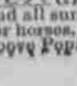
WOODLANDS CEMETERY COMPANY.— The following Managers and Officers have been elected for the year 1869:—

ELI K. PRICE, President.

William H. Moore,	William W. Keen,
Samuel S. Moon,	Ferdinand J. Dreer,
Gillies Dallett,	George L. Buzby,
Edwin Greble,	B. A. Knight.

Secretary and Treasurer, JOSEPH B. TOWNSEND.

The Managers have passed a resolution requiring both Lot-holders and Visitors to present tickets at the entrance for admission to the Cemetery. Tickets may be had at the Office of the Company, No. 813 ARCH Street, or of any of the Managers. 1 2



TO THE PUBLIC.—THE FINEST AND largest assortment of the latest styles of Boots, Gaiters, and Shoes for Men and Boys can be had at

ERNEST SOPP'S Large Establishment,

4 2 3m No. 230 N. NINTH Street.



DR. F. GIRARD, VETERINARY SURGEON, treats all diseases of horses and cattle, and all surgical operations, with efficient accommodations for horses, at his Infirmary, No. 990 MARSHALL Street, above Poplar. 1 15

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Its Ninety-Third Anniversary—The Observances by Various Associations—Excursions—The Unveiling of the Washington Statue.

The annual recurrence of the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence coming this year upon Sunday (to-morrow), the various ceremonies of celebration will take place on Monday. There will be the usual din and clatter in its observance. Fire crackers, Roman candles, and all the other explosives incident to the occasion will be in great demand, and will be the source of great inconvenience and trouble to those who tread the streets during the day and night. The long pronunciamento, heretofore published by the authorities, forbidding the use of these dangerous articles, have not appeared this year, and as a matter of course, the citizens will experience more annoyance than heretofore.

Salutes.

The Mayor has ordered that, at sunrise and sunset, salutes shall be fired in the Penn Squares. At 9 o'clock, when the statue of Washington is unveiled, a salute will also be fired in Independence Square. The residents in the neighborhood of these places are cautioned to raise their sashes, so that the glass may not be shattered by the concussion resulting from a discharge of artillery.

At the Sailors' Home,

No. 422 S. Front street, on Monday evening, there is to be a celebration by the inmates. There will be music and a "free" ball.

The James Page Library.

The James Page Library Company are to celebrate the day in an appropriate manner. Salutes will be fired at sunrise and sunset, and at 9·30 o'clock in the morning interesting exercises are to take place in the hall of the association, at No. 208 E. Girard avenue. The Declaration of Independence will be read by Joseph Meyers, Esq. An oration will be delivered by Rufus E. Shapley, Esq. A band of music will be in attendance. The public are invited.

The Democratic Association.

The members of the Democratic Association are to celebrate the event at their rooms, Nos. 901 and 903 Arch street. The exercises will commence at 10 o'clock in the morning. Thomas May Peirce, M. A., will read the Declaration of Independence, and S. E. Megargee, Esq., will deliver an oration. There will be music to enliven the occasion. The public are invited to attend the celebration.

No Parade of the Military.

As the anniversary of the "birthday of the nation" comes this year on Sunday, military and civic demonstrations will have a more subdued bearing, and, instead of going through the streets with martial tramp and clang, will quietly march to church. The commander of the First Division of the Pennsylvania Militia has issued an order in which there are three specifications:—

1. Owing to the national anniversary occurring this year upon Sunday, there will be no parade of this division.

2. The different commands are recommended to observe the day by attendance upon divine service, in uniform, without music.

3. The commanding officer of the First Brigade will cause the customary salutes to be fired by the battery attached to his command.

Will Attend Divine Worship.

In accordance with the orders of the commander of the First Division Pennsylvania Militia, the Philadelphia City Guards, Colonel St. Clair A. Mulholland, will attend divine service to-morrow morning. One portion of the command will visit the Cathedral and another portion the Baptist church on Chesnut street, above Eighteenth. The regiment will form in Independence Square at 9 A. M., fully equipped, excepting muskets.

Company D, Grey Reserves, Captain Clark commanding, will attend divine worship to-morrow morning at St. Clement's Church, Twentieth and Cherry streets. The command will meet at the armory at 9·30 o'clock, in summer uniform and side arms.

Company A, Philadelphia Fire Zouaves, accompanied by the staff officers of the regiment, will attend divine worship at the church on the corner of Twenty-second and Mount Vernon streets.

The Society of the Cincinnati.

The annual meeting of the State Society of the Cincinnati of Pennsylvania will be held at 10 o'clock on Monday, at Augustin's, No. 1105 Walnut street. The dinner will be given at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the same place.

Railroad Excursions.

The West Jersey Railroad Company advertise excursions to-day and on Monday for Cape May by special train, leaving Philadelphia at 6 o'clock in the morning, and returning from the island at 6 o'clock P. M.; and also by the Sunday mail train. The company will extend the time of their regular excursion tickets to Cape May, sold to-day, to return on Tuesday, instead of Monday. This will give an opportunity to celebrate the Fourth, on Monday, at that place.

Those who desire to avoid both the heat and the noise can do so by journeying to Atlantic City, for which place five trains leave to-day from Vine street ferry, at 8 and 9·45 A. M., and 2, 3·15, and 4·15 P. M. The 2 and 3·15 P. M. trains will rush through to the ocean in two hours. The fare for the round trip will be three dollars, and the tickets issued to-day and Sunday can be used to return to the city on any train leaving the seaside on Monday.

The Camden and Amboy Railroad, in connection with the Philadelphia and Trenton, will sell excursion tickets to New York on all of the trains of the 3d, 4th, and 5th inst., except the New York and Washington through lines, good to return on the 5th, 6th, and 7th of July. Fare for the round trip only $4.

The trains for Long Branch are now running regularly, and, as they leave the city at 8 o'clock in the morning and return in the evening, this will be found to be a pleasant excursion trip. Excursion tickets, $4·50.

Steamboat Excursions.

There will be the usual steamboat excursions on the Delaware to Red Bank, Gloucester, Trenton, Burlington, Bristol, etc., and on the Schuylkill to the Falls, Laurel Hill, etc.

The Statue of Washington.

The splendid marble statue of Washington presented to the city of Philadelphia by the "Washington Monument Association of the First School District of Pennsylvania," will be placed in its position on the State House pavement, with appropriate ceremonies of an impressive character, which will commence at 9 o'clock. It is built of fine Italian marble, and is eight feet high. Washington is represented in the attitude occupied while delivering a message, and the expression of his features, peculiarities of dress, etc., have been faithfully and truly portrayed by the artist and builder, Mr. J. A. Bailly. The entire work has been completed in the most elaborate manner, and the members of the association congratulate themselves on being able to present so handsome a gift to the city authorities.

The entire height of the statue, including the base, will be 18 feet 6 inches, and the total expense connected with its construction will be about $6500.

THE PROGRAMME.

The following is the programme of the exercises on the occasion:—

1. Calling the meeting to order, by William B. Hanna, Esq.
2. Music, by the band.
3. Prayer, by Rev. Albert Barnes.
4. Oration, by Hon. H. D. Moore.
5. Music, by the band.
6. Unveiling of the statue by two young ladies.
7. Address, by George F. Gordon, President of the Washington Monument Association, presenting the statue to the city.
8. Reception of the statue by Mayor Fox.
9. Music.
10. Benediction, by Bishop Simpson.

McClurg's Liberty Cornet Band will furnish the music. A salute will be fired in Independence Square when the veil is lifted from the statue. Stands will be erected on the footway in front of Independence Hall for the members of City Councils, Washington Monument Association, and invited guests. Mr. Bower will have charge of the school children, who meet this afternoon for rehearsal at Concert Hall. Captain Brodie's company of cadets will act as a guard of honor on the occasion.

A HISTORY OF THE MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

"The Washington Monument Association of the First School District of Pennsylvania," to whose unbaffled perseverance we owe our first public statue of the hero, is as ancient as the year 1858. The contemplated trophy was at first intended to be more ambitious. On the 22d of February, 1859, the great fair of the public schools was organized, opened, and continued for three weeks in National Hall, Market street. Here the most of the money of the association was made. Advertisements for plans were issued on the 8th of April. On the 14th of April, same year, a charter was obtained from the State of Pennsylvania. On the 20th day of June, 1859, a grand floral fair was opened in Jayne's Hall. On the 17th of October, same year, after some delay and some feeling, the location of the proposed monument was fixed by a decided vote at Fairmount Park. On the 1st of December, 1859, the three premiums for the best designs were awarded, amounting to six hundred dollars. On the 8th of December application was formally made to the City Councils, and had they then acted, as did the City Councils the other day (February 16, 1869), instead of a statue on the pavement in front of Independence Hall, a monument of colossal dimensions, from the highest summit of Fairmount Park, would have lifted its summit to the sky. The outbreak of the Rebellion, however, found the association unprepared with an accepted plan, and unsupported by much public sympathy. From that time, the first considerations of the civic mind were matters not less weighty, but more intimately allied to the preservation of the nation than the past services of any hero. On the conclusion of the war, the association wisely concluded that some comparatively small, finished decoration for the centre of the city would be a better destination of their funds than on embarrassingly expensive structure at a distance. At a meeting held May 16, 1867, a committee was directed to receive plans and estimates for a statue. On the 13th of September, 1867, a contract was entered into with J. A. Bailly, the eminent artist of this city, to model out in white a marble statue. This is the image now concluded and paid for. On the 16th of February last, the City Councils, in answer to a request from the association, passed "An ordinance to locate the statue of Washington in front of Independence Hall."

THE STATUE UP.

The statue was placed in its position this morning, and was much admired by a crowd of citizens who have been congregated around it since it was uncovered.

THE REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.—This is an institution about being inaugurated in our city, designed as a gathering place of persons connected with this important interest. A committee of gentlemen have been instructed to lease and fit up a suit of rooms in the Forrest Building, South Fourth street, and have furnished it with tables, desks, etc. The first apartment is for a general exchange room, free to the public. The registry of real estate brokers, sheriff, auctioneers, and owners will be found in this room, and may be visited by both sexes who may be in search for houses. Frames are hung upon the walls for the insertion of glass card signs intended as an advertising medium for conveyancers, the insurance companies, builders, material men and others. The public visiting this room will find a registry of all property for sale or to rent, and be saved the fatigue of visiting private offices remote from each other. Real estate agents and owners will thus have an advertising office of daily resort by the public. Walnut tables and desks furnish the connecting rooms designed for rental to persons not having private offices, newspaper files, library, etc. will be in these rooms. The affair has been gotten up in a novel and tasteful manner, reflecting credit on the committee, and it is a matter of surprise to us that a real estate exchange has not long ago been established. These exchanges, where persons congregate at certain hours, facilitate business, and are one of the great features of New York. The rooms of the Philadelphia Real Estate Exchange must become a popular resort, every member of the community being to some extent interested as owner, tenant, builder, material man, buyer, or seller, and the Forrest Building is in every respect well adapted for the above purpose.

AN ENTIRE FAMILY POISONED—THE DOMESTIC CHARGED WITH THE CRIME.—This afternoon Anna J. Hawkins, aged seventeen years, will have a hearing before Recorder Givin, on the charge of an assault, with intent to kill an entire family composed of seven persons, whose names are Mrs. Margaret J. and Miss Alice, and Mr. John M. Hoff, and Mary E., Elizabeth, Maggie, and Nathan F. Pancoast. The facts, as far as can be gleaned, are as follows:—The family live at No. 404 S. Eleventh street, and Anna lives with them as a domestic. About a week ago, they were all, except Anna, taken suddenly ill, and from the symptoms the physician pronounced that they had been poisoned. Fortunately all recovered, after a great deal of suffering. It was then concluded that the sickness had been caused by some bread of which the inmates had partaken. An examination of that article disclosed the presence of arsenic. It was at first supposed that the flour from which the bread was made had contained the poison, but the movements of Anna being suspicious, she was questioned, and finally admitted that she had poisoned the bread sponge with some arsenic, which she had found in a clock, and which had been used by Mrs. Hoff in destroying rats and mice. Anna was taken into custody by Special Detective Robert Smith.

On being questioned as to what her object was, Ann states that somebody had been telling stories about her to Mrs. Hoff, who had threatened to keep her in the house for one month, and that she determined to make them sick, but that she had no intention of killing any one.

VELOCIPEDES IN THE PARK.—The Park Commissioners should promptly put a stop to the practice of velocipedists running their machines along the carriage drives of the park, else serious accidents will result. On Thursday afternoon the occupants of three carriages came very near destruction through the rushing of a velocipede along one of the principal drives in the park. The horses attached to the carriages took fright and ran away, and the utmost excitement was created before they could be brought to a stand still. It is not our purpose to interfere with the large number of persons who enjoy the sport of using the velocipede, either in the park or elsewhere, but we think the Park Commissioners should at once prohibit their use on the carriage drives. There are many places in the park better adapted to running the velocipede, and where the pleasure derived from riding upon it is far greater than on the public drives, and where there can be no danger to any persons or animals. This is a matter of vital importance to the public, and the question should be met immediately by the proper authorities.

ARRIVAL OF A DISTINGUISHED COMPOSER.—W. Tschirsh, a celebrated composer and organist, arrived in Baltimore last evening from Gera, Germany. This gentleman comes to this city on the invitation of the Sangerbund Singing Society of this city, in order that he might participate with them in the Sangerfest which comes off at Baltimore. This compliment is tendered him in consequence of the high estimation in which his music is held in this country, and as a number of his productions will be sung at the sangerfest, the Sangerbund Society at a recent meeting appointed a committee, who left last night for Baltimore, to receive the distinguished gentleman. He will be escorted to this city, and tonight will have a grand reception at Sangerbund Hall.

AN ALLEGED DISHONEST DOMESTIC.—A woman a few days ago hired in the family of a gentleman living at Mantuaville, and gave the name of Caroline Grey. About 4 o'clock this morning the family were awakened by hearing a racket in the house, and on investigating the cause discovered Caroline bundling up her goods preparatory to making her exit. Her bundle was searched, and a number of handsome dresses and a quantity of valuable jewelry found. Some of the jewelry was marked with the initials M. W. P. The goods were all in a pillowcase, on which were the same initials. None of the articles belonged to the gentleman with whom she was living, and the supposition is that she has been pilfering from former places where she had been residing as a domestic. She will be at the Central Station this afternoon.

FIREWORKS THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING.—A grand display of fireworks by the patriotic citizens of "Old Southwark" will come off this evening at the Keystone Park, Third and Morris streets. A splendid band of music has been engaged for the occasion, and the pyrotechnics are of a superior quality, bought in New York, at great expense, especially to celebrate the 4th of July. As usual, Old Southwark is once more ahead of other portions of our city. One good idea adopted by the managers of the display is the forbidding of the sale of intoxicating liquors upon the ground.

MILITARY MATTERS.—At an election held by Company I, Grey Reserves, at their Armory last evening, Thomas E. Kirby was elected First Lieutenant and Edward M. Remick Second Lieutenant. This company will assemble at their armory to-morrow morning in full dress uniform (white pants), with side arms only, for the purpose of attending Divine service at Dr. Willits' Church, corner Eighteenth and Arch streets.

LARCENY OF CHICKENS.—A man named C. H. Schenck was committed in default of $1000 bail by Alderman Kerr, at the Central Station, to answer the charge of the larceny of three pair of chickens from the residence of Mr. Megargee, corner of Twenty-first and Tioga streets. He was arrested by Police officer Welsh, with the stolen property in his possession.

CAUGHT IN A HOUSE.—About 10 o'clock last night an inmate of house No. 303 New street had occasion to go into the cellar, and there discovered a man secreted. He was taken in charge and handed into the custody of Policeman Williamson, who locked him up for the night. He will have a hearing at the Central Station this afternoon. He gives the name of John Sullivan.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Samuel Brown and James Johnson, (colored) were arrested this morning on the charge of highway robbery, at 1·45 o'clock, at Seventh and Lombard streets. They attacked a negro named Lewis Smith, and knocked him down and robbed him of $1·50. They will have a hearing this afternoon at the Central Station.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—Between 1 and 3 o'clock this morning the residence of William Halliwell, No. 101 Moyamensing avenue, was entered and robbed of some jewelry. The thieves effected an entrance by forcing open a back window.

RESIGNED.—Captain John W. Ryan, clerk to Chief Mulholland, tendered his resignation to Mayor Fox this morning. Mr. Ryan, it is alleged, was a participant in the disorderly proceedings attending the Sixth ward Democratic Convention.

BREACH OF ORDINANCE.—Michael Barry dumped a load of dirt in the middle of Emeline street, in the Eleventh ward, contrary to the provisions of the city ordinances. Alderman Toland imposed the usual fine.

METHODISM.

The Vote of Fifty-one of the City Churches on the Lay Delegation Question.

We present herewith the vote of the Philadelphia M. E. Churches (51 in number) on the question of lay delegation, which has elicited such attention and interest in this denomination during the past month. The list includes all the churches in the heart of the city, and but three or four of those in the rural districts are omitted. The united membership of these amount to but a few hundred, and their vote could not affect the general result. It will be seen that there is a large majority in favor of lay delegation. The vote stands as follows:—

Churches.	For.	Against.	Membership.
Nazareth	140	33	520
Eleventh Street	112	2	222
Mariners' Bethel	52	3	475
Haines Street, Germt'wn	94	26	320
Frankford	94	5	700
Asbury	15	17	233
Union	50	58	348
Twelfth Street	141	7	672
Salem	164	14	570
Green Street	258	3	628
Spring Garden	240	5	410
Bethel	52	5	475
Nineteenth Street	46	6	300
Tabernacle	86	4	410
Front Street	78	8	500
Scott	34	10	325
Arch Street	164	2	231
Trinity	151	..	348
Cohocksink	59	14	335
Fifth Street	59	49	460
Wharton Street	80	20	600
Western	95	..	240
Siloam	65	5	415
Kensington	286	2	679
St. John's	209	3	593
St. George's	63	9	400
Hancock Street	85	8	320
Bustleton	23	5	106
Ebenezer	56	12	553
Fortieth Street	65	6	170
Thirty-eight Street	103	..	185
Hedding	23	2	225
Port Richmond	23	19	213
Oakdale	19	..	*50
Sanctuary	76	2	248
Emory	18	36	300
Broad Street	55	2	280
Second Street	29	3	113
Fitzwater Street	24	2	37
Hestonville	122	6	146
St. Paul's	142	20	597
St. Stephen's, Germantown	49	12	243
Ebenezer, Manayunk	68	8	246
Twentieth Street	27	1	99
Pitman Chapel	24	2	98
Central	69	9	424
Summerfield	111	2	486
Haddington	13	..	84
Holmesburg	8	2	64
Mt. Zion, Manayunk	121	5	292
Schuylkill Falls	7	4	48
Grand totals	4248	477	17,009
Majority	3771		

*A new congregation, the membership of which is estimated.

VIOLATING AN ORDINANCE.—This morning two men, named D. A. Sullivan and J. McGuigan, were before Alderman Beitler on the charge of violating an ordinance prohibiting the offering of houses for sale in the public streets, or, in plain language, attempting to make a house market out of the public highway. The defendants were arrested in Sansom street, near Ninth, and would likely have soon drawn quite a crowd around them, if they had not been taken into custody. The usual fine was imposed on them by the alderman.

FINES AND PENALTIES.—The aldermanic fines and penalties for the month of June, as paid into the City Treasury, amount to $198·50, and are as follows:—Lewis Godbou, $45; William Neill, $26; Charles M. Carpenter, $52; Thomas Stearne, $25·50; Charles E. Pancoast, $30; and O. L. Ramsdell, $20.

A FAST DRIVER.—Charles Buckner was arrested at Second street and Girard avenue yesterday, for fast driving. He was taken before Alderman Riddle, who fined him.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

CARD.
INITIALS, MONOGRAMS,
CREST AND ARMS,
NAMES, FLOWERS, BIRDS, ETC.,
Stamped on PAPER AND ENVELOPES, in any color, FREE OF CHARGE.
Monograms, etc., illuminated in the highest style of art.
A monogram engraved to order without charge to those buying $5·00 worth of paper and envelopes.
Call and see our samples. Prices reasonable.
R. HOSKINS & CO.,
Engravers, Stationers, and Steam Power Printers
No. 913 ARCH Street,
5 1 mws8m PHILADELPHIA.

CROQUET! 921. CROQUET
FOUR QUIRES FRENCH PAPER, and FOUR PACKS ENVELOPES TO MATCH, in a Double Box only $1·00.
JOHN LINERD,
3 17 wsmt No. 921 SPRING GARDEN Street.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.
CHESNUT AND TWELFTH STREETS.
NOTICE!
FROM THE 6th OF JULY
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, WE WILL CLOSE OUR STORE AT 5 P. M.
BAILEY & CO.,
7 1 thstul0trp JEWELLERS.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, ETC.
CASSIMERES AND DOESK NS.
JAMES & LEE,
No. 11 NORTH SECOND STREET
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LAMB,
Are now receiving a large and CHOICE ASSORTMENT of all the celebrated makes of
Black Doeskins and Cassimeres
That come to the country, [3 26 s
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

IMMENSE SUCCESS.
4000 SOLD THIS SEASON.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
The most valuable invention of the age,
THE DAVIS REFRIGERATOR,
(patented June 16, and September 15, 1868), will *freeze water into solid ice.* Its temperature can be regulated to either above or below the freezing point. "*The Davis Refrigerator*" will produce a colder degree of temperature and *use less ice* than any refrigerator ever made. In any one or all of the combined qualities *we challenge the world* to produce its equal. It differs from all others in construction, circulation of air, and manner of applying the ice. The current of pure, cold, dry air is maintained without the introduction of external air. *It is ever pure,* and therefore requires no artificial appliances such as are used in refrigerators devoid of the necessary cold atmosphere. No one thing partakes of the odor of the other. Fruit, poultry, and game have been completely preserved in it, without freezing, for *sixty days* and upwards. Its temperature is colder by fifteen to twenty degrees than any other (an enormous difference), *the air is wholly dry,* the moisture being frozen. It is in daily working order, and the public are *invited to see it do* (the freezing included) all that is promised for it.
J. S. WORMAN & CO.,
Proprietors.
SOLE DEPOT AT
WILLIAMS & WOODWARD'S,
No. 922 CHESNUT STREET,
7 1thstul5tp PHILADELPHIA.

THIRD EDITION

WASHINGTON.

Grant's Acceptance of Borie's Resignation—A Warm and Complimentary Response—Naval Orders—Appointments.

Official Despatches from Admiral Hoff—Progress of the Cuban Revolution—The Latest Battles.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Advices from Rear Admiral Hoff—Doings in Cuba—Contests Between the Spaniards and Patriots.

The Navy Department is to-day in receipt of despatches from Rear Admiral Hoff, commanding North Atlantic squadron, dated Key West the 19th and 24th ult. They contain no news of great importance. Havana is reported quiet and no apprehensions are entertained of any disturbances. Some account is given of the recent engagements between the Government troops and the insurgents. The brigade of Brigadier General Ferres, which left Nuevitas on the 25th of May, to reinforce the troops at Puerto Padre had returned in pitiable condition, the cholera having broken out among them.

They secured their object, the convoy of a train from Puerto Padre to Las Tunas in the interior. They were harassed, and finally attacked at La Buenosa. Spanish loss, 76 killed and wounded. The insurgents are given credit for bravery, and retiring in good order. There was a report of an intention on the part of the Spaniards to give up the railroad between Nuevitas and Principe. It is still used for conveying troops backwards and forwards. The Nipsic was at Trinidad de Cuba June 11. Nothing new there. American interests were receiving full protection.

The Spanish steamer Fernando Cattolica arrived at Nuevitas June 12, with the English schooner Lahiva in tow, having seized her while in tow of another steamer, about 15 miles from the Cuban coast, between Inagua and Porto Maise. The schooner's cargo is said to consist of 13 cannon, one of them a 200 pound Parrott the others 100 pounders and field pieces; also, lumber, powder, cartridges, shells, and shot in large quantities, besides other military articles.

The Lahiva cleared from Boston for Jamaica. Hayti is supposed to have been her destination. The English commodore and the British Consul-General had provided against the seizure, and a Spanish war steamer had started from Havana in company with the Lahiva for the purpose, it was rumored, of delivering her to the British authorities at Jamaica.

Naval Orders.

Commander C. C. Carpenter has been ordered to stay at the Navy Yard, Portsmouth, as inspector of supplies.

Appointment.

Robert Patterson, a deaf mute, has been appointed to a clerkship in the Internal Revenue office.

William Ward has been appointed Postmaster at Newark, N. J., vice Alexander M. Dougherty, removed.

President Grant's Letter Accepting Mr. Borie's Resignation.

The following is the President's letter accepting the resignation of Secretary Borie:—

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1869.—Hon. A. E. Borie, Secretary of the Navy—Dear Sir:—Your letter of this date, tendering your resignation of the position of Secretary of the Navy, is received. I need not assure you how much I regret the severance of our official connection, nor how confident I am that the high esteem I have always felt for you, increased with further acquaintance, will continue while the acquaintance lasts. I accept your resignation with regret, therefore, and hope that the quiet you will find in retirement may restore you to health. With great respect, your obedient servant, U. S. GRANT.

Borie's Resignation.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

The letter of President Grant accepting Borie's resignation was written while Mr. Borie was in the President's room, and taken away before a copy was made, and but for this reason the press would have been furnished with a copy before this.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Effect of Independence Day Enthusiasm on Stock and Money Markets—The Quotations.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 3.—There is very little business being transacted here to-day in financial and commercial circles, owing to the near approach of Independence Day and the unusual exodus of citizens to the country. The weather is extremely oppressive and sultry, and Broadway and Wall street appear very quiet and dull.

According to the State laws, the Fourth of July anniversary comes on Monday, and that day is therefore a legal holiday here. Checks, drafts, etc., payable on the 5th will go over until Tuesday, the 6th.

At the Stock Exchange to-day prices were steady and generally unchanged, with the exception of Wells-Fargo and Merchants' Express, which are dull and lower. The Exchange closed at noon, and the long-room closes at 2 P. M., until Tuesday next.

Foreign exchange is lower, and quoted at 109⅝@109¾ for 60 days' time, and 110⅛@110¼ for 3 days' sight.

The steamer City of New York, sailing to-day, took out in specie $30,000.

The money market is firmer at 107¼@107⅝. The gold market is firm at 137, and very few dealers are in the gold-room.

The Custom House, Post Office, Produce Exchange, and all other boards, adjourn over until Tuesday next.

Smallpox in Albany.

ALBANY, July 3.—At a meeting of Board of Health of this city, the fact was developed that the smallpox prevails here to a considerable but not serious extent. General vaccination is recommended.

Owing to the scarcity of Lehigh coal, two foundries in this city have suspended operations.

Military Movements.

The Utica Veteran Zouaves reached here this morning, on their return from Gettysburg. They will leave Utica at noon to-day.

Ship News.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Arrived, steamship Dorian.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 3.—The steamship Panther sailed to-day for the Arctic regions.

BALTIMORE, July 3.—The canal boat J. H. Davis, Captain Burr, from Tonawand, Lake Erie, arrived here yesterday with a full cargo of lumber.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.
AFTER BOARD.

$2000 Leh R 1...... 87¾	15 sh Cam & Am R.131
$2000 N Jer Exemp.101	2 do.........131
$1000 City 6s, New..100	100 sh Read...c5&i. 49¾
50 sh Sch N Pf..b5. 20	100 do.Tues&i.49 3-16
100 do.....b30. 20¼	100 sh N Y & Mid.. 4·81
14 sh Leh Val.is.d b 55¾	

GERMANTOWN—NO. 5236 MAIN Street. Elegant Stone House, 13 rooms, lot 45 by 450, with carriage road, will be sold at less than cost. Apply to
1t* C. KEYSER KING, next depot, Germantown.

GERMANTOWN COTTAGE—NO. 13 TULPEHOCKEN Street. Very cheap. Lot 60 by 111. Apply to
1t* C. KEYSER KING, Germantown.

NO. 1423 POPLAR STREET, ONE door above Broad, Elegant Stone House, 16 rooms, lot 88 by 167 to a back street. For sale cheap. Apply to or address C. KEYSER KING, Real Estate Agent, next depot, Germantown, near the new Jewish synagogue. 1t*

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD, AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED.
Lost, on the 1st instant, in getting out of the Pennsylvania Railroad cars, the pocket-book of the subscriber, containing the following notes, etc., with various letters and accounts of a private nature, on the return of which the finder shall receive the above. The payment of the notes is duly stopped:—
April 27, Bunting Brothers & Pollock, due Aug. 30—$2500.
May 31, " " " Aug. 3—$2500.
June 25, Casselberry & Cadwalader, " Sept. 17—$800.
June 25, J. M. & T. Pomeroy, " Sept. 29—$1025.
June 15, A. K. McClure, " Sept. 16—$1040.
June 15, J. M. & T. Pomeroy, " Sept. 11—$1035.
May 18, Robert J. Grigg, " Sept. 21—$1011.
June 14, Richmond & Co., " Sept. 17—$3300.
May 31, Charles A. French, accept. E. A. Souder, due Sept. 3—$4050.
May 4, Epstein & Haines, due Aug. 7—$598·62.
June 10, " " " Sept. 13—$707·59.
1868, March 4, Freeman, McDowell & Co., due July 7—$4000.
1868, July 7, John Loutey & Co., check, due July 7—$1500.
7 2 2t*] JOSEPH LINDSEY
July 2, 1869. at Hoodbright & Co.'s.

FOURTH EDITION

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

Disastrous Storms in the West—Great Loss of Life—Indian Outrages—The Policy of the Administration Regarding Cuba—Pennsylvania and the Cabinet.

FROM THE WEST.

Bonds Protested.

ST. LOUIS, July 3.—The St. Louis county bonds protested in New York yesterday were protested for non-payment in gold. The county had plenty of currency to take them up, but gold was demanded.

Storms in the West.

A Government contractor just from Fort Sully makes the following report:—There was no rain of any account north or west of Sioux City, and but little beyond Omaha, below Council Bluffs. The damage was very great from Phelps to Craig Station or Council Bluff. The St. Joseph Railroad track is under water, and no trains have passed for four days.

A Horrible Sight.

Captain Bartte, of the steamer Mountaineer, reports that at a creek below Council Bluffs he saw twenty-seven dead bodies taken out. The bodies were mostly those of women and children, who were drowned by the sudden rise of the river and the overflow of the prairie lands. From every quarter below Kansas City reports come of loss of life and property.

The Indians are dissatisfied. They say they do not understand or like the Quakers, preferring General Harney, knowing just what they can do with him, and what to depend on. If provisions are not sent to them promptly there will be trouble.

Indian Outrages.

A despatch from Sioux City says the steamer Emelia Labarge arrived from Buford this morning, and reports Indian outrages at Grand river by the Cheyennes. The whites were greatly excited. The Indians having received no supplies, and having been repeatedly deceived, are firing into the steamboats and driving off stock, and threatening death to all whites.

Fearful Storms in Iowa.

Advices from Dubuque, Iowa, say that fearful storms passed over the lower part of Clinton county. Fences were swept away like chaff, trees were wrenched out by the roots, cattle, hogs, and poultry taken up into the air, carried a great distance, and killed. At Malone, a small station on the Northwestern Railroad, nearly every house in the village was levelled to the ground; one woman was killed and several others wounded. The damage to property is estimated at several thousand dollars.

A Colony of Swedes Engulfed.

A Kansas paper say a colony of Swedes encamped on the Kaw river, in temporary shanties, *en route* for back settlements, were suddenly engulfed by the late rising of the Kaw. The party endeavored to escape, and nineteen succeeded, while the remaining twenty were carried away and submerged in the waters.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Policy of the Administration Towards Spain and Cuba.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—After a careful inquiry in official circles, it is ascertained that there is no truth in the statement that General Sickles has been instructed to open negotiations with the Spanish Government for the purchase of Cuba. The authorities at the State Department ridicule the idea, and say that it finds no countenance from any member of the administration. The President has all along followed the advice of Secretary Fish in matters pertaining to our foreign affairs.

Mr. Fish's idea is that Cuba will come to us when we want it, and that it is therefore useless to hasten matters either by purchasing it or aiding Cubans in wresting it from Spain. This is the policy of the administration, and there is no prospect of its being abandoned.

Hon. John Covode,

Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee of your State, is expected here soon, to have an understanding with the President and Heads of Departments relative to the campaign next fall. The Pennsylvania politicians now here say that Covode will demand Hoar's place in the Cabinet for Pennsylvania.

Grant, it is given out, has already been indirectly approached on the subject. The difficulty he finds is that, even should Hoar resign, he does not know who to select so as to please all factions in Pennsylvania. This was his trouble when he selected Borie.

The Virginia Election.

The President has decided not to attend the reunion of the Army of the Potomac at New York, on Monday. In view of any emergency that might arise in connection with the Virginia election, he will remain here.

Revenue Affairs.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Solomon Pool has tendered his resignation as Assessor of Internal Revenue in the Fourth North Carolina district, to accept the Presidency of the University of North Carolina.

Instructions have been issued to the Collectors of Internal Revenue in the various cities to close their offices on Monday, provided the United States Depository in the same city with them shall be closed.

Receipts from Internal Revenue to-day were remarkably large.

Call Declined.

HUDSON, July 3.—The unanimous call to Rev. J. McClellan Holmes, of this city, by the Second Reformed Dutch Church, of Philadelphia, has been declined, Mr. Holmes having decided to retain his pastorate here.

Marine Disaster.

BOSTON, July 3.—Captain Spooner, of the ship Timour, which arrived here from Liverpool, reports that on June 29, in latitude 43 north, longitude 47·20 west, passed a vessel bottom up. He supposed her to be four or five hundred tons burthen. She was yellow metalled, and, from the appearance of her stern, judged her to have been a screw steamer, and apparently had only been a short time in that condition.

—The grain shovellers of Buffalo are fighting a labor-saving machine.

—One Cincinnati brewer pays $30,000 a year for the ice used in his business.

—New London and Norwich are connected by an "opposition" telegraph.

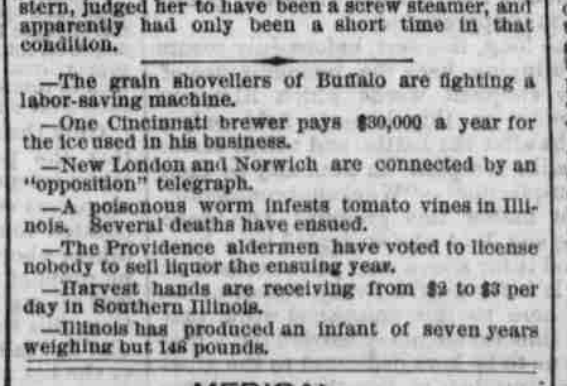
—A poisonous worm infests tomato vines in Illinois. Several deaths have ensued.

—The Providence aldermen have voted to license nobody to sell liquor the ensuing year.

—Harvest hands are receiving from $2 to $3 per day in Southern Illinois.

—Illinois has produced an infant of seven years weighing but 148 pounds.

MEDICAL.
GUILFORD SPRING WATER
NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY FOR
DYSPEPSIA, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS
RHEUMATISM, and NEURALGIA.
This is the oldest and most powerful Medicinal Spring in Vermont, and has been endorsed and prescribed by the Medical Faculty since 1817.
In diseases requiring an alterative, its action is speedy and permanent.
A descriptive pamphlet of the Spring, its cures, and the analysis of the water, can be procured gratis of the
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
JOHN WYETH & BRO.,
No. 1412 WALNUT Street.
Also for sale by CHAS. ELLIS, SON & CO., No. 1000 MARKET Street.
W. WALTER MULLEN, Chesnut Hill.
FREDERICK BROWN, FIFTH and CHESNUT Sts.
JAMES T. SHINN, BROAD and SPRUCE Streets.
O. S. HUBBELL, No. 1410 CHESNUT Street.
PECK & CO., No. 1238 CHESNUT Street.
A. B. TAALOR, No. 1015 CHESNUT St. 4 21sw3mrp



715 CHESNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.

FIFTH EDITION

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Drowned.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEWBURYPORT, July 3.—Benjamin L. Lounsbury, belonging in Norwich, Conn., was drowned in the Merrimac river, in this city, between the old and new bridges, last evening. He leaves a wife and two children.

Adjourned.

GARDINER, Me., July 3.—The Board of Managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, which has been in session at the Eastern branch, adjourned this forenoon. Major Cutler, of Augusta, Maine, has been appointed acting Governor and Purchasing Agent of Supplies of the several branches. Colonel E. T. Brown has been elected Governor, and Colonel John W. Stailes, Secretary of the Central Asylum, of Dayton, Ohio. Reports from the Northwestern branch showed that the new buildings at Milwaukee capable of accomodating 1000 men will be finished and occupied the first of next August. After the transaction of much other detail business, and making the necessary appropriations, the Board adjourned to meet at Milwaukee on the 30th of September and at Dayton, Ohio, the 2d of October.

Filibusters to be Discharged.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 3.—United States Commissioners White and Stillwell will go on board the tugs now lying off the Brooklyn Navy Yard containing the Cuban recruits, and discharge all the privates, about 135 men, on their giving their recognizances to appear for trial if wanted, and also to keep the peace. The officers will be required to give bail.

The New York Money Market.

From the Herald.

"The important announcement of the Secretary of the Treasury that he will to-day purchase three millions of Government bonds, in addition to the usual one per cent. for the sinking fund, indicates a desire on the part of that official to make amends for the contradictionary policy by which he has enabled the Wall street speculators to inaugurate a period of stringency unparalleled in our local finances, at this season certainly. Sub-Treasurer Butterfield states in the advertisement that the purchase will be for the Treasury Department, the same to be held subject to the future action of Congress. It does not interfere with or change the existing orders for the purchase of bonds on alternate Thursdays. The voice of the people will endorse what Mr. Boutwell intends doing. The Sinking Fund act was allowed to remain inoperative during the career of his predecessors; and while there can be little doubt that he has the right to cancel bonds to the extent of one per cent. per annum for the time which has elapsed since the enactment of the law, he is perhaps prudent in awaiting the full confirmation of his acts by Congress. The effect of the news was to produce great cheerfulness and a feeling that the money market must relax, especially as the purchase of bonds and the usual disbursements of the Government between the 1st and 3d inst. will liberate about six millions of the heavy currency balances in the Treasury. The opening rate for money was about an eighth. Later in the day the apprehension returned, when attention was more generally directed to the fact that the currency balance had increased to over $27,000,000 on the 1st inst. The usual amount kept in the Treasury has been eight to ten millions, so that Mr. Boutwell has suffered nearly thirty millions to accumulate idly in the Government vaults. This is virtual contraction, for it lessens the circulating medium and leaves a smaller volume of currency with which to do business. It is to be hoped that Mr. Boutwell is not a contractionist; but there are certain facts made apparent in the debt statements for the first four months or since he began his administration. Thus the legal-tender notes have been reduced $85,879, and the fractional currency $4,719,420; probably by merely not reissuing worn-out notes redeemed. The three per cent. certificates have been reduced to $5,020,000, so that the whole amount of Treasury paper available for reserve in the banks, and as the basis of bank currency and deposits, is $9,835,399 less than it was four months ago. Again, his accumulation of currency in the Treasury is excessive, as the following comparison will show. The amount each month was:—

April 1............$6,802,628 June 1..........$10,984,5..
May 1............ 7,896,564 July 1........... 37,097,8..

"It is hardly to be wondered at that the feeling later in the day became less enthusiastic and the stocks halted and became steady. The mind of Wall street is painfully confused as to the real eventuality of the present extraordinary complications of the money market, which became fitful and irregular as the day wore on, the rate on call ranging as high as three-eighths and interest, with, perhaps, some exceptional transactions at a half per cent. Commercial paper was offered at ten to twelve per cent. for prime names, but no business was done except at the higher figure.

"Monday next is a legal holiday, but there are certain provisions in the law with reference to notes falling due between to-day and Monday which should be generally known. The statute provides that when any prescribed holiday shall occur on Sunday then the ensuing day thereto shall, for all purposes whatsoever, as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and of the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, bank checks, and promissory notes, be treated and considered as is the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday. And any bill of exchange, bank check, or promissory note which, but for this act would fall due and be payable on any of the days herein mentioned, shall, when said days fall on Sunday, become due and payable on the Tuesday next succeeding such days. Under these provisions the New York banks on Monday next will hold commercial paper having days of grace and falling due on Sunday, July 4, 1869, payable on Tuesday, the 6th of July; commercial paper without day of grace, due on Sunday, July 4, 1869, will be payable on Tuesday, the 6th of July, commercial paper having days of grace, and falling due on Monday, July 5, 1869, will be payable on Saturday, the 3d of July; commercial paper without days of grace, falling due on Monday, July 5, 1868, will be payable on Tuesday, the 6th of July.

"The government market was extremely buoyant, the '67's rising a clear one per cent. upon the price of yesterday and the 62's advancing about seven eighths. Its strength was all the more remarkable that the stringency in money continued, purchasers deliberately facing the prospect of having to pay high rates to have their bonds carried and that gold declined. The secret of the rise was the proposition of the Secretary of the Treasury to buy three millions to-day, which was very favorably interpreted in Europe, the price in London rising to 81¼. The continued decline in gold and the closing activity induced a fractional reaction late in the afternoon.

"Some of the prime bankers gave the foreign exchanges a firm look by opening their rates at 109½ for sixty days bills. Under the pressure of tight money, however, and the better supply of bills, especially late in the day, when it was known by private telegrams that Five-twenties in London had gone up to 81¼, there were a great many offering at lower figures, and the market became irregular."

—During the Paris elections a card was seen in a Boulevard shop announcing, "Window to let for to-night's riot. Price, 20f."

—The Haymarket co-operative store, which started a year ago with $12,000 capital, has made $640,000 sales and $31,000 profit.

—A Paris pickpocket shouted "Vive la République!" and so got off a sentence for larceny by one of five days for the political offense.

—A Scotch churchwarden was unaccountably absent the other Sunday. He was in Paris, where he rode one of the horses for the Grand Prix.

—"Humbug Point" is the name of a new town in California.

—A child has been born in Spain on the surface of one of whose eyes is imprinted the exact resemblance of a watch dial.

—Five English gentlemen have made a velocipede match to travel the entire coast line of England, Scotland, and Wales in September.

—Wells, Fargo & Co. have 4000 letters in their White Pine office for deserters from that region.

—The Hide and Leather Dealers' Association of the United States meets at Cape May this month.

—A Dayton man heard a dog scratching at his door in the night, and taking it for a burglar, fainted forthwith.

—Opposition lines have reduced the stage fare from the Pacific Railroad to Salt Lake City to $1 and to White Pine to $5.

—The Japanese, in bringing living plants to this country, wrap the roots in a mixture of earth and carrots ground together.